



**Australian
Bureau of
Statistics**

March 1995
THE LABOUR FORCE
AUSTRALIA

In this issue -

Feature article: International Comparisons: Unemployment Rate

**New data: Persons Who Have Left the Labour Force
and
Participation in Education**

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**THE LABOUR FORCE, AUSTRALIA
MARCH 1995**

**W. McLennan
Australian Statistician**

AUSTRALIAN BUREAU OF STATISTICS

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CONTENTS

SECTION A: MONTHLY LABOUR FORCE SURVEY

	<i>Page</i>
<i>Feature article: International Comparisons: Unemployment Rate</i>	1
<i>The Labour Market in Brief — March 1995</i>	3
<i>Graphs: Principal labour force series for males, females and persons</i>	4
 <i>Tables</i>	
Labour force status of the civilian population aged 15 and over—	
1. Original series, Australia	8
2. Seasonally adjusted series, Australia	10
3. Trend series, Australia	11
4. Marital status	12
5. States and Territories	12
6. State capital cities	13
7. Australian Capital Territory	13
8. Seasonally adjusted series, States	14
9. Trend series, States and Territories	17
10. Age	21
11. Aged 15 to 19 (single years), by attendance at school or a tertiary educational institution	21
12. Aged 20 to 24 (single years), by attendance at a tertiary educational institution	22
13. Participation rates, by age and birthplace	22
14. Birthplace	23
15. Born outside Australia, by birthplace and period of arrival	24
 Employed persons—	
16. Full-time and part-time workers, by age	24
17. Hours worked	25
18. Employment/population ratios by age and marital status	25
19. Full-time workers who worked less than 35 hours, by reason	25
20. Part-time workers, whether preferred to work more hours, by age	26
21. Part-time workers, whether preferred to work more hours, by hours worked	26
 Unemployed persons—	
22. States, by age	27
23. Aged 15 to 19: duration of unemployment and school attendance	27
24. Age and whether looking for full-time or part-time work	28
25. Birthplace by age	28
26. Long-term unemployment	29
27. Duration of unemployment and age, etc.	29
28. Industry and occupation of last full-time job and duration of unemployment	30
29. Age and active steps taken to find work	30
30. Reason for unemployment	31
 Unemployed persons who had worked full time for two weeks or more in the last two years—	
31. Reason for ceasing last full-time job, by industry and occupation of last full-time job and age	31
 Persons not in the labour force—	
32. Age and marital status	32
33. Whether looking for work, etc.	32
 Gross flows—	
34. Estimates of labour force status and gross changes (flows) derived from matched records, February 1995 and March 1995	32

CONTENTS—*continued*

<i>Table</i>	<i>Page</i>
Relationship in household of the civilian population aged 15 and over—	
35. Summary table	33
36. Labour force status	34
All families, by family type—	
37. Number of family members, and labour force status	35
38. Number of children under 15 present, number of dependants present and labour force status	36
. . . Explanatory Notes	37
. . . Technical Notes	46
. . . Glossary	51

SECTION B: SUPPLEMENTARY LABOUR DATA

Supplementary and special surveys relating to the labour force	56
Persons Who Have Left the Labour Force, September 1994	
Main Features	57
Tables	61
Participation in Education, September 1994	
Main Features	68
Tables	71
Explanatory Notes	77
Glossary	79
Additional data available — Standard Data Service	81

INQUIRIES	<p><i>for further information about:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Monthly Labour Force Survey data, contact Sylvia Sajler on Canberra (06) 252 6525. • Persons Who Have Left the Labour Force, contact Jon Havelock on Canberra (06) 252 6661. • Participation in Education, contact Leo Stinson on Canberra (06) 252 7793 • Labour Force Inquiries in State ABS offices, Sydney (02) 268 4212, Melbourne (03) 615 7677, Brisbane (07) 222 6337, Perth (09) 323 5380, Adelaide (08) 237 7438, Hobart (002) 20 5840, Darwin (089) 43 2153. • <i>for information about other ABS statistics and services</i> please refer to the last page of this publication.
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International Comparisons: Unemployment Rate

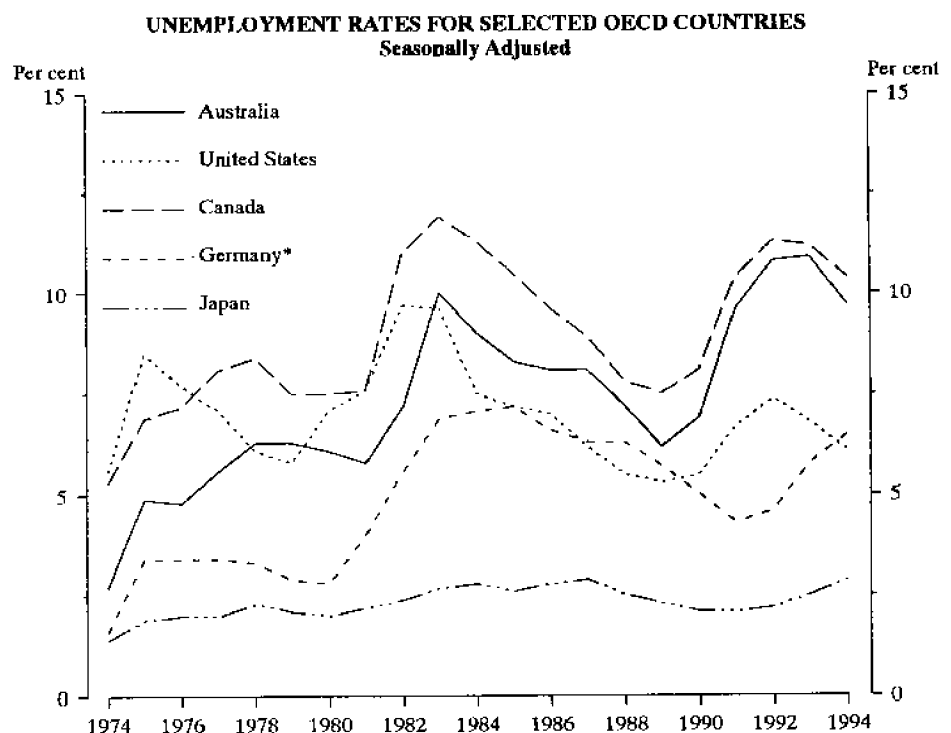
The United States Bureau of Labor Statistics produces monthly reports of standardised seasonally adjusted civilian unemployment rates for selected OECD countries including the "Group of 7". Recent monthly seasonally adjusted data for the G7 countries show that the United States, United Kingdom, Germany and Japan had lower rates of unemployment for December 1994 than that for Australia (8.9%). The lowest rate in December 1994 was recorded by Japan at 3.0 per cent and France had the highest unemployment rate of 12.3 per cent in that month.

STANDARDISED UNEMPLOYMENT RATES								
Seasonally adjusted								
1989 — 1994								
Period	Australia	Canada	France	Germany*	Italy**	Japan	UK	USA
1989	6.2	7.5	9.6	5.7	7.8	2.3	7.3	5.3
1990	6.9	8.1	9.1	5.0	7.0	2.1	6.9	5.5
1991	9.6	10.4	9.6	4.3	6.9	2.1	8.8	6.7
1992	10.8	11.3	10.4	4.6	7.3	2.2	10.0	7.4
1993	10.9	11.2	11.8	5.8	10.5	2.5	10.4	6.8
1994	9.7	10.4	12.3	6.5	11.6	2.9	9.5	6.1
October 1994	9.1	10.0	12.4	6.5	12.0	3.0	9.1	5.7
November 1994	9.3	9.6	12.3	6.4	..	2.9	9.0	5.6
December 1994	8.9	9.6	12.3	6.4	..	3.0	8.8	5.4

* Refers to western Germany (Federal Republic of Germany before the unification of Germany). ** Recent monthly data for Italy not yet available.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, March 1995.

Each of the "Group of 7" countries experienced an increase in their unemployment rates over the last five years. France, Italy and Japan have generally shown rises in their unemployment rates since 1990. Germany's unemployment rate has grown from 4.3 per cent in 1991 to 6.5 per cent in 1994. Although Japan continuously records the lowest unemployment rate among the G7 countries, it has experienced a gradual increase through the 1990's, from 2.1 per cent in 1990 to 2.9 per cent in 1994.



* Refers to western Germany (Federal Republic of Germany before the unification of Germany).

Australia, Canada, United Kingdom and The United States, while recording increases in their unemployment rates from 1990 to 1994, peaked in either 1992 or 1993, and recorded falling unemployment rates between 1993 and 1994.

Seasonally adjusted standardised labour force unemployment rates are also reported on a quarterly basis by the OECD for sixteen member countries, including Australia (see *Quarterly Labour Force Statistics, Statistics Directorate, OECD, Number 4 1994*).

For countries other than those recorded in the table above, September quarter 1994 results were as follows: Netherlands (9.5%), Belgium (10.3%), Ireland (14.7%), Finland (18.0%), Spain (23.9%) and Norway (5.2%).

Ireland's seasonally adjusted unemployment rate was 15.4 per cent in March quarter 1989, before falling to a low of 13.0 per cent in the second quarter of 1990. The rate increased over the next three years to peak at 15.9 per cent in early 1993 but has since fallen and in September 1994 stood at 14.7 per cent. Finland's rate has increased markedly over the last five years, rising from 3.7 per cent in March 1989 to 18.0 per cent in September 1994, peaking at 19.1 per cent in early 1994. Sweden has also shown significant increases over the past five years, rising from 1.4 per cent in 1989 to 8.6 per cent in 1994.

For Belgium, the seasonally adjusted unemployment rate fell throughout 1989 and 1990 to a low of 7.0 per cent in March quarter 1991. Since then, the rate has been steadily rising and in September 1994 was 10.3 per cent. The Netherlands recorded an unemployment rate of 8.8 per cent in early 1989, before falling gradually to a low of 6.5 per cent in June quarter 1992. The rate has been steadily rising since then and in September 1994 stood at 9.5 per cent. The rate for Spain was 17.7 per cent in early 1989, then fell steadily to 15.6 per cent in early 1991. The rate has been increasing since then, and peaked in June quarter 1994 at 24.1 per cent. The rate fell slightly the following quarter to 23.9 per cent.

New Zealand, which was included for the first time in the June 1994 OECD Quarterly bulletin, reported an unemployment rate of 7.4 per cent for the March 1989 quarter. After rising to a peak of 11.0 per cent in March 1992, the rate has been falling and in September 1994 was 7.8 per cent.

For further information about the data available from the Labour Force Survey conducted by the Australian Bureau of Statistics, contact Sylvia Sajler on (06) 252 6525 or any ABS office.

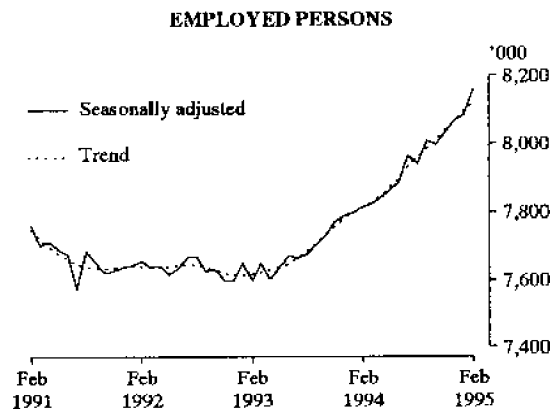
The Labour Market in Brief: March 1995

Trend estimates

The provisional trend estimate of employment rose to 8,146,100 in March 1995, 7.0 per cent higher than the January 1993 low point of 7,615,400. The trend estimate of unemployment fell slightly to 784,500 persons, the lowest level in four years. The trend estimate of the unemployment rate has been generally decreasing since early 1993 and in March 1995 stood at 8.8%, the lowest rate since February 1991. The trend estimate of the participation rate rose slightly to 63.5% in March 1995, a rise of 1.2 percentage points since the May 1993 low of 62.3%.

Employment

In March 1995, the seasonally adjusted estimate of employed persons fell by 10,800 to 8,147,400. Seasonally adjusted full-time employment fell by 28,400 to 6,136,300 while part-time employment rose by 17,500 to 2,011,100.



Unemployment

The seasonally adjusted estimate of unemployment fell by 28,500 to 772,600 in March 1995. The number of unemployed persons looking for full-time work fell by 15,900 to 620,700, with the number of unemployed males and females seeking full-time work falling to 398,600 and 222,000 respectively. The number of males looking for part-time work fell by 6,900 to 47,100 while the estimate for females fell slightly to 104,800.

Unemployment rate

The March 1995 seasonally adjusted unemployment rate actually fell by 0.3 percentage points, but because of rounding now stands at 8.7%, the lowest rate in four years. The rates for males and females stood at 8.7% and 8.6% respectively.



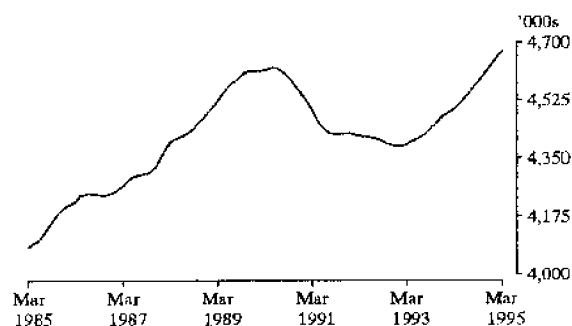
Participation Rate

The seasonally adjusted estimate of the labour force participation rate actually fell by 0.4 percentage points but due to rounding was at 63.4% in March 1995. For males, the seasonally adjusted participation rate fell by 0.5 percentage points to 73.8%, while the female participation rate fell by 0.2 percentage points to 53.3%.

EMPLOYED PERSONS: TREND SERIES

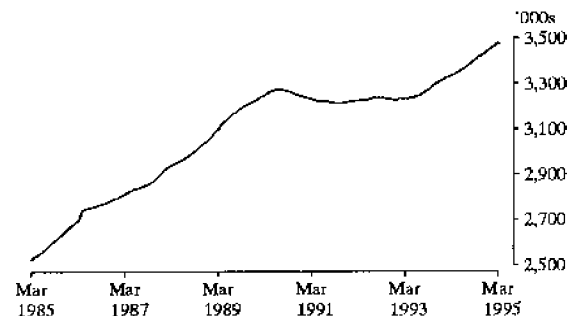
Males

After reaching a peak of 4,620,800 in May 1990, male employment fell to a low point of 4,385,000 in January 1993. Since then, the trend has been increasing and in March 1995 stood at 4,668,800, 1.0% higher than the May 1990 peak.



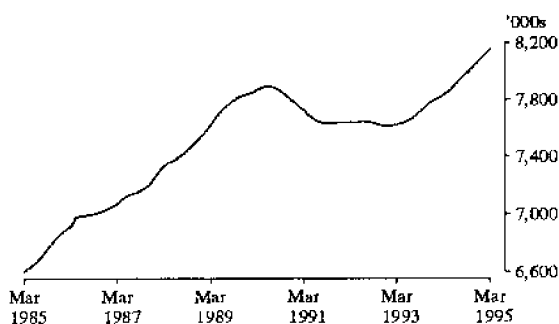
Females

Apart from a gradual fall between July 1990 and October 1991, the trend in female employment has been generally increasing. In March 1995, the trend stood at 3,477,300.



Persons

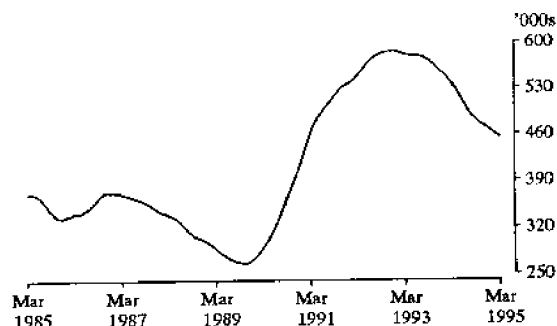
The number of persons employed in Australia rose to 7,894,700 in June 1990 before falling to 7,615,400 in January 1993. Since then the trend in employment has been increasing and in March 1995 stood at 8,146,100, 3.2% higher than the 1990 peak.



UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: TREND SERIES

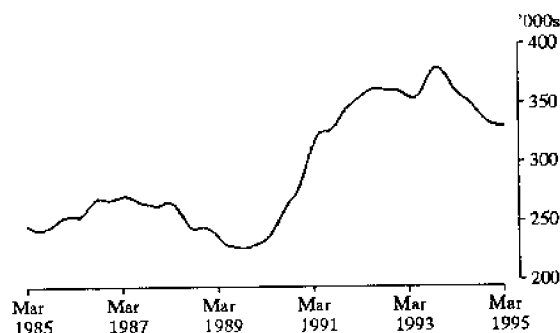
Males

After reaching a peak of 585,100 in December 1992, trend estimates of the number of unemployed males have been falling and in March 1995 stood at 454,100, 22.4% lower than 1992 peak.



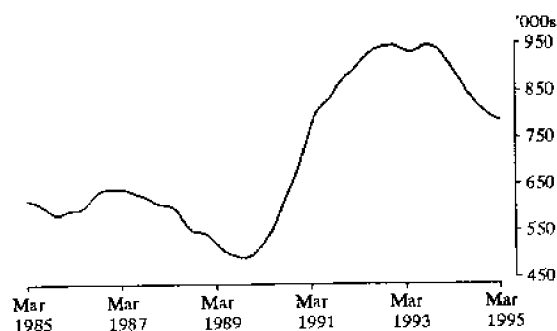
Females

From a low-point of 226,800 in September and October 1989, the trend estimate of unemployed females reached a peak of 379,200 in October 1993. Since then the trend estimates of the number of unemployed females have been falling and in March 1995 stood at 330,400, the lowest level since August 1991.



Persons

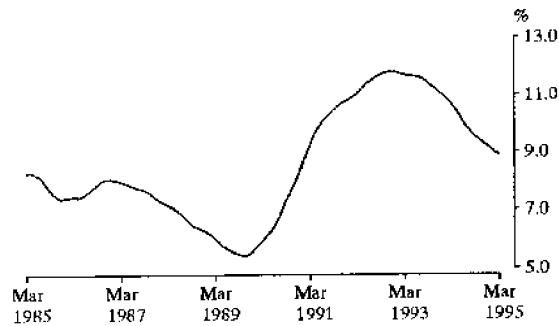
From a low point of 491,500 in October 1989, trend estimates of unemployment rose to a peak of 947,200 in September 1993. The trend has been falling since then and in March 1995 stood at 784,500, the lowest level recorded since March 1991.



UNEMPLOYMENT RATE: TREND SERIES

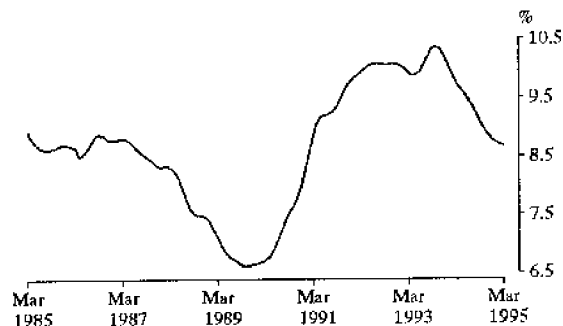
Males

After falling to a low of 5.4% in November 1989 the trend unemployment rate for males reached a peak of 11.8% between November 1992 and January 1993. The trend rate has been falling since then, and in March 1995 stood at 8.9%, which is 2.9 percentage points lower than the peak recorded two years ago.



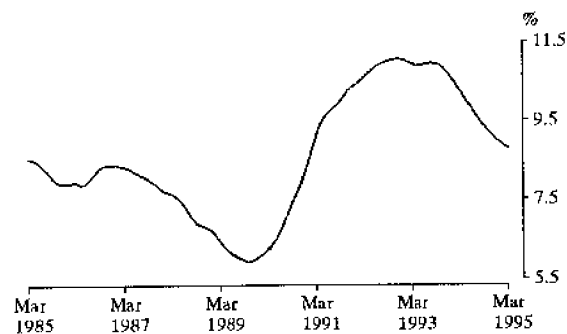
Females

From a low-point of 6.6% from September to December 1989 the trend unemployment rate for females reached a peak of 10.3% between September and November 1993. The trend rate has been falling since then, and in March 1995 stood at 8.7%, which is 1.6 percentage points lower than the peak recorded just under two years ago.



Persons

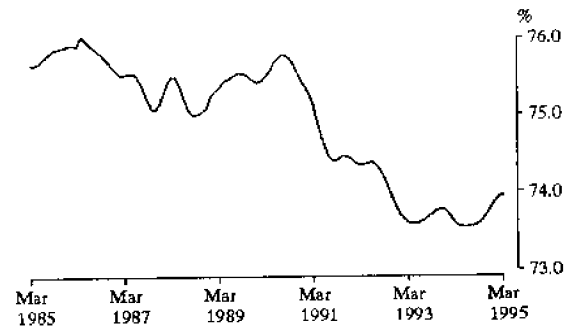
After reaching a low-point of 5.9% from September to November 1989, the trend unemployment rate rose to a peak of 11.1% in December 1992. Since then, the trend has been falling and stood at 8.8% in March 1995.



PARTICIPATION RATE: TREND SERIES

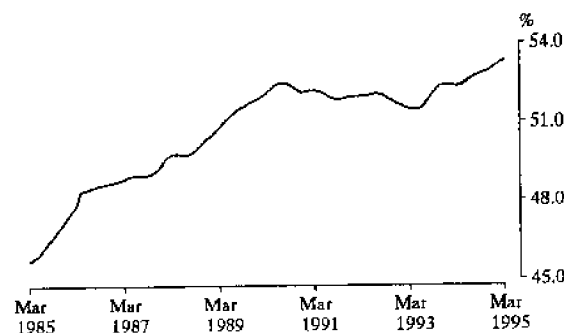
Males

From 75.8% recorded in July and August 1990, the trend participation rate for males fell to 73.6% in February 1993. After a small increase, it reached a low of 73.5% in May and June 1994. Since then, the trend rate has risen and in March 1995 stood at 74.0%



Females

The trend female participation rate rose to 52.5% from June to August 1990. After falling slightly to 51.4% in April and May 1993, the trend has increased to reach 53.3% in March 1995.



Persons

The trend participation rate reached a peak of 64.0% in July and August 1990, and then fell to 62.3% in April and May 1993. Apart from a brief period of decrease at the beginning of 1994, the trend participation rate has since increased and in March 1995 stood at 63.5%.

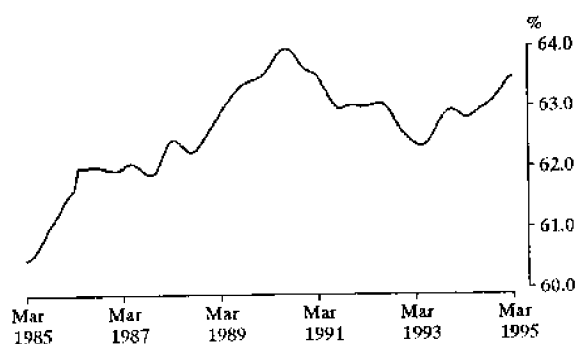


TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER

Month	TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER											
	Employed			Unemployed				Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15 and over	Unemployment rate - per	Participation rate - cent -
				Looking for full-time work		Looking for part-time work - '000 -	Total					
				Aged 15-19 looking for first job	Total							
	Full-time workers	Part-time workers	Total	first job	Total							
MALES												
1994 —												
January	3,995.3	453.5	4,448.8	45.7	537.6	55.8	593.4	5,042.2	1,779.3	6,821.5	11.8	73.9
February	4,009.4	451.2	4,460.6	41.9	538.7	53.2	591.9	5,052.5	1,776.2	6,828.7	11.7	74.0
March	4,003.3	485.7	4,488.9	34.6	497.9	63.0	560.9	5,049.9	1,786.0	6,835.9	11.1	73.9
April	4,022.4	478.2	4,500.6	34.1	478.7	44.7	523.4	5,024.0	1,818.5	6,842.5	10.4	73.4
May	4,041.4	473.0	4,514.4	29.7	465.5	45.3	510.9	5,025.3	1,823.8	6,849.1	10.2	73.4
June	4,053.4	481.4	4,534.8	30.3	450.5	48.2	498.7	5,033.5	1,822.2	6,855.7	9.9	73.4
July	4,095.4	490.4	4,585.7	24.9	422.0	45.8	467.8	5,053.5	1,809.5	6,863.1	9.3	73.6
August	4,039.6	496.2	4,535.8	23.4	427.8	45.0	472.8	5,008.6	1,861.8	6,870.5	9.4	72.9
September	4,117.2	489.4	4,606.6	25.5	425.9	58.3	484.2	5,090.8	1,787.1	6,877.9	9.5	74.0
October	4,094.1	516.2	4,610.3	23.9	395.5	44.6	440.2	5,050.5	1,834.8	6,885.3	8.7	73.4
November	4,092.5	493.9	4,586.4	25.2	405.5	47.6	453.1	5,039.5	1,853.2	6,892.8	9.0	73.1
December	4,162.0	510.3	4,672.3	39.4	418.5	51.1	469.7	5,142.0	1,758.2	6,900.2	9.1	74.5
1995 —												
January	4,111.6	484.2	4,595.8	39.6	454.8	57.8	512.6	5,108.4	1,800.8	6,909.2	10.0	73.9
February	4,165.9	488.4	4,654.3	30.7	440.4	60.2	500.6	5,154.9	1,763.3	6,918.2	9.7	74.5
March	4,145.0	519.3	4,664.3	24.2	404.6	56.3	460.9	5,125.2	1,802.0	6,927.2	9.0	74.0
Standard error of —												
March 1995 estimates	19.7	9.1	20.5	2.4	8.3	3.6	8.7	21.2	14.7	..	0.2	0.3
Feb 95 to Mar 95 movements	15.0	6.9	15.7	2.4	6.5	3.1	6.8	16.3	11.0	..	0.1	0.2
MARRIED FEMALES												
1994 —												
January	1,076.5	856.8	1,933.3	* 1.0	92.8	37.7	130.5	2,063.8	2,014.8	4,078.6	6.3	50.6
February	1,098.2	911.3	2,009.5	* 1.4	111.3	53.5	164.8	2,174.4	1,915.8	4,090.2	7.6	53.2
March	1,105.0	943.9	2,048.9	* 1.6	99.5	46.5	146.0	2,194.9	1,906.2	4,101.1	6.7	53.5
April	1,099.8	946.4	2,046.2	* 1.5	97.4	46.5	143.8	2,190.1	1,941.1	4,131.2	6.6	53.0
May	1,118.6	968.9	2,087.5	* 2.3	98.1	40.1	138.2	2,225.7	1,925.3	4,151.0	6.2	53.6
June	1,117.9	958.4	2,076.3	* 1.8	97.8	41.4	139.2	2,215.5	1,932.1	4,147.7	6.3	53.4
July	1,127.0	968.8	2,095.8	* 1.3	85.2	47.0	132.2	2,227.9	1,913.1	4,141.0	5.9	53.8
August	1,116.3	970.1	2,086.4	* 1.8	84.8	42.6	127.4	2,213.8	1,931.5	4,145.4	5.8	53.4
September	1,151.0	1,007.2	2,158.2	* 2.1	87.2	52.6	139.8	2,298.1	1,854.1	4,152.2	6.1	55.3
October	1,133.5	966.5	2,100.0	* 1.4	80.0	41.0	120.9	2,220.9	1,920.6	4,141.5	5.4	53.6
November	1,129.0	974.7	2,103.8	* 1.1	75.8	47.8	123.6	2,227.3	1,907.3	4,134.7	5.5	53.9
December	1,130.6	965.7	2,096.2	* 0.7	73.4	43.8	117.2	2,213.4	1,911.4	4,124.8	5.3	53.7
1995 —												
January	1,098.9	907.2	2,006.1	* 0.9	75.2	35.4	110.6	2,116.6	2,017.8	4,134.4	5.2	51.2
February	1,125.5	958.4	2,083.9	* 1.4	86.7	57.8	144.5	2,228.4	1,903.3	4,131.8	6.5	53.9
March	1,128.3	1,007.8	2,136.1	* 1.8	84.0	51.9	135.9	2,272.0	1,876.5	4,148.6	6.0	54.8
Standard error of —												
March 1995 estimates	12.3	11.8	15.6	0.7	4.3	3.4	5.3	16.0	14.9	..	0.2	0.4
Feb 95 to Mar 95 movements	9.2	8.8	11.7	0.8	3.5	3.0	4.3	12.0	11.2	..	0.2	0.3

TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER—continued

TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER—Continued												
Month	Employed			Unemployed				Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15 and over	Unemployment rate - per	Participation rate - cent -
				Looking for full-time work		Looking for part-time work						
	Full-time workers	Part-time workers	Total	Aged 15-19 looking for first job	Total	Total	Total					
ALL FEMALES												
1994 —												
January	1,929.9	1,297.2	3,227.1	44.1	286.3	100.4	386.7	3,613.8	3,425.1	7,038.9	10.7	51.3
February	1,940.3	1,351.2	3,291.5	37.8	296.5	118.5	415.0	3,706.6	3,339.2	7,045.7	11.2	52.6
March	1,936.9	1,412.4	3,349.3	33.3	269.7	118.6	388.3	3,737.5	3,315.1	7,052.7	10.4	53.0
April	1,909.1	1,425.8	3,334.9	27.8	252.0	107.8	359.8	3,694.7	3,365.0	7,059.7	9.7	52.3
May	1,922.6	1,442.2	3,364.8	28.3	238.6	100.4	339.0	3,703.8	3,363.0	7,066.8	9.2	52.4
June	1,937.1	1,420.9	3,357.9	25.8	240.2	100.3	340.5	3,698.4	3,375.4	7,073.9	9.2	52.3
July	1,962.7	1,436.5	3,399.2	23.3	234.2	101.8	336.1	3,735.3	3,346.1	7,081.5	9.0	52.7
August	1,922.2	1,427.7	3,349.9	26.5	228.4	96.6	325.0	3,674.9	3,414.2	7,089.1	8.8	51.8
September	1,998.9	1,481.9	3,480.8	24.6	226.1	120.4	346.5	3,827.3	3,269.3	7,096.7	9.1	53.9
October	1,984.1	1,440.4	3,424.5	21.4	213.1	100.0	313.1	3,737.6	3,366.5	7,104.1	8.4	52.6
November	1,984.2	1,454.6	3,438.7	23.1	210.5	100.5	311.0	3,749.7	3,361.7	7,111.5	8.3	52.7
December	2,017.1	1,466.8	3,483.9	33.6	234.9	103.0	337.9	3,821.8	3,297.0	7,118.9	8.8	53.7
1995 —												
January	1,969.9	1,387.8	3,357.6	34.2	244.9	96.2	341.1	3,698.7	3,428.6	7,127.3	9.2	51.9
February	1,993.6	1,442.2	3,435.9	36.9	260.8	124.8	385.6	3,821.4	3,314.3	7,135.7	10.1	53.6
March	1,982.4	1,517.9	3,500.3	25.3	231.3	123.5	354.8	3,855.1	3,289.1	7,144.2	9.2	54.0
Standard error of —												
March 1995 estimates	15.2	13.8	18.6	2.5	6.6	5.0	7.8	19.2	18.2	..	0.2	0.3
Feb 95 to Mar 95 movements	11.4	10.3	14.1	2.6	5.3	4.0	6.2	14.6	13.8	..	0.2	0.2
PERSONS												
1994 —												
January	5,925.2	1,750.7	7,675.9	89.8	823.9	156.2	980.1	8,656.0	5,204.4	13,860.4	11.3	62.5
February	5,949.7	1,802.4	7,752.1	79.7	835.2	171.7	1,006.9	8,759.0	5,115.4	13,874.4	11.5	63.1
March	5,940.1	1,898.1	7,838.2	67.9	767.6	181.6	949.2	8,787.4	5,101.1	13,888.5	10.8	63.3
April	5,931.5	1,904.0	7,835.5	61.8	730.7	152.5	883.2	8,718.7	5,183.5	13,902.2	10.1	62.7
May	5,964.0	1,915.2	7,879.2	58.0	704.2	145.7	849.9	8,729.1	5,186.8	13,915.9	9.7	62.7
June	5,990.4	1,902.3	7,892.7	56.1	690.7	148.5	839.2	8,731.9	5,197.7	13,929.6	9.6	62.7
July	6,058.1	1,926.9	7,985.0	48.2	656.2	147.7	803.9	8,788.9	5,155.7	13,944.5	9.1	63.0
August	5,961.7	1,923.9	7,885.7	50.0	656.3	141.6	797.9	8,683.5	5,276.0	13,959.5	9.2	62.2
September	6,116.1	1,971.3	8,087.4	50.1	652.1	178.7	830.8	8,918.1	5,056.4	13,974.6	9.3	63.8
October	6,078.2	1,956.6	8,034.8	45.3	608.7	144.6	753.3	8,788.1	5,201.3	13,989.4	8.6	62.8
November	6,076.7	1,948.5	8,025.1	48.3	616.0	148.1	764.1	8,789.3	5,214.9	14,004.2	8.7	62.8
December	6,179.2	1,977.1	8,156.2	73.1	653.5	154.1	807.6	8,963.8	5,055.2	14,019.1	9.0	63.9
1995 —												
January	6,081.4	1,872.0	7,953.4	73.8	699.7	154.0	853.7	8,807.1	5,229.4	14,036.5	9.7	62.7
February	6,159.5	1,930.7	8,090.1	67.5	701.2	184.9	886.2	8,976.3	5,077.6	14,053.9	9.9	63.9
March	6,127.4	2,037.2	8,164.6	49.5	635.8	179.9	815.7	8,980.3	5,091.1	14,071.4	9.1	63.8
Standard error of —												
March 1995 estimates	22.5	15.3	24.8	3.4	9.9	5.9	10.9	25.6	21.2	..	0.1	0.2
Feb 95 to Mar 95 movements	17.4	11.5	19.3	3.2	7.7	4.7	8.4	20.0	16.2	..	0.1	0.1

TABLE 2. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES

Month				Unemployed				Labour force	Unemployment rate - per	Participation rate - cent -
				Looking for full-time work						
				Aged 15-19 looking for first job	Total	Looking for part-time work	Total			
	Employed									
	Full-time workers	Part-time workers	Total		'000 -					
MALES										
1994 —										
January	4,005.6	480.1	4,485.7	31.7	494.7	50.2	544.9	5,030.6	10.8	73.7
February	4,014.8	468.1	4,482.9	33.1	498.9	47.7	546.6	5,029.6	10.9	73.7
March	4,016.9	472.3	4,489.2	34.7	490.9	52.8	543.7	5,032.9	10.8	73.6
April	4,035.8	469.9	4,505.7	36.2	482.2	43.0	525.2	5,030.9	10.4	73.5
May	4,049.0	467.5	4,516.5	33.6	466.6	46.4	513.0	5,029.4	10.2	73.4
June	4,059.3	472.3	4,531.7	38.7	461.2	54.0	515.2	5,046.9	10.2	73.6
July	4,078.5	488.0	4,566.5	30.9	433.7	52.1	485.8	5,052.3	9.6	73.6
August	4,073.6	493.0	4,566.6	27.3	433.7	51.4	485.1	5,051.7	9.6	73.5
September	4,107.9	472.7	4,580.6	28.8	433.6	55.9	489.5	5,070.1	9.7	73.7
October	4,073.4	512.1	4,585.4	29.1	421.4	48.5	469.9	5,055.3	9.3	73.4
November	4,103.2	503.5	4,606.8	27.9	422.9	56.1	479.0	5,085.8	9.4	73.8
December	4,106.0	521.5	4,627.5	27.9	412.7	46.5	459.2	5,086.8	9.0	73.7
1995 —										
January	4,121.3	512.0	4,633.4	27.8	418.2	51.8	470.1	5,103.4	9.2	73.9
February	4,171.7	506.5	4,678.2	24.2	408.2	54.0	462.2	5,140.5	9.0	74.3
March	4,159.6	504.6	4,664.2	24.2	398.6	47.1	445.8	5,110.0	8.7	73.8
MARRIED FEMALES										
1994 —										
January	1,083.3	935.4	2,018.7	n.a.	92.8	45.2	138.0	2,156.7	6.4	52.9
February	1,104.1	933.8	2,037.9	n.a.	97.4	45.6	143.0	2,180.8	6.6	53.3
March	1,100.8	936.7	2,037.5	n.a.	94.6	39.8	134.4	2,171.9	6.2	53.0
April	1,111.8	940.7	2,052.4	n.a.	92.1	44.9	137.1	2,189.5	6.3	53.0
May	1,121.5	948.3	2,069.8	n.a.	92.8	42.7	135.5	2,205.3	6.1	53.1
June	1,125.5	940.8	2,066.3	n.a.	95.3	42.7	138.0	2,204.3	6.3	53.1
July	1,130.3	960.8	2,091.1	n.a.	88.1	48.2	136.3	2,227.4	6.1	53.8
August	1,131.4	957.5	2,088.9	n.a.	92.2	46.4	138.5	2,227.5	6.2	53.7
September	1,137.2	971.0	2,108.2	n.a.	89.3	47.6	137.0	2,245.1	6.1	54.1
October	1,124.2	967.5	2,091.6	n.a.	84.5	43.2	127.8	2,219.4	5.8	53.6
November	1,120.2	966.1	2,086.3	n.a.	82.7	49.8	132.5	2,218.9	6.0	53.7
December	1,113.4	978.3	2,091.7	n.a.	77.8	44.7	122.5	2,214.2	5.5	53.7
1995 —										
January	1,105.9	989.5	2,095.4	n.a.	75.4	42.4	117.7	2,213.1	5.3	53.5
February	1,131.4	982.6	2,114.0	n.a.	75.9	49.3	125.2	2,239.1	5.6	54.2
March	1,124.0	1,000.1	2,124.1	n.a.	79.9	44.5	124.4	2,248.5	5.5	54.2
ALL FEMALES										
1994 —										
January	1,912.8	1,400.6	3,313.4	31.1	262.9	107.4	370.4	3,683.8	10.1	52.3
February	1,940.1	1,392.7	3,332.8	28.9	259.9	105.0	364.9	3,697.7	9.9	52.5
March	1,931.5	1,401.8	3,333.3	31.4	258.8	100.3	359.1	3,692.4	9.7	52.4
April	1,927.1	1,408.9	3,336.0	30.3	252.1	106.6	358.7	3,694.7	9.7	52.3
May	1,933.3	1,415.1	3,348.4	30.3	243.8	106.1	349.8	3,698.2	9.5	52.3
June	1,950.5	1,405.8	3,356.3	28.6	247.6	106.5	354.1	3,710.4	9.5	52.5
July	1,956.0	1,442.9	3,398.9	28.1	241.9	111.7	353.6	3,752.6	9.4	53.0
August	1,960.2	1,413.9	3,374.1	32.0	242.0	104.7	346.7	3,720.8	9.3	52.5
September	1,992.1	1,435.7	3,427.8	31.2	232.5	107.4	339.9	3,767.7	9.0	53.1
October	1,980.7	1,431.8	3,412.5	27.8	229.2	103.8	333.0	3,745.6	8.9	52.7
November	1,986.8	1,438.5	3,425.3	27.5	226.5	106.8	333.4	3,758.7	8.9	52.9
December	1,973.4	1,467.8	3,441.2	24.1	227.2	103.0	330.1	3,771.3	8.8	53.0
1995 —										
January	1,952.3	1,497.3	3,449.6	24.0	225.2	103.3	328.5	3,778.1	8.7	53.0
February	1,993.0	1,487.0	3,480.0	28.2	228.3	110.5	338.8	3,818.8	8.9	53.5
March	1,976.6	1,506.5	3,483.1	23.8	222.0	104.8	326.8	3,809.9	8.6	53.3
PERSONS										
1994 —										
January	5,918.4	1,880.7	7,799.1	62.7	757.7	157.6	915.3	8,714.4	10.5	62.9
February	5,954.9	1,860.9	7,815.8	62.0	758.8	152.7	911.6	8,727.3	10.4	62.9
March	5,948.4	1,874.1	7,822.5	66.1	749.7	153.1	902.8	8,725.3	10.3	62.8
April	5,962.8	1,878.8	7,841.7	66.6	734.3	149.6	883.9	8,725.5	10.1	62.8
May	5,982.3	1,882.6	7,864.8	63.9	710.3	152.5	862.8	8,727.6	9.9	62.7
June	6,009.8	1,878.1	7,887.9	67.3	708.9	160.5	869.4	8,757.3	9.9	62.9
July	6,034.5	1,930.9	7,965.4	58.9	675.6	163.8	839.4	8,804.8	9.5	63.1
August	6,033.8	1,906.9	7,940.7	59.3	675.7	156.1	831.7	8,772.5	9.5	62.8
September	6,100.0	1,908.4	8,008.4	60.0	666.1	163.2	829.3	8,837.7	9.4	63.2
October	6,054.1	1,943.9	7,998.0	56.9	650.6	152.3	802.9	8,800.9	9.1	62.9
November	6,090.1	1,942.0	8,032.1	55.4	649.4	163.0	812.4	8,844.5	9.2	63.2
December	6,079.4	1,989.4	8,068.7	51.9	639.9	149.5	789.4	8,858.1	8.9	63.2
1995 —										
January	6,073.6	2,009.4	8,083.0	51.8	643.4	155.1	798.6	8,881.5	9.0	63.3
February	6,164.7	1,993.6	8,158.2	52.4	636.6	164.5	801.1	8,959.3	8.9	63.7
March	6,136.3	2,011.1	8,147.4	48.0	620.7	151.9	772.6	8,919.9	8.7	63.4

TABLE 3. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE: TREND SERIES

TABLE 3. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE: TREND SERIES										
Month				Unemployed				Labour force	Unemp- loyment rate - per -	Partic- ipation rate cent -
	Employed		Total	Looking for full-time work		Looking for part- time work	Total			
	Full-time workers	Part-time workers		Aged 15-19 looking for first job	Total - '000 -					
MALES										
1994 —										
January	4,012.3	468.1	4,480.4	32.6	501.6	48.5	550.1	5,030.5	10.9	73.7
February	4,017.7	469.6	4,487.3	33.5	495.6	48.1	543.7	5,031.0	10.8	73.7
March	4,024.5	470.6	4,495.2	34.5	488.1	48.0	536.1	5,031.3	10.7	73.6
April	4,034.6	471.5	4,506.1	35.1	478.7	48.4	527.1	5,033.2	10.5	73.6
May	4,047.3	472.9	4,520.2	34.9	467.6	49.2	516.8	5,037.0	10.3	73.5
June	4,060.5	475.6	4,536.1	33.8	455.8	50.3	506.2	5,042.2	10.0	73.5
July	4,071.8	480.1	4,551.9	32.2	444.7	51.5	496.2	5,048.1	9.8	73.6
August	4,079.7	486.6	4,566.3	30.5	435.4	52.4	487.8	5,054.1	9.7	73.6
September r	4,085.8	494.0	4,579.8	29.2	428.8	52.7	481.5	5,061.3	9.5	73.6
October r	4,092.8	500.9	4,593.7	28.4	424.2	52.4	476.6	5,070.4	9.4	73.6
November r	4,102.7	506.1	4,608.9	27.8	420.5	51.8	472.3	5,081.2	9.3	73.7
December r	4,115.7	509.5	4,625.2	27.3	416.6	51.3	468.0	5,093.2	9.2	73.8
1995 —										
January r	4,130.4	511.3	4,641.7	26.6	412.3	50.9	463.2	5,104.9	9.1	73.9
February r	4,145.1	511.7	4,656.7	25.7	408.0	50.4	458.4	5,115.2	9.0	73.9
March	4,157.2	511.6	4,668.8	24.8	404.2	49.9	454.1	5,122.9	8.9	74.0
MARRIED FEMALES (a)										
1994 —										
January	1,090.0	934.9	2,024.9	n.a.	98.7	46.2	144.9	2,169.8	6.7	53.2
February	1,097.4	936.0	2,033.3	n.a.	96.1	44.5	140.6	2,173.9	6.5	53.1
March	1,104.8	937.6	2,042.4	n.a.	94.2	43.3	137.5	2,179.9	6.3	53.0
April	1,112.4	940.4	2,052.8	n.a.	93.2	43.0	136.2	2,189.0	6.2	53.1
May	1,119.8	944.6	2,064.4	n.a.	92.9	43.6	136.5	2,200.9	6.2	53.2
June	1,126.0	949.7	2,075.7	n.a.	92.5	44.5	137.1	2,212.8	6.2	53.4
July	1,130.2	954.8	2,085.0	n.a.	91.6	45.6	137.2	2,222.1	6.2	53.6
August	1,131.2	959.7	2,090.9	n.a.	90.1	46.3	136.3	2,227.3	6.1	53.7
September r	1,129.1	964.3	2,093.4	n.a.	87.8	46.6	134.3	2,227.7	6.0	53.8
October r	1,125.1	968.6	2,093.8	n.a.	84.9	46.4	131.3	2,225.1	5.9	53.7
November r	1,121.3	973.2	2,094.5	n.a.	82.0	46.1	128.1	2,222.7	5.8	53.7
December r	1,118.9	978.1	2,097.0	n.a.	79.6	45.8	125.4	2,222.4	5.6	53.8
1995 —										
January r	1,118.1	983.4	2,101.5	n.a.	77.8	45.7	123.5	2,225.0	5.5	53.8
February r	1,118.6	988.7	2,107.2	n.a.	76.5	45.6	122.2	2,229.4	5.5	53.9
March	1,119.7	992.9	2,112.5	n.a.	76.0	45.5	121.5	2,234.1	5.4	54.0
ALL FEMALES										
1994 —										
January	1,923.8	1,394.6	3,318.4	31.1	265.2	106.0	371.1	3,689.5	10.1	52.4
February	1,927.4	1,398.4	3,325.8	30.7	260.1	105.3	365.4	3,691.1	9.9	52.4
March	1,930.1	1,402.6	3,332.7	30.3	255.7	104.9	360.5	3,693.3	9.8	52.4
April	1,933.6	1,407.5	3,341.0	30.0	252.0	105.2	357.2	3,698.2	9.7	52.4
May	1,939.2	1,412.7	3,351.9	29.9	248.8	106.1	354.9	3,706.8	9.6	52.5
June	1,947.5	1,417.5	3,365.0	30.0	245.4	107.0	352.4	3,717.4	9.5	52.6
July	1,958.3	1,421.1	3,379.4	30.1	241.7	107.4	349.1	3,728.5	9.4	52.7
August	1,968.5	1,424.9	3,393.4	29.8	237.9	107.2	345.1	3,738.5	9.2	52.7
September r	1,976.0	1,430.4	3,406.5	29.2	234.2	106.4	340.6	3,747.1	9.1	52.8
October r	1,979.1	1,439.3	3,418.4	28.3	231.0	105.5	336.6	3,755.0	9.0	52.9
November r	1,978.9	1,451.4	3,430.2	27.3	228.5	105.1	333.6	3,763.9	8.9	52.9
December r	1,977.4	1,465.4	3,442.8	26.2	226.8	105.1	331.9	3,774.7	8.8	53.0
1995 —										
January r	1,976.1	1,479.7	3,455.8	25.4	225.6	105.4	331.0	3,786.8	8.7	53.1
February r	1,975.6	1,492.9	3,468.4	24.8	224.7	105.8	330.5	3,799.0	8.7	53.2
March	1,974.5	1,502.8	3,477.3	24.6	224.3	106.1	330.4	3,807.7	8.7	53.3
PERSONS										
1994 —										
January	5,936.1	1,862.7	7,798.8	63.7	766.8	154.4	921.2	8,720.0	10.6	62.9
February	5,945.1	1,868.0	7,813.1	64.2	755.7	153.4	909.1	8,722.1	10.4	62.9
March	5,954.7	1,873.2	7,827.9	64.8	743.7	152.9	896.6	8,724.5	10.3	62.8
April	5,968.2	1,879.0	7,847.2	65.1	730.7	153.6	884.3	8,731.4	10.1	62.8
May	5,986.5	1,885.7	7,872.1	64.8	716.4	155.3	871.7	8,743.8	10.0	62.8
June	6,007.9	1,893.1	7,901.0	63.8	701.2	157.3	858.6	8,759.6	9.8	62.9
July	6,030.1	1,901.2	7,931.3	62.2	686.4	159.0	845.4	8,776.7	9.6	62.9
August	6,048.2	1,911.6	7,959.7	60.3	673.3	159.6	832.9	8,792.6	9.5	63.0
September r	6,061.8	1,924.4	7,986.3	58.4	663.0	159.1	822.1	8,808.4	9.3	63.0
October r	6,071.9	1,940.2	8,012.1	56.7	655.3	158.0	813.2	8,825.4	9.2	63.1
November r	6,081.6	1,957.5	8,039.1	55.1	649.0	156.9	805.9	8,845.0	9.1	63.2
December r	6,093.1	1,974.9	8,068.0	53.5	643.4	156.4	799.9	8,867.9	9.0	63.3
1995 —										
January r	6,106.6	1,990.9	8,097.5	52.0	637.9	156.3	794.2	8,891.7	8.9	63.3
February r	6,120.7	2,004.5	8,125.2	50.6	632.7	156.3	788.9	8,914.1	8.9	63.4
March	6,131.7	2,014.4	8,146.1	49.4	628.6	155.9	784.5	8,930.6	8.8	63.5

(a) See Explanatory Notes, Paragraph 30.

TABLE 4. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER:
MARITAL STATUS, MARCH 1995

	Employed		Total	Unemployed		Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15 and over	Unemployment rate - per cent -	Participation rate
	Full-time workers	Part-time workers		Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work - '000 -						
Males	4,145.0	519.3	4,664.3	404.6	56.3	460.9	5,125.2	1,802.0	6,927.2	9.0	74.0
Married	2,796.5	199.9	2,996.4	177.1	10.2	187.3	3,183.7	1,005.0	4,188.7	5.9	76.0
Not married	1,348.5	319.4	1,667.9	227.4	46.2	273.6	1,941.5	797.0	2,738.5	14.1	70.9
Females	1,982.4	1,517.9	3,500.3	231.3	123.5	354.8	3,855.1	3,289.1	7,144.2	9.2	54.0
Married	1,128.3	1,007.8	2,136.1	84.0	51.9	135.9	2,272.0	1,876.5	4,148.6	6.0	54.8
Not married	854.1	510.0	1,364.2	147.3	71.6	218.9	1,583.1	1,412.6	2,995.6	13.8	52.8
Persons	6,127.4	2,037.2	8,164.6	635.8	179.9	815.7	8,980.3	5,091.1	14,071.4	9.1	63.8

TABLE 5. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER:
STATES AND TERRITORIES, MARCH 1995

STATES AND TERRITORIES, MARCH 1955											
State or Territory	Employed		Total	Unemployed		Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15 and over	Unemployment rate - per cent -	Participation rate
	Full-time workers	Part-time workers		Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work - '000 -						
MALES											
New South Wales	1,400.0	160.8	1,560.8	127.9	19.0	146.9	1,707.7	641.5	2,349.3	8.6	72.7
Victoria	1,037.9	132.4	1,170.3	103.1	13.7	116.8	1,287.2	446.9	1,734.0	9.1	74.2
Queensland	756.6	95.2	851.8	77.5	10.8	88.3	940.1	310.3	1,250.4	9.4	75.2
South Australia	317.8	47.8	365.6	38.9	4.8	43.7	409.3	165.1	574.4	10.7	71.3
Western Australia	419.1	53.7	472.8	34.8	4.7	39.5	512.2	151.4	663.7	7.7	77.2
Tasmania	101.2	13.5	114.7	12.7	* 1.0	13.8	128.5	51.9	180.4	10.7	71.2
Northern Territory	40.4	5.4	45.8	3.5	* 0.5	3.9	49.8	12.8	62.6	7.9	79.6
Australian Capital Territory	72.0	10.5	82.5	6.1	1.9	8.0	90.5	22.0	112.5	8.8	80.5
Australia	4,145.0	519.3	4,664.3	404.6	56.3	460.9	5,125.2	1,802.0	6,927.2	9.0	74.0
FEMALES											
New South Wales	679.3	472.9	1,152.2	70.5	41.3	111.8	1,264.0	1,169.1	2,433.1	8.8	51.9
Victoria	491.2	384.9	876.2	62.1	32.7	94.8	971.0	838.0	1,809.0	9.8	53.7
Queensland	361.1	284.6	645.6	46.8	24.1	70.9	716.5	557.6	1,274.1	9.9	56.2
South Australia	151.5	130.7	282.2	21.6	8.8	30.4	312.5	282.6	595.2	9.7	52.5
Western Australia	186.2	164.8	351.1	19.6	10.5	30.1	381.2	288.4	669.6	7.9	56.9
Tasmania	45.2	39.9	85.2	5.7	2.9	8.6	93.8	92.8	186.6	9.2	50.3
Northern Territory	25.6	11.3	36.9	1.8	* 0.8	2.6	39.5	20.3	59.8	6.5	66.1
Australian Capital Territory	42.2	28.7	70.9	3.3	2.5	5.7	76.7	40.3	116.9	7.5	65.6
Australia	1,982.4	1,517.9	3,500.3	231.3	123.5	354.8	3,855.1	3,289.1	7,144.2	9.2	54.0
PERSONS											
New South Wales	2,079.3	633.7	2,713.0	198.5	60.2	258.7	2,971.7	1,810.7	4,782.4	8.7	62.1
Victoria	1,529.2	517.3	2,046.5	165.2	46.4	211.6	2,258.1	1,284.9	3,543.0	9.4	63.7
Queensland	1,117.6	379.7	1,497.4	124.3	34.9	159.2	1,656.6	867.9	2,524.5	9.6	65.6
South Australia	469.3	178.5	647.8	60.4	13.6	74.0	721.8	447.8	1,169.6	10.3	61.7
Western Australia	605.3	218.6	823.9	54.4	15.2	69.5	893.4	439.9	1,333.3	7.8	67.0
Tasmania	146.4	53.5	199.9	18.4	4.0	22.4	222.3	144.7	367.0	10.1	60.6
Northern Territory	66.0	16.7	82.7	5.2	1.3	6.5	89.2	33.1	122.3	7.3	73.0
Australian Capital Territory	114.3	39.2	153.5	9.4	4.3	13.7	167.2	62.2	229.4	8.2	72.9
Australia	6,127.4	2,037.2	8,164.6	635.8	179.9	815.7	8,980.3	5,091.1	14,071.4	9.1	63.8

TABLE 6. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER:
STATE CAPITAL CITIES, MARCH 1995

Capital city	Employed		Unemployed			Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15 and over	Unemployment rate - per cent -	Participation rate
	Full-time workers	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work - '000 -	Total					
MALES										
Sydney	907.5	1,010.1	73.0	11.1	84.2	1,094.2	378.3	1,472.6	7.7	74.3
Melbourne	749.6	840.6	78.2	10.2	88.5	929.1	315.7	1,244.8	9.5	74.6
Brisbane	356.1	404.8	28.3	4.9	33.2	438.0	132.4	570.4	7.6	76.8
Adelaide	229.1	263.1	30.9	4.4	35.3	298.5	124.1	422.6	11.8	70.6
Perth	290.4	331.4	28.3	4.1	32.5	363.9	118.1	481.9	8.9	75.5
Hobart	40.1	46.0	5.8	* 0.6	6.5	52.5	20.2	72.7	12.3	72.2
Total	2,572.8	2,896.0	244.7	35.5	280.1	3,176.2	1,088.8	4,265.0	8.8	74.5
FEMALES										
Sydney	473.7	751.5	45.1	25.4	70.5	822.0	713.7	1,535.7	8.6	53.5
Melbourne	374.5	637.3	47.7	22.6	70.3	707.6	597.8	1,305.4	9.9	54.2
Brisbane	183.2	314.9	19.8	12.5	32.3	347.2	247.8	595.0	9.3	58.3
Adelaide	116.2	207.2	17.7	6.6	24.2	231.4	216.7	448.1	10.5	51.6
Perth	141.4	265.2	14.4	8.1	22.5	287.7	216.3	504.0	7.8	57.1
Hobart	18.6	36.5	1.9	1.5	3.4	39.9	37.4	77.3	8.5	51.6
Total	1,307.6	2,212.4	146.6	76.8	223.4	2,435.8	2,029.7	4,465.5	9.2	54.5
PERSONS										
Sydney	1,381.2	1,761.5	118.1	36.6	154.7	1,916.2	1,092.1	3,008.3	8.1	63.7
Melbourne	1,124.1	1,477.9	125.9	32.8	158.8	1,636.7	913.5	2,550.2	9.7	64.2
Brisbane	539.3	719.6	48.1	17.5	65.6	785.2	380.2	1,165.4	8.4	67.4
Adelaide	345.3	470.3	48.6	11.0	59.6	529.9	340.7	870.7	11.2	60.9
Perth	431.8	596.5	42.8	12.2	55.0	651.6	334.3	985.9	8.4	66.1
Hobart	58.7	82.5	7.7	2.1	9.9	92.4	57.6	150.0	10.7	61.6
Total	3,880.4	5,108.5	391.3	112.2	503.5	5,612.0	3,118.5	8,730.5	9.0	64.3

TABLE 7. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER:
AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, MARCH 1995

	PERSONS IN THE LABOUR FORCE, SEASON 1992						
	Persons						Total
	Males	Females		Aged 15-19	Aged 20-24	Aged 25 and over	
		Married	Total				
	— '000 —						
Employed	82.5	40.1	70.9	11.9	21.9	119.6	153.5
Full-time workers	72.0	23.1	42.2	2.9	16.0	95.4	114.3
Part-time workers	10.5	17.0	28.7	9.0	6.0	24.2	39.2
Unemployed	8.0	2.3	5.7	3.0	3.2	7.5	13.7
Looking for full-time work	6.1	1.6	3.3	1.1	2.1	6.2	9.4
Looking for part-time work	1.9	* 0.7	2.5	2.0	1.0	1.3	4.3
Labour force	90.5	42.4	76.7	15.0	25.1	127.1	167.2
Not in labour force	22.0	21.8	40.3	8.8	5.3	48.1	62.2
Aged 15-19 attending school	3.6	* 0.0	3.2	6.7	..	..	6.7
Civilian population	112.5	64.2	116.9	23.8	30.4	175.3	229.4
	— per cent —						
Unemployment rate	8.8	5.3	7.5	20.3	12.6	5.9	8.2
Looking for full-time work	7.8	6.3	7.2	27.4	11.7	6.1	7.6
Participation rate	80.5	66.1	65.6	62.9	82.6	72.5	72.9
Employment/population ratio	73.4	62.5	60.7	50.2	72.2	68.2	66.9
	— number —						
Average weekly hours worked by employed persons	39.2	29.8	29.4	17.2	32.6	36.8	34.7
Average duration of unemployment (weeks)	39.5	44.3	29.3	21.6	29.7	43.0	35.2

TABLE 8. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES

Month	Males							Females							Persons						
	Employed			Unemp-			Partic- ipation rate - per cent -	Employed			Unemp-			Partic- ipation rate - per cent -	Employed			Unemp-			Partic- ipation rate - per cent -
	Full-time workers	Total	'000 -	Labour force	Unemp- loyed	'000 -		Full-time workers	Total	'000 -	Labour force	Unemp- loyed	'000 -		Full-time workers	Total	'000 -	Labour force	Unemp- loyed	'000 -	
NEW SOUTH WALES																					
1994 —																					
January	1,343.6	1,490.9	185.4	1,676.4	11.1	72.3	72.3	679.6	1,121.4	115.0	1,236.4	9.3	51.5	51.5	2,023.2	2,612.3	300.4	2,912.7	10.3	61.7	61.7
February	1,343.9	1,500.0	180.2	1,680.2	10.7	72.4	72.4	683.0	1,119.9	114.4	1,234.3	9.3	51.3	51.3	2,026.9	2,619.9	294.6	2,914.5	10.1	61.7	61.7
March	1,343.2	1,499.9	184.9	1,684.8	11.0	72.5	72.5	687.1	1,127.1	111.9	1,239.0	9.0	51.5	51.5	2,030.3	2,627.0	296.8	2,923.8	10.2	61.8	61.8
April	1,349.0	1,502.6	178.9	1,681.5	10.6	72.3	72.3	684.3	1,123.2	115.1	1,238.3	9.3	51.4	51.4	2,033.3	2,625.8	294.0	2,919.8	10.1	61.7	61.7
May	1,352.1	1,501.9	177.5	1,679.4	10.6	72.2	72.2	683.6	1,129.5	108.5	1,238.0	8.8	51.3	51.3	2,035.7	2,631.4	286.0	2,917.4	9.8	61.6	61.6
June	1,350.9	1,512.5	172.9	1,685.4	10.3	72.4	72.4	688.2	1,124.0	116.9	1,240.9	9.4	51.4	51.4	2,039.0	2,636.5	289.9	2,926.4	9.9	61.7	61.7
July	1,360.7	1,520.9	162.1	1,683.0	9.6	72.2	72.2	691.0	1,131.0	116.2	1,247.2	9.3	51.6	51.6	2,051.7	2,652.0	278.3	2,930.3	9.5	61.7	61.7
August	1,358.1	1,527.9	157.2	1,685.1	9.3	72.2	72.2	691.0	1,120.8	107.4	1,228.2	8.7	50.8	50.8	2,049.2	2,648.7	264.6	2,913.3	9.1	61.3	61.3
September	1,370.7	1,534.1	163.0	1,697.1	9.6	72.7	72.7	706.0	1,156.6	110.0	1,266.7	8.7	52.3	52.3	2,076.7	2,690.7	273.1	2,963.8	9.2	62.3	62.3
October	1,361.3	1,536.4	150.4	1,686.8	8.9	72.2	72.2	703.8	1,143.3	106.7	1,250.0	8.5	51.6	51.6	2,065.1	2,679.8	257.1	2,936.8	8.8	61.7	61.7
November	1,373.0	1,536.3	153.1	1,689.4	9.1	72.2	72.2	700.6	1,147.5	106.4	1,253.9	8.5	51.7	51.7	2,073.6	2,683.8	259.5	2,943.3	8.8	61.8	61.8
December	1,382.8	1,547.3	150.5	1,697.8	8.9	72.5	72.5	700.2	1,156.4	108.5	1,264.9	8.6	52.1	52.1	2,083.0	2,703.7	259.0	2,962.7	8.7	62.1	62.1
1995 —																					
January	1,389.8	1,559.6	154.7	1,714.3	9.0	73.1	73.1	694.6	1,159.9	102.7	1,262.6	8.1	52.0	52.0	2,084.4	2,719.4	257.5	2,976.9	8.6	62.4	62.4
February	1,408.3	1,572.1	144.4	1,716.5	8.4	73.2	73.2	685.7	1,147.7	116.3	1,264.0	9.2	52.0	52.0	2,094.0	2,719.8	260.7	2,980.6	8.7	62.4	62.4
March	1,402.3	1,559.6	144.4	1,704.0	8.5	72.5	72.5	675.1	1,147.5	102.9	1,250.3	8.2	51.4	51.4	2,077.4	2,707.1	247.3	2,954.3	8.4	61.8	61.8
VICTORIA																					
1994 —																					
January	1,004.1	1,118.8	149.0	1,267.8	11.8	73.6	73.6	467.7	814.8	109.0	923.9	11.8	51.4	51.4	1,471.7	1,933.6	258.0	2,191.6	11.8	62.3	62.3
February	995.6	1,109.2	153.2	1,262.4	12.1	73.3	73.3	476.1	830.4	105.9	936.3	11.3	52.1	52.1	1,471.8	1,939.6	259.1	2,198.6	11.8	62.5	62.5
March	1,004.4	1,123.9	151.4	1,275.4	11.9	74.0	74.0	474.3	834.3	106.0	940.3	11.3	52.3	52.3	1,478.7	1,958.2	257.5	2,215.6	11.6	62.9	62.9
April	1,013.4	1,129.1	145.5	1,274.6	11.4	73.9	73.9	468.3	838.8	101.7	940.5	10.8	52.3	52.3	1,481.7	1,967.8	247.3	2,215.1	11.2	62.9	62.9
May	1,012.5	1,129.6	143.1	1,272.7	11.2	73.8	73.8	475.8	843.0	95.2	938.3	10.1	52.2	52.2	1,488.3	1,972.7	238.3	2,211.0	10.8	62.8	62.8
June	1,014.8	1,132.2	143.8	1,276.0	11.3	74.0	74.0	473.4	844.7	92.3	937.1	9.9	52.1	52.1	1,488.2	1,977.0	236.1	2,213.1	10.7	62.8	62.8
July	1,027.8	1,147.7	131.8	1,279.5	10.3	74.1	74.1	477.4	850.7	97.0	947.7	10.2	52.6	52.6	1,505.2	1,998.4	228.8	2,227.2	10.3	63.2	63.2
August	1,004.9	1,132.8	136.5	1,269.3	10.8	73.5	73.5	470.4	840.4	104.8	945.2	11.1	52.5	52.5	1,475.3	1,973.2	241.3	2,214.5	10.9	62.8	62.8
September	1,022.8	1,141.1	133.9	1,275.0	10.5	73.8	73.8	481.6	849.9	96.7	946.6	10.2	52.5	52.5	1,504.3	1,991.0	230.6	2,221.7	10.4	63.0	63.0
October	1,017.5	1,146.9	127.3	1,274.2	10.0	73.7	73.7	467.6	847.6	90.6	938.2	9.7	52.0	52.0	1,485.2	1,994.5	217.9	2,212.4	9.9	62.7	62.7
November	1,019.4	1,145.7	130.3	1,275.9	10.2	73.8	73.8	473.6	836.8	92.2	929.0	9.9	51.5	51.5	1,493.1	1,982.5	222.5	2,205.0	10.1	62.4	62.4
December	1,017.7	1,154.2	123.7	1,277.8	9.7	73.9	73.9	470.0	841.0	94.0	935.0	10.1	51.8	51.8	1,487.7	1,995.1	217.7	2,212.8	9.8	62.6	62.6
1995 —																					
January	1,022.1	1,152.5	126.5	1,279.0	9.9	73.9	73.9	475.0	840.6	97.1	937.7	10.4	51.9	51.9	1,497.1	1,993.0	223.6	2,216.6	10.1	62.7	62.7
February	1,039.2	1,170.1	119.9	1,289.9	9.3	74.5	74.5	486.4	860.1	89.5	949.6	9.4	52.5	52.5	1,525.6	2,030.2	209.4	2,239.5	9.3	63.3	63.3
March	1,042.0	1,174.9	113.2	1,288.0	8.8	74.3	74.3	492.6	874.0	86.5	960.6	9.0	53.1	53.1	1,534.6	2,048.9	199.7	2,248.6	8.9	63.5	63.5

TABLE 8. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES, SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES—continued

Month	Males				Females				Persons			
	Employed		Unemp-		Employed		Unemp-		Employed		Unemp-	
	Full-time workers	Total	Labour force	Unemp- rate - per cent -	Full-time workers	Total	Labour force	Unemp- rate - per cent -	Full-time workers	Total	Labour force	Unemp- rate - per cent -
QUEENSLAND												
1994 —												
January	724.5	820.4	91.5	10.0	75.5	591.3	66.1	657.3	1,065.6	1,411.7	157.5	10.0
February	725.4	815.0	92.0	10.1	74.9	592.8	63.9	656.7	1,068.0	1,407.8	156.0	10.0
March	727.3	814.7	90.6	10.0	74.6	595.9	63.6	659.5	1,072.0	1,410.6	154.2	9.9
April	732.0	817.9	87.7	9.7	74.4	591.2	62.9	654.0	1,073.1	1,409.1	150.6	9.7
May	740.5	832.0	81.1	8.9	74.9	596.7	64.1	660.8	1,083.2	1,428.7	145.3	9.2
June	743.2	830.2	82.5	9.0	74.7	598.8	63.4	662.2	1,095.5	1,429.0	146.0	9.3
July	745.2	831.7	81.9	9.0	74.5	590.1	60.4	665.4	1,095.2	1,436.3	142.7	9.0
August	751.9	835.3	83.2	9.1	74.7	596.8	61.2	668.0	1,108.8	1,442.1	144.4	9.1
September	753.1	835.7	84.2	9.2	74.7	599.4	61.6	679.1	1,112.5	1,452.3	146.7	9.2
October	750.9	837.1	83.7	9.1	74.6	590.2	61.7	677.4	1,111.1	1,455.0	143.2	9.0
November	753.0	839.9	83.4	9.0	74.6	593.8	62.5	679.8	1,116.9	1,464.9	144.5	9.0
December	752.9	841.7	78.8	8.6	74.2	592.5	62.4	679.8	1,105.3	1,466.0	134.3	8.4
1995 —												
January	761.8	844.2	78.9	8.5	74.2	593.8	62.6	679.8	1,097.6	1,470.7	136.8	8.5
February	765.5	852.2	82.2	8.8	74.9	594.6	64.1	702.9	1,120.1	1,493.2	144.1	8.8
March	762.6	854.9	82.9	8.8	75.0	590.5	64.8	708.8	1,123.1	1,499.7	146.8	8.9
SOUTH AUSTRALIA												
1994 —												
January	321.0	362.1	48.7	11.9	72.0	273.0	31.2	304.2	465.8	635.1	80.0	11.2
February	321.4	360.4	46.4	11.4	71.2	272.2	29.9	302.1	468.0	632.6	76.2	10.8
March	322.2	362.3	48.4	11.8	71.9	271.3	31.2	302.5	466.4	633.5	79.6	11.2
April	322.7	361.7	45.5	11.2	71.2	273.9	26.9	300.8	467.9	635.6	72.4	10.2
May	325.4	363.4	44.9	11.0	71.4	274.8	31.3	306.2	469.9	638.2	76.2	10.7
June	325.2	362.2	46.3	11.3	71.4	273.0	33.1	306.1	471.9	635.2	79.4	11.1
July	325.4	366.7	43.5	10.6	71.7	285.0	32.8	317.7	473.4	651.7	76.3	10.5
August	329.5	366.5	44.8	10.9	71.8	280.7	30.6	311.4	477.6	647.3	75.5	10.4
September	329.9	365.7	44.7	10.9	71.6	281.7	30.7	312.4	479.7	647.4	75.4	10.4
October	327.6	366.0	44.5	10.8	71.6	280.8	30.2	311.0	478.8	646.7	74.7	10.4
November	323.8	363.9	44.1	10.8	71.1	281.4	30.9	312.3	478.1	645.3	75.0	10.4
December	318.0	360.8	44.4	11.0	70.6	282.0	28.2	310.2	468.8	642.8	72.6	10.2
1995 —												
January	320.9	361.9	45.4	11.2	71.0	280.1	24.2	304.3	472.7	641.9	69.6	9.8
February	327.3	372.7	42.1	10.2	72.3	282.5	27.6	310.1	479.2	655.2	69.7	9.6
March	316.5	363.3	44.6	10.9	71.0	280.5	29.0	309.6	468.4	643.8	73.6	10.3

TABLE 8. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES—continued

Month	Males						Females						Persons					
	Employed			Unemp-			Employed			Unemp-			Employed			Unemp-		
	Full-time workers	Total	Unemp- loyed	Labour force	Unemp- rate	Partic- ipation	Full-time workers	Total	Unemp- loyed	Labour force	Unemp- rate	Partic- ipation	Full-time workers	Total	Unemp- loyed	Labour force	Unemp- rate	Partic- ipation
			- '000 -		- per cent -				- '000 -		- per cent -				- '000 -		- per cent -	
WESTERN AUSTRALIA																		
1994 —																		
January	407.6	455.5	44.3	499.8	8.9	77.0	175.2	326.4	31.9	358.3	8.9	54.7	582.8	781.9	76.2	858.1	8.9	65.8
February	413.6	457.8	43.7	501.5	8.7	77.2	174.8	325.6	32.7	358.3	9.1	54.6	588.3	783.4	76.4	859.8	8.9	65.8
March	411.9	459.5	42.4	501.9	8.5	77.1	175.4	325.5	28.2	353.6	8.0	53.9	587.3	784.9	70.6	855.5	8.3	65.4
April	411.1	459.5	41.8	501.2	8.3	76.9	177.1	328.2	30.4	358.7	8.5	54.5	588.2	787.7	72.2	859.9	8.4	65.7
May	411.3	460.0	40.8	500.8	8.2	76.7	178.4	325.4	31.7	357.1	8.9	54.2	589.7	785.4	72.5	857.9	8.5	65.4
June	411.2	458.3	42.5	500.8	8.5	76.6	178.2	327.3	33.8	361.1	9.4	54.7	589.3	785.6	76.2	861.9	8.8	65.6
July	416.0	463.8	41.8	505.5	8.3	77.2	180.0	336.9	29.2	366.0	8.0	55.4	596.1	800.6	70.9	871.6	8.1	66.3
August	416.2	462.6	40.5	503.1	8.0	76.7	180.2	335.3	28.3	363.5	7.8	54.9	596.5	797.9	68.7	866.6	7.9	65.8
September	416.1	464.1	39.8	503.9	7.9	76.7	180.8	333.4	31.0	364.5	8.5	55.0	596.9	797.5	70.9	868.4	8.2	65.8
October	410.4	463.9	38.1	502.0	7.6	76.3	184.3	341.4	27.8	369.2	7.5	55.6	594.7	805.3	65.9	871.2	7.6	65.9
November	412.0	468.3	40.1	508.4	7.9	77.1	186.2	340.2	28.4	368.5	7.7	55.4	598.2	808.5	68.5	877.0	7.8	66.2
December	415.8	471.0	37.6	508.6	7.4	77.0	185.5	345.7	26.3	372.0	7.1	55.8	601.3	816.7	63.9	880.5	7.3	66.4
1995 —																		
January	416.8	472.5	39.9	512.5	7.8	77.5	183.2	344.4	26.4	370.8	7.1	55.6	600.0	816.9	66.4	883.3	7.5	66.5
February	417.1	466.6	46.0	512.6	9.0	77.4	192.1	349.2	26.0	375.2	6.9	56.1	609.2	815.8	72.0	887.8	8.1	66.7
March	423.2	476.4	37.3	513.8	7.3	77.4	188.3	350.3	26.9	377.2	7.1	56.3	611.5	826.7	64.2	890.9	7.2	66.8
TASMANIA																		
1994 —																		
January	99.1	112.1	16.9	129.0	13.1	71.8	42.3	82.5	8.9	91.5	9.8	49.2	141.4	194.7	25.8	220.5	11.7	60.3
February	100.1	112.6	17.7	130.3	13.6	72.5	42.8	83.8	9.2	92.9	9.9	50.0	142.8	196.3	26.9	223.2	12.1	61.0
March	98.8	111.9	17.7	129.6	13.7	72.1	41.9	82.6	8.7	91.4	9.5	49.1	140.7	194.5	26.4	221.0	12.0	60.4
April	100.2	112.4	16.8	129.2	13.0	71.8	40.7	82.2	8.8	91.0	9.6	48.9	140.9	194.6	25.6	220.2	11.6	60.2
May	100.1	112.5	16.2	128.7	12.6	71.6	42.1	83.4	9.1	92.5	9.8	49.7	142.2	195.9	25.3	221.2	11.4	60.4
June	101.5	112.4	14.2	126.7	11.2	70.4	40.6	83.2	7.5	90.7	8.2	48.7	142.1	195.7	21.7	217.4	10.0	59.4
July	100.7	112.5	14.7	127.2	11.5	70.7	41.2	82.9	9.2	92.0	10.0	49.4	141.8	195.4	23.8	219.2	10.9	59.9
August	99.5	112.4	14.5	126.9	11.4	70.5	40.6	80.9	7.9	88.7	8.9	47.7	140.0	193.3	22.3	215.6	10.4	58.9
September	99.3	112.9	15.0	127.9	11.7	71.0	41.6	82.2	8.8	91.0	9.7	48.9	141.0	195.1	23.8	218.9	10.9	59.8
October	99.6	115.3	14.2	129.6	11.0	72.0	41.0	80.3	9.3	89.5	10.3	48.1	140.6	195.6	23.5	219.1	10.7	59.8
November	100.5	113.5	15.0	128.5	11.7	71.4	43.8	81.4	9.6	91.0	10.6	48.9	144.4	194.9	24.6	219.6	11.2	59.9
December	100.7	114.6	14.9	129.5	11.5	71.9	43.2	80.7	9.2	89.9	10.2	48.2	143.9	195.3	24.1	219.4	11.0	59.9
1995 —																		
January	100.6	113.8	15.4	129.1	11.9	71.6	44.2	83.5	10.3	93.8	11.0	50.3	144.7	197.2	25.7	222.9	11.5	60.8
February	99.0	112.2	16.3	128.5	12.7	71.3	43.9	82.5	9.4	91.9	10.2	49.3	142.9	194.7	25.7	220.4	11.7	60.1
March	100.8	114.2	14.0	128.3	10.9	71.1	45.6	85.0	8.8	93.8	9.4	50.2	146.3	199.2	22.8	222.0	10.3	60.5

TABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES AND TERRITORIES: TREND SERIES

Month	Males				Females				Persons			
	Employed		Unemp-		Employed		Unemp-		Employed		Unemp-	
	Full-time workers	Total - '000 -	Labour force	Unemp- rate - per cent -	Full-time workers	Total - '000 -	Labour force	Unemp- rate - per cent -	Full-time workers	Total - '000 -	Labour force	Unemp- rate - per cent -
NEW SOUTH WALES												
1994 —												
January	1,343.2	1,494.5	186.5	11.1	682.6	1,120.5	114.7	9.3	2,025.8	2,615.0	301.2	10.3
February	1,344.8	1,496.9	184.6	11.0	683.3	1,122.6	113.3	9.2	2,028.1	2,619.5	297.9	10.2
March	1,346.1	1,499.3	182.1	10.8	683.6	1,123.7	112.9	9.1	2,029.8	2,623.0	295.0	10.1
April	1,348.0	1,502.6	179.0	10.6	684.3	1,124.4	113.1	9.1	2,032.3	2,627.1	292.1	10.0
May	1,350.8	1,507.3	175.1	10.4	686.0	1,125.6	113.5	9.2	2,036.8	2,632.9	288.6	9.9
June	1,354.0	1,513.1	170.6	10.1	688.6	1,127.4	113.2	9.1	2,042.6	2,640.5	283.8	9.7
July	1,357.2	1,519.3	165.6	9.8	692.0	1,130.4	112.3	9.0	2,049.2	2,649.7	277.9	9.5
August	1,360.2	1,525.2	161.0	9.5	696.1	1,135.0	110.8	8.9	2,056.3	2,660.2	271.8	9.3
September	1,363.8	1,531.1	157.3	9.3	699.9	1,140.8	109.3	8.7	2,063.7	2,671.9	266.6	9.1
October	1,368.9	1,537.0	154.8	9.2	701.7	1,146.3	108.0	8.6	2,070.6	2,683.4	262.8	8.9
November	1,375.5	1,543.1	153.0	9.0	700.6	1,150.4	107.3	8.5	2,076.1	2,693.5	260.3	8.8
December	1,383.1	1,549.6	151.3	8.9	697.3	1,152.5	107.3	8.5	2,080.3	2,702.0	258.5	8.7
1995 —												
January	1,390.9	1,555.9	149.4	8.8	692.7	1,153.1	107.4	8.5	2,083.6	2,709.0	256.8	8.7
February	1,398.2	1,561.5	147.5	8.6	687.7	1,153.0	107.6	8.5	2,085.9	2,714.6	255.1	8.6
March	1,404.0	1,565.9	145.7	8.5	682.4	1,151.1	107.4	8.5	2,086.4	2,717.0	253.1	8.5
VICTORIA												
1994 —												
January	1,003.3	1,117.7	150.6	11.9	470.6	824.7	111.0	11.9	1,475.9	1,942.4	261.6	11.9
February	1,004.0	1,119.1	149.8	11.8	471.3	828.0	107.1	11.5	1,475.3	1,947.2	256.9	11.7
March	1,006.0	1,122.0	148.6	11.7	472.2	832.6	103.3	11.0	1,478.2	1,954.6	251.9	11.4
April	1,009.2	1,126.0	146.7	11.5	473.2	837.7	100.3	10.7	1,482.4	1,963.6	246.9	11.2
May	1,012.7	1,130.4	144.0	11.3	474.0	842.3	98.4	10.5	1,486.6	1,972.7	242.3	10.9
June	1,015.6	1,134.5	140.7	11.0	474.5	845.4	97.4	10.3	1,490.0	1,979.9	238.1	10.7
July	1,017.3	1,137.6	137.4	10.8	474.7	846.7	96.9	10.3	1,491.9	1,984.4	234.2	10.6
August	1,017.5	1,139.8	134.5	10.6	474.2	846.3	96.5	10.2	1,491.7	1,986.1	231.0	10.4
September	1,017.0	1,141.7	132.3	10.4	473.3	844.5	96.1	10.2	1,490.3	1,986.2	228.4	10.3
October	1,017.4	1,144.4	130.3	10.2	472.6	842.9	95.5	10.2	1,490.0	1,987.3	225.7	10.2
November	1,019.4	1,148.3	128.1	10.0	473.1	843.0	94.3	10.1	1,492.5	1,991.3	222.4	10.0
December	1,022.9	1,153.4	125.6	9.8	475.1	845.3	93.0	9.9	1,498.1	1,998.7	218.6	9.9
1995 —												
January	1,027.4	1,159.1	122.8	9.6	478.4	849.6	91.9	9.8	1,505.8	2,008.7	214.7	9.7
February	1,032.4	1,164.9	119.9	9.3	482.2	855.0	90.7	9.6	1,514.5	2,019.9	210.6	9.4
March	1,036.2	1,169.6	117.5	9.1	485.6	860.3	90.0	9.5	1,521.8	2,029.9	207.5	9.3

TABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES AND TERRITORIES, TREND SERIES—continued

Month	Males						Females						Persons					
	Employed			Unemp-			Employed			Unemp-			Employed			Unemp-		
	Full-time workers	Total	Unemp- loyed	Labour force	Unemp- rate	Partic- ipation	Full-time workers	Total	Unemp- loyed	Labour force	Unemp- rate	Partic- ipation	Full-time workers	Total	Unemp- loyed	Labour force	Unemp- rate	Partic- ipation
			'000		- per cent -				'000		- per cent -				'000		- per cent -	
QUEENSLAND																		
1994 —																		
January	723.9	811.3	92.6	903.9	10.2	74.8	342.4	590.4	65.8	656.2	10.0	53.2	1,066.3	1,401.7	158.4	1,560.1	10.2	63.9
February	726.5	815.2	90.5	905.7	10.0	74.8	343.2	592.6	64.9	657.5	9.9	53.2	1,069.6	1,407.8	155.4	1,563.2	9.9	63.9
March	729.5	818.8	88.5	907.4	9.8	74.7	343.4	593.9	64.0	658.0	9.7	53.1	1,072.9	1,412.8	152.5	1,565.3	9.7	63.8
April	733.4	822.5	86.5	909.0	9.5	74.7	344.1	595.1	63.3	658.4	9.6	53.0	1,077.5	1,417.6	149.8	1,567.4	9.6	63.8
May	738.1	826.2	84.5	910.7	9.3	74.7	345.8	596.7	63.0	659.7	9.5	53.0	1,083.9	1,423.0	147.4	1,570.4	9.4	63.7
June	742.8	829.5	83.2	912.7	9.1	74.6	348.8	599.7	62.7	662.3	9.5	53.1	1,091.6	1,429.2	145.9	1,575.0	9.3	63.8
July	746.6	832.4	82.7	915.1	9.0	74.7	353.0	604.0	62.2	666.3	9.3	53.3	1,099.6	1,436.4	145.0	1,581.4	9.2	63.9
August	749.3	834.6	82.8	917.3	9.0	74.7	356.5	608.8	61.6	670.4	9.2	53.5	1,105.8	1,443.4	144.4	1,587.7	9.1	64.0
September	751.1	836.0	82.8	918.8	9.0	74.6	358.3	613.5	60.7	674.2	9.0	53.7	1,109.4	1,449.5	143.5	1,593.0	9.0	64.0
October	752.6	837.6	82.6	920.2	9.0	74.5	357.8	618.0	59.8	677.8	8.8	53.8	1,110.5	1,455.6	142.4	1,598.0	8.9	64.1
November	754.5	840.0	82.0	922.0	8.9	74.5	355.9	622.5	59.3	681.8	8.7	54.0	1,110.4	1,462.5	141.3	1,603.8	8.8	64.2
December	756.7	843.0	81.4	924.4	8.8	74.5	353.8	627.1	59.3	686.4	8.6	54.3	1,110.5	1,470.1	140.6	1,610.7	8.7	64.3
1995 —																		
January	759.2	846.2	81.0	927.3	8.7	74.5	352.3	631.9	59.6	691.5	8.6	54.5	1,111.5	1,478.1	140.7	1,618.8	8.7	64.4
February	761.6	849.4	80.9	930.4	8.7	74.6	351.5	636.6	60.3	696.9	8.7	54.8	1,113.1	1,486.0	141.2	1,627.2	8.7	64.6
March	763.7	852.4	81.0	933.4	8.7	74.6	351.6	640.5	61.1	701.6	8.7	55.1	1,115.3	1,492.8	142.1	1,635.0	8.7	64.8
SOUTH AUSTRALIA																		
1994 —																		
January	321.4	362.1	48.2	410.3	11.8	71.9	146.0	272.8	30.6	303.4	10.1	51.2	467.3	634.9	78.8	713.7	11.0	61.4
February	321.8	361.9	47.6	409.5	11.6	71.7	145.7	272.7	30.4	303.0	10.0	51.1	467.5	634.6	78.0	712.6	10.9	61.2
March	322.4	361.9	46.8	408.8	11.5	71.5	145.4	272.7	30.3	303.0	10.0	51.1	467.7	634.7	77.1	711.8	10.8	61.1
April	323.2	362.2	46.2	408.4	11.3	71.4	145.2	273.6	30.5	304.0	10.0	51.3	468.4	635.8	76.6	712.4	10.8	61.2
May	324.5	363.0	45.6	408.6	11.2	71.4	145.4	275.1	30.9	306.0	10.1	51.6	469.9	638.1	76.5	714.6	10.7	61.3
June	326.0	364.2	45.1	409.3	11.0	71.5	146.2	277.2	31.3	308.6	10.2	52.0	472.2	641.4	76.5	717.8	10.7	61.6
July	327.4	365.2	44.7	410.0	10.9	71.6	147.5	279.3	31.7	311.0	10.2	52.4	474.8	644.5	76.5	721.0	10.6	61.8
August	327.8	365.5	44.6	410.1	10.9	71.6	148.8	280.8	31.7	312.5	10.1	52.6	476.6	646.3	76.3	722.6	10.6	61.9
September	327.3	365.3	44.5	409.8	10.9	71.5	150.1	281.6	31.1	312.7	10.0	52.6	477.5	646.9	75.6	722.5	10.5	61.9
October	326.1	364.8	44.5	409.3	10.9	71.4	151.1	281.7	30.1	311.9	9.7	52.5	477.3	646.5	74.6	721.1	10.3	61.8
November	324.5	364.4	44.4	408.8	10.9	71.3	151.7	281.5	29.1	310.6	9.4	52.3	476.3	645.9	73.5	719.4	10.2	61.6
December	322.9	364.3	44.3	408.6	10.8	71.2	152.0	281.3	28.3	309.6	9.1	52.1	475.0	645.6	72.6	718.1	10.1	61.5
1995 —																		
January	321.6	364.6	44.1	408.7	10.8	71.2	152.1	281.2	27.7	308.9	9.0	51.9	473.8	645.8	71.8	717.6	10.0	61.4
February	320.6	365.1	44.0	409.1	10.8	71.2	152.1	281.2	27.3	308.5	8.8	51.9	472.7	646.3	71.2	717.6	9.9	61.4
March	319.8	365.6	43.9	409.5	10.7	71.3	152.0	281.2	27.0	308.2	8.8	51.8	471.8	646.8	70.9	717.7	9.9	61.4

TABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES AND TERRITORIES: TREND SERIES—continued

Month	Males					Females					Persons				
	Employed		Unemp- loyed - '000 -	Labour force	Unemp- ment rate - per cent -	Employed		Unemp- loyed - '000 -	Labour force	Unemp- ment rate - per cent -	Employed		Unemp- loyed - '000 -	Labour force	Unemp- ment rate - per cent -
	Full-time workers	Total				Full-time workers	Total				Full-time workers	Total			
WESTERN AUSTRALIA															
1994 —															
January	409.8	456.3	44.7	501.0	8.9	77.2	174.0	323.8	31.4	355.3	583.8	780.1	76.1	856.2	8.9
February	410.5	457.3	43.8	501.0	8.7	77.1	175.0	324.9	31.2	356.1	585.6	782.1	75.0	857.1	8.8
March	411.1	458.2	42.9	501.1	8.6	77.0	176.0	325.8	31.1	356.9	587.2	784.1	74.0	858.1	8.6
April	411.9	459.2	42.2	501.4	8.4	76.9	176.9	326.9	31.0	358.0	588.8	786.1	73.2	859.4	8.5
May	412.7	460.0	41.7	501.8	8.3	76.9	177.7	328.3	31.0	359.3	590.4	788.3	72.7	861.0	8.4
June	413.4	460.8	41.4	502.2	8.2	76.8	178.6	330.0	30.9	360.9	591.9	790.7	72.3	863.0	8.4
July	413.9	461.5	41.0	502.6	8.2	76.8	179.6	332.1	30.6	362.7	593.5	793.7	71.6	865.3	8.3
August	414.1	462.8	40.3	503.1	8.0	76.7	180.8	334.6	30.0	364.6	594.9	797.3	70.4	867.7	8.1
September	414.0	464.3	39.7	504.0	7.9	76.7	182.0	337.0	29.2	366.2	596.0	801.3	69.0	870.2	7.9
October	413.8	465.9	39.4	505.3	7.8	76.8	183.3	339.3	28.4	367.7	597.1	805.3	67.7	873.0	7.8
November	414.1	467.6	39.4	507.0	7.8	76.9	184.6	341.6	27.7	369.2	598.6	809.1	67.1	876.2	7.7
December	415.0	469.1	39.8	508.9	7.8	77.1	185.8	343.8	27.1	371.0	600.8	812.9	66.9	879.9	7.6
1995 —															
January	416.5	470.6	40.2	510.9	7.9	77.2	187.0	346.1	26.7	372.7	603.5	816.7	66.9	883.6	7.6
February	418.2	472.0	40.6	512.6	7.9	77.4	188.1	348.1	26.3	374.4	606.2	820.1	66.9	887.0	7.5
March	419.9	473.1	40.8	513.9	7.9	77.4	188.9	349.9	26.0	375.8	608.8	823.0	66.8	889.8	7.5
TASMANIA															
1994 —															
January	99.5	111.9	17.4	129.3	13.4	72.0	42.5	82.8	9.3	92.1	142.0	194.7	26.7	221.4	12.0
February	99.7	112.3	17.3	129.6	13.4	72.1	42.3	83.0	9.0	92.1	142.0	195.3	26.3	221.6	11.9
March	99.9	112.4	17.0	129.5	13.2	72.0	42.0	83.1	8.8	91.9	141.9	195.6	25.9	221.4	11.7
April	100.1	112.4	16.5	128.9	12.8	71.7	41.6	83.1	8.7	91.7	141.7	195.5	25.2	220.7	11.4
May	100.3	112.3	15.9	128.3	12.4	71.3	41.2	82.9	8.5	91.4	141.5	195.3	24.4	219.7	11.1
June	100.3	112.4	15.3	127.6	12.0	71.0	41.0	82.7	8.4	91.1	141.3	195.1	23.7	218.8	10.8
July	100.3	112.6	14.8	127.4	11.6	70.8	40.9	82.3	8.4	90.7	141.2	195.0	23.2	218.1	10.6
August	100.1	113.0	14.5	127.5	11.4	70.9	41.1	81.8	8.5	90.4	141.2	194.9	23.0	217.9	10.6
September	100.0	113.5	14.5	127.9	11.3	71.1	41.4	81.4	8.8	90.2	141.4	194.9	23.3	218.1	10.7
October	100.0	113.8	14.7	128.5	11.4	71.4	42.0	81.2	9.1	90.3	141.9	195.0	23.8	218.8	10.9
November	100.0	113.9	14.9	128.9	11.6	71.5	42.7	81.3	9.4	90.7	142.7	195.3	24.3	219.6	11.1
December	100.2	113.9	15.1	129.0	11.7	71.6	43.3	81.8	9.5	91.3	143.5	195.7	24.6	220.3	11.2
1995 —															
January	100.2	113.8	15.2	129.0	11.8	71.5	44.0	82.4	9.5	92.0	144.2	196.2	24.7	221.0	11.2
February	100.3	113.6	15.2	128.9	11.8	71.5	44.5	83.1	9.5	92.6	144.8	196.8	24.7	221.5	11.2
March	100.3	113.5	15.2	128.7	11.8	71.3	45.0	83.7	9.4	93.1	145.2	197.2	24.6	221.8	11.1

TABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES AND TERRITORIES: TREND SERIES—continued

Month	Males				Females				Persons			
	Employed		Unemp-		Employed		Unemp-		Employed		Unemp-	
	Full-time workers	Total	loyed	Labour force	Full-time workers	Total	loyed	Labour force	Full-time workers	Total	loyed	Labour force
			'000 -	- per cent -			'000 -	- per cent -			'000 -	- per cent -
NORTHERN TERRITORY												
1994 —												
January	37.4	41.5	3.3	44.8	22.1	31.9	2.5	34.3	59.6	73.4	5.7	79.1
February	37.4	41.1	3.3	44.4	22.2	31.4	2.5	33.9	59.6	72.5	5.8	78.3
March	37.5	40.9	3.4	44.3	22.4	31.3	2.5	33.8	59.8	72.3	5.9	78.1
April	37.6	41.1	3.4	44.5	22.5	31.5	2.4	34.0	60.2	72.6	5.8	78.5
May	37.8	41.4	3.5	44.9	22.8	31.9	2.4	34.4	60.6	73.4	5.9	79.2
June	38.0	41.9	3.5	45.4	23.0	32.5	2.5	35.0	61.0	74.4	6.0	80.4
July	38.3	42.5	3.5	46.0	23.2	33.3	2.6	35.9	61.5	75.8	6.1	81.9
August	38.7	43.2	3.5	46.7	23.5	34.2	2.8	37.0	62.3	77.4	6.3	83.7
September	39.3	43.8	3.6	47.4	24.1	35.4	2.9	38.3	63.3	79.2	6.5	85.7
October	39.8	44.5	3.6	48.1	24.7	36.5	3.0	39.5	64.5	81.0	6.6	87.6
November	40.4	45.1	3.7	48.7	25.3	37.4	3.0	40.4	65.7	82.5	6.7	89.1
December	40.9	45.6	3.6	49.3	25.8	37.9	3.0	40.9	66.7	83.5	6.6	90.1
1995 —												
January (a) r	41.3	46.0	3.6	49.6	26.1	38.1	2.9	41.0	67.4	84.1	6.5	90.7
February (a) r	41.5	46.3	3.6	49.9	26.3	38.1	2.8	41.0	67.8	84.4	6.4	90.8
March (a)	41.6	46.4	3.5	49.9	26.3	37.8	2.8	40.6	67.9	84.2	6.3	90.6
AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY												
1994 —												
January	72.4	82.6	6.7	89.3	43.5	70.6	5.5	76.1	115.9	153.2	12.2	165.4
February	72.6	82.8	6.7	89.5	43.9	70.3	5.3	75.7	116.5	153.1	12.0	165.1
March	72.8	83.0	6.5	89.6	44.5	70.0	5.2	75.3	117.3	153.1	11.8	164.8
April	73.0	83.2	6.4	89.6	45.2	69.9	5.1	75.1	118.2	153.2	11.5	164.7
May	72.9	83.3	6.2	89.5	46.0	70.1	5.1	75.2	118.9	153.4	11.4	164.7
June	72.7	83.2	6.2	89.4	46.6	70.5	5.2	75.7	119.3	153.7	11.4	165.1
July	72.5	83.0	6.4	89.4	47.1	71.1	5.3	76.3	119.6	154.1	11.6	165.7
August	72.3	82.9	6.6	89.5	47.3	71.6	5.3	76.9	119.6	154.5	11.9	166.4
September	72.2	82.8	6.9	89.7	47.2	71.9	5.2	77.1	119.4	154.6	12.1	166.8
October	72.2	82.7	7.0	89.7	46.7	71.9	5.1	77.1	119.0	154.6	12.2	166.8
November	72.3	82.7	7.1	89.8	46.0	71.8	5.0	76.8	118.3	154.5	12.1	166.6
December	72.4	82.6	7.0	89.7	45.2	71.6	4.9	76.5	117.5	154.3	11.9	166.2
1995 —												
January (a) r	72.3	82.6	7.0	89.5	44.3	71.4	4.8	76.2	116.6	154.0	11.8	165.7
February (a) r	72.2	82.5	6.9	89.4	43.5	71.2	4.7	76.0	115.7	153.7	11.6	165.3
March (a)	72.0	82.4	6.9	89.2	42.8	71.0	4.7	75.7	114.9	153.4	11.6	165.0

(a) These estimates may be subject to significant revisions as data for later months become available.

TABLE 10. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, BY AGE, MARCH 1995

Age group	Number ('000)					Participation rate (per cent)				
	Females					Females				
	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons
15-64	5,034.1	2,253.9	1,571.5	3,825.5	8,859.6	84.0	62.0	68.5	64.5	74.3
15-19	381.0	13.7	368.9	382.6	763.6	58.7	71.6	61.6	61.9	60.3
20-24	630.3	141.1	418.3	559.4	1,189.7	87.1	69.7	83.0	79.2	83.2
25-34	1,299.6	613.2	346.8	960.0	2,259.6	93.1	63.8	76.8	68.0	80.5
35-44	1,248.0	757.3	218.5	975.8	2,223.8	92.4	71.3	72.1	71.5	81.9
45-54	1,005.9	573.2	166.4	739.5	1,745.5	89.7	67.9	69.6	68.2	79.1
55-59	302.0	113.0	38.1	151.1	453.1	74.5	37.7	40.4	38.4	56.7
60-64	167.3	42.5	14.6	57.1	224.3	47.9	17.2	14.0	16.2	32.0
65 and over	91.1	18.1	11.5	29.6	120.7	9.8	3.5	1.6	2.4	5.6
Total	5,125.2	2,272.0	1,583.1	3,855.1	8,980.3	74.0	54.8	52.8	54.0	63.8

TABLE 11. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 TO 19: FULL-TIME ATTENDANCE AT SCHOOL OR A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION, MARCH 1995

AT SCHOOL OR A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION, MARCH 1995										
	Employed		Unemployed		Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15-19	Unemployment rate - per cent -	Participation rate
	Full-time workers	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work - '000 -						
ATTENDING NEITHER SCHOOL NOR A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION FULL TIME (a)										
Males	158.6	193.3	40.3	* 2.2	42.5	235.8	17.9	253.7	18.0	92.9
Females	80.1	127.3	39.3	* 3.3	42.6	169.9	25.4	195.3	25.1	87.0
Persons	238.7	320.7	79.6	5.5	85.1	405.7	43.3	449.0	21.0	90.4
Left school —										
Before 1992	76.7	98.7	23.7	* 2.0	25.6	124.3	16.4	140.7	20.6	88.3
1993	96.9	124.3	22.6	* 1.6	24.2	148.4	10.6	159.1	16.3	93.3
1994 to survey date	65.0	97.7	33.4	* 1.9	35.3	133.0	13.3	146.3	26.5	90.9
Age —										
15	4.8	6.1	* 2.4	* 0.1	* 2.5	8.6	* 2.4	11.0	* 29.3	78.5
16	18.6	25.1	9.4	* 0.3	9.7	34.8	* 3.9	38.7	27.9	90.0
17	46.0	63.3	16.8	* 1.1	17.8	81.2	6.7	87.9	22.0	92.3
18	74.4	102.8	24.7	* 1.9	26.6	129.4	12.9	142.3	20.6	90.9
19	94.8	123.4	26.3	* 2.1	28.4	151.8	17.3	169.1	18.7	89.7
ATTENDING A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION FULL TIME										
Males	* 1.8	43.0	* 1.4	9.6	11.0	54.0	48.2	102.2	20.5	52.9
Females	* 2.2	64.2	* 3.7	13.2	16.9	81.1	49.8	130.9	20.9	61.9
Persons	4.0	107.1	5.1	22.9	28.0	135.1	98.0	233.1	20.7	58.0
Left school —										
Before 1992	* 1.1	18.2	* 1.6	* 2.2	* 3.7	21.9	12.4	34.3	* 17.1	64.0
1993	* 1.7	42.0	* 2.2	8.8	10.9	52.9	33.6	86.4	20.6	61.2
1994 to survey date	* 1.1	47.0	* 1.4	11.9	13.3	60.3	52.1	112.4	22.1	53.7
Age —										
15 and 16	* 0.2	* 2.6	* 0.6	* 1.0	* 1.6	4.2	4.8	8.9	* 38.0	46.7
17	* 0.4	17.3	* 0.7	* 3.7	4.4	21.7	20.9	42.6	20.3	50.9
18	* 0.8	42.2	* 1.4	10.4	11.8	54.0	39.3	93.3	21.8	57.9
19	* 2.6	45.0	* 2.4	7.8	10.2	55.2	33.0	88.2	18.5	62.6
ATTENDING SCHOOL										
Males	* 1.1	69.6	* 3.4	18.2	21.6	91.2	202.5	293.7	23.7	31.1
Females	* 0.5	106.0	* 2.1	23.5	25.6	131.5	160.0	291.5	19.4	45.1
Persons	* 1.6	175.6	5.5	41.7	47.2	222.7	362.4	585.2	21.2	38.1
Age —										
15	* 0.2	57.1	* 1.4	20.2	21.6	78.7	157.2	235.9	27.4	33.3
16	* 0.8	70.2	* 1.2	13.4	14.6	84.8	120.8	205.6	17.2	41.2
17	* 0.6	44.8	* 2.4	6.3	8.7	53.5	68.0	121.4	16.2	44.0
18 and 19	* 0.0	* 3.5	* 0.5	* 1.9	* 2.3	5.8	16.4	22.3	* 40.3	26.2
TOTAL										
Males	161.5	305.9	45.1	30.0	75.1	381.0	268.5	649.5	19.7	58.7
Females	82.8	297.5	45.1	40.0	85.1	382.6	235.1	617.7	22.2	61.9
Persons	244.2	603.4	90.2	70.0	160.2	763.6	503.7	1,267.3	21.0	60.3
Age —										
15	5.0	63.4	* 3.8	20.7	24.5	87.9	161.2	249.1	27.9	35.3
16	19.6	97.6	11.2	14.3	25.5	123.1	127.8	250.9	20.7	49.1
17	47.1	125.4	19.9	11.0	30.9	156.3	95.6	252.0	19.8	62.0
18	75.2	147.6	26.4	14.1	40.5	188.1	66.4	254.6	21.5	73.9
19	97.4	169.2	29.0	9.9	38.8	208.1	52.6	260.6	18.7	79.8

(a) The components of the 'Left school' category in the 'Not in labour force' column do not add to the total because institutionalised persons are not asked the 'school attendance' question.

TABLE 12. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 20-24: FULL-TIME ATTENDANCE AT A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION, MARCH 1995

	Employed		Unemployed		Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 20-24	Unemployment rate - per cent -	Participation rate
	Full-time workers	Total	Looking for full-time work	Looking for part-time work - '000 -						
NOT ATTENDING A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION FULL TIME										
Males	462.9	507.9	71.6	* 2.3	73.9	581.8	35.1	616.9	12.7	94.3
Females	343.4	441.7	47.5	9.2	56.7	498.4	100.9	599.3	11.4	83.2
Persons	806.3	949.6	119.1	11.5	130.6	1,080.3	136.0	1,216.3	12.1	88.8
Age —										
20	122.4	148.1	21.7	* 1.8	23.5	171.6	18.8	190.4	13.7	90.1
21	139.4	172.9	28.3	* 1.4	29.7	202.6	21.2	223.8	14.7	90.5
22	161.1	189.9	25.0	* 2.3	27.3	217.2	30.0	247.2	12.6	87.8
23	189.7	216.2	24.1	* 2.9	27.0	243.2	33.2	276.4	11.1	88.0
24	193.7	222.6	20.0	* 3.0	23.1	245.6	32.8	278.4	9.4	88.2
ATTENDING A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION FULL TIME										
Males	* 3.8	38.7	* 2.8	7.0	9.8	48.5	58.4	106.9	20.2	45.4
Females	* 2.5	49.5	* 3.0	8.6	11.6	61.0	46.2	107.2	18.9	56.9
Persons	6.4	88.1	5.8	15.5	21.3	109.5	104.6	214.1	19.5	51.1
Age —										
20	* 3.3	40.8	* 1.3	5.2	6.6	47.4	31.8	79.2	13.9	59.8
21	* 1.1	20.7	* 1.2	5.1	6.4	27.0	26.5	53.5	23.5	50.5
22	* 1.1	12.3	* 2.2	* 3.0	5.2	17.5	22.4	39.9	29.7	43.9
23	* 0.7	7.7	* 0.5	* 1.5	* 2.0	9.8	12.6	22.4	* 20.9	43.6
24	* 0.3	6.6	* 0.5	* 0.7	* 1.2	7.8	11.2	19.0	* 15.0	40.9
TOTAL										
Males	466.7	546.6	74.4	9.3	83.7	630.3	93.5	723.8	13.3	87.1
Females	345.9	491.2	50.5	17.7	68.3	559.4	147.2	706.6	12.2	79.2
Persons	812.6	1,037.8	124.9	27.0	151.9	1,189.7	240.6	1,430.4	12.8	83.2
Age —										
20	125.6	188.9	23.0	7.1	30.1	219.0	50.6	269.6	13.7	81.2
21	140.6	193.6	29.6	6.5	36.1	229.7	47.7	277.3	15.7	82.8
22	162.1	202.2	27.2	5.3	32.5	234.7	52.4	287.1	13.9	81.7
23	190.4	224.0	24.6	4.4	29.0	253.0	45.9	298.9	11.5	84.7
24	194.0	229.2	20.5	* 3.7	24.2	253.4	44.1	297.5	9.6	85.2

TABLE 13. LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATES(a), BY AGE AND BIRTHPLACE, MARCH 1995
(per cent)

Age group	Born in Australia			Born outside Australia		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
15-64	85.6	67.0	76.2	82.3	58.2	70.4
15-19	62.0	64.6	63.2	45.1	50.0	47.5
20-24	91.0	81.6	86.3	69.7	65.9	67.8
25-34	94.3	69.6	81.8	92.8	63.2	77.9
35-44	93.0	72.6	82.7	93.2	68.9	80.9
45-54	90.1	70.2	80.2	89.7	64.6	77.6
55-59	77.0	40.8	58.8	71.6	34.4	53.9
60-64	51.2	18.4	34.1	43.4	11.7	28.5
65 and over	11.0	2.9	6.4	8.5	2.1	5.2
Total	76.5	57.1	66.6	71.0	49.0	60.1

(a) Calculated using population estimates which exclude those in institutions.

TABLE 14. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE BY BIRTHPLACE(a), MARCH 1995

TABLE 14. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE BY BIRTH PLACE(a), MARCH 1993							
	Employed		Unemployed		Labour force	Unemployment rate - per cent -	Participation rate(b)
	Full-time workers	Total	Looking for full-time work - '000 -	Total			
MALES							
Born in Australia	3,083.4	3,488.6	276.7	316.7	3,805.3	8.3	76.5
Born outside Australia	1,061.6	1,175.7	127.9	144.2	1,319.9	10.9	71.0
Main English Speaking Countries	491.0	534.0	41.1	45.8	579.7	7.9	75.9
Other Countries	570.6	641.7	86.8	98.5	740.2	13.3	67.6
Oceania	118.1	129.3	12.8	13.9	143.2	9.7	85.2
New Zealand	95.4	104.5	9.6	9.7	114.2	8.5	87.0
Europe and the Former USSR	654.3	716.7	60.3	68.4	785.2	8.7	67.6
Germany	27.1	29.6	4.7	5.0	34.6	14.4	61.8
Greece	33.6	40.1	* 2.4	* 2.4	42.5	* 5.6	64.7
Italy	66.4	73.4	7.1	7.7	81.2	9.5	57.5
Netherlands	25.4	27.9	* 1.8	* 2.2	30.1	* 7.3	67.4
UK and Ireland	361.1	390.4	27.9	31.3	421.7	7.4	72.7
Former Yugoslav Republics	50.8	55.8	7.8	9.2	65.0	14.2	69.9
The Middle East and North Africa	45.1	52.0	15.7	16.4	68.5	24.0	70.5
Lebanon	16.4	19.0	9.1	9.1	28.2	32.5	71.5
Southeast Asia	85.1	95.2	19.3	23.4	118.6	19.7	73.8
Malaysia	19.4	21.1	* 1.2	* 1.6	22.7	* 7.2	72.3
Philippines	14.9	16.0	* 1.7	* 1.9	17.9	* 10.6	79.3
Viet Nam	30.4	34.4	12.0	13.9	48.4	28.8	77.7
Northeast Asia	47.3	57.6	5.3	6.2	63.7	9.7	66.4
China	25.1	30.2	* 2.9	* 3.2	33.4	* 9.7	73.4
The Americas	39.8	43.8	6.2	6.8	50.7	13.5	80.4
Other	71.9	81.0	8.2	9.1	90.1	10.1	81.0
India	22.8	24.9	* 2.1	* 2.1	27.0	* 7.6	78.4
FEMALES							
Born in Australia	1,485.7	2,702.9	165.1	260.9	2,963.8	8.8	57.1
Born outside Australia	496.7	797.4	66.2	93.9	891.3	10.5	49.0
Main English Speaking Countries	233.3	385.2	19.0	28.5	413.7	6.9	55.6
Other Countries	263.4	412.1	47.3	65.4	477.6	13.7	44.4
Oceania	66.4	100.0	8.0	11.8	111.8	10.6	65.5
New Zealand	50.8	79.3	4.9	7.7	87.0	8.9	68.1
Europe and the Former USSR	262.3	450.0	26.0	35.9	485.8	7.4	45.1
Germany	12.8	22.9	* 3.0	* 3.2	26.2	* 12.4	43.1
Greece	11.4	21.8	* 1.5	* 2.3	24.1	* 9.7	37.9
Italy	19.3	33.7	* 1.8	* 2.7	36.5	* 7.5	30.6
Netherlands	7.2	16.7	* 0.5	* 0.5	17.2	* 3.1	47.4
UK and Ireland	158.6	268.6	12.3	17.5	286.0	6.1	51.6
Former Yugoslav Republics	22.7	32.5	* 2.1	* 3.0	35.4	* 8.4	44.4
The Middle East and North Africa	20.5	29.8	5.9	8.1	37.9	21.4	38.8
Lebanon	6.3	9.6	* 2.4	* 3.0	12.6	* 23.8	30.1
Southeast Asia	64.3	88.1	12.7	17.9	106.0	16.9	53.5
Malaysia	13.0	17.9	* 0.0	* 1.0	18.9	* 5.1	63.6
Philippines	17.4	24.6	* 3.1	4.7	29.3	16.2	62.3
Viet Nam	17.9	22.5	7.9	9.1	31.6	28.9	45.7
Northeast Asia	23.1	35.3	4.3	5.9	41.1	14.3	41.5
China	11.1	15.9	* 2.7	* 3.1	19.0	* 16.1	44.0
The Americas	21.8	37.6	* 3.3	5.0	42.6	11.8	63.2
Other	38.4	56.7	5.9	9.3	66.0	14.1	60.0
India	12.6	16.3	* 1.1	* 1.7	18.1	* 9.7	56.4
PERSONS							
Born in Australia	4,569.1	6,191.5	441.7	577.5	6,769.1	8.5	66.6
Born outside Australia	1,558.3	1,973.1	194.1	238.1	2,211.2	10.8	60.1
Main English Speaking Countries	724.3	919.2	60.1	74.2	993.4	7.5	65.9
Other Countries	834.0	1,053.9	134.0	163.9	1,217.8	13.5	56.1
Oceania	184.6	229.2	20.8	25.7	255.0	10.1	75.3
New Zealand	146.2	183.8	14.5	17.4	201.2	8.7	77.7
Europe and the Former USSR	916.6	1,166.7	86.3	104.3	1,271.0	8.2	56.8
Germany	39.9	52.6	7.7	8.2	60.8	13.5	52.1
Greece	45.0	61.8	* 3.9	4.7	66.6	7.1	51.5
Italy	85.7	107.2	8.9	10.4	117.6	8.9	45.2
Netherlands	32.6	44.6	* 2.4	* 2.7	47.3	* 5.8	58.4
UK and Ireland	519.7	658.9	40.2	48.8	707.7	6.9	62.4
Former Yugoslav Republics	73.5	88.2	9.9	12.2	100.4	12.1	58.1
The Middle East and North Africa	65.5	81.8	21.7	24.6	106.4	23.1	54.6
Lebanon	22.7	28.6	11.5	12.1	40.8	29.8	50.1
Southeast Asia	149.4	183.3	32.1	41.3	224.6	18.4	62.6
Malaysia	32.4	39.0	* 1.2	* 2.6	41.5	* 6.2	68.1
Philippines	32.3	40.6	4.8	6.6	47.2	14.1	67.8
Viet Nam	48.2	56.9	19.8	23.0	80.0	28.8	60.8
Northeast Asia	70.4	92.8	9.6	12.0	104.8	11.5	53.8
China	36.3	46.1	5.6	6.3	52.4	12.0	59.1
The Americas	61.6	81.4	9.5	11.9	93.3	12.7	71.5
Other	110.3	137.8	14.1	18.4	156.1	11.8	70.6
India	35.4	41.2	* 3.2	* 3.8	45.0	* 8.4	67.8

(a) See paragraph 49 of the Explanatory Notes. (b) Calculated using population estimates which exclude those in institutions.

TABLE 15. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE BORN OUTSIDE AUSTRALIA: BIRTHPLACE AND PERIOD OF ARRIVAL IN AUSTRALIA, MARCH 1995

PERIOD OF ARRIVAL IN AUSTRALIA, MARCH 1970													
Period of arrival	Born outside Australia												
	Oceania		Europe & the Former USSR		The Middle East and North Africa		South-east Asia	North-east Asia	The Americas	Other	Total		
	New Zealand	Other countries	U.K. and Ireland	Other countries	North Africa	South-east Asia	North-east Asia	The Americas	Other	Males	Married	Total	Persons
	EMPLOYED ('000)												
	Before 1971	24.7	4.9	343.8	333.1	24.8	18.3	7.6	15.1	29.0	497.2	241.5	304.0	801.3
1971 — 1975	14.6	7.7	105.8	63.3	19.2	13.8	4.8	19.9	18.0	153.7	77.7	113.6	267.3
1976 — 1980	36.7	8.1	50.5	29.1	10.6	40.1	11.5	16.6	15.9	119.9	63.2	99.2	219.1
1981 — 1985	33.8	5.8	56.0	29.0	11.3	51.9	12.1	8.5	19.9	126.1	69.3	102.3	228.4
1986 — 1990	49.4	12.0	72.6	33.6	9.4	44.3	42.9	10.4	34.9	190.2	82.8	119.1	309.3
1991 to survey date	24.7	6.9	30.2	19.6	6.6	14.9	14.0	10.9	20.0	88.7	38.7	59.1	147.7
UNEMPLOYED ('000)													
Before 1971	* 0.6	* 0.6	25.2	29.1	* 3.4	* 0.7	* 1.0	* 1.9	* 1.7	47.3	8.3	17.1	64.3
1971 — 1975	* 2.3	* 1.4	7.9	5.7	* 3.5	* 1.1	* 0.0	* 2.9	* 2.6	15.8	5.7	11.6	27.5
1976 — 1980	4.1	* 0.9	4.9	4.1	4.2	6.5	* 0.2	* 2.2	* 1.6	16.7	5.4	12.0	28.7
1981 — 1985	4.1	* 1.3	4.3	5.2	* 1.9	9.5	* 0.7	* 2.1	* 1.9	18.6	7.1	12.4	31.0
1986 — 1990	* 2.0	* 2.4	* 3.1	* 2.9	7.1	15.7	7.0	* 1.6	4.0	26.1	11.9	19.9	45.9
1991 to survey date	4.2	* 1.6	* 3.5	8.4	4.5	7.8	* 3.0	* 1.1	6.5	19.8	14.2	20.9	40.7
LABOUR FORCE ('000)													
Before 1971	25.4	5.5	368.9	362.3	28.2	19.1	8.6	17.0	30.7	544.5	249.7	321.1	865.6
1971 — 1975	16.9	9.1	113.7	69.0	22.7	15.0	4.8	22.8	20.7	169.5	83.3	125.2	294.7
1976 — 1980	40.8	9.0	55.4	33.2	14.7	46.6	11.7	18.9	17.5	136.6	68.6	111.2	247.9
1981 — 1985	37.9	7.1	60.3	34.3	13.2	61.3	12.8	10.6	21.8	144.6	76.3	114.8	259.4
1986 — 1990	51.4	14.4	75.7	36.5	16.5	60.0	49.9	12.0	38.9	216.2	94.7	139.0	355.2
1991 to survey date	28.9	8.5	33.7	28.0	11.1	22.7	17.0	11.9	26.5	108.4	53.0	80.0	188.4
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (per cent)													
Before 1971	* 2.5	* 11.2	6.8	8.0	* 11.9	* 3.9	* 11.8	* 11.4	* 5.6	8.7	3.3	5.3	7.4
1971 — 1975	* 13.9	* 15.4	6.9	8.2	* 15.4	* 7.7	* 0.0	* 12.7	* 12.7	9.3	6.8	9.3	9.3
1976 — 1980	10.0	* 10.3	8.8	12.5	28.4	14.0	* 1.9	* 11.7	* 9.2	12.3	7.8	10.8	11.6
1981 — 1985	10.8	* 18.1	7.1	15.3	* 14.3	15.4	* 5.6	* 19.9	* 8.8	12.8	9.2	10.8	12.0
1986 — 1990	* 4.0	* 16.7	* 4.1	* 8.0	43.2	26.2	14.1	* 13.6	10.2	12.1	12.6	14.3	12.9
1991 to survey date	14.6	* 19.1	* 10.4	30.0	40.5	34.3	* 17.8	* 9.0	24.6	18.2	26.9	26.1	21.6
PARTICIPATION RATE(a) (per cent)													
Before 1971	64.7	63.7	53.9	45.1	45.4	65.1	49.1	77.1	61.1	61.4	43.3	38.7	50.4
1971 — 1975	89.3	67.9	74.9	66.5	58.8	77.6	68.6	70.7	65.6	83.8	57.3	58.4	70.7
1976 — 1980	79.4	89.4	70.9	70.2	57.9	71.9	63.4	80.3	73.7	82.0	62.7	62.9	72.2
1981 — 1985	80.5	71.4	78.1	68.2	66.4	71.1	59.3	66.9	72.2	80.3	66.6	64.3	72.4
1986 — 1990	76.4	63.6	77.2	68.4	61.5	63.7	65.3	67.1	80.5	81.4	57.7	58.1	70.4
1991 to survey date	82.4	57.1	74.8	60.5	50.3	34.8	31.5	63.3	71.2	69.1	46.3	44.0	55.6

(a) Calculated using population estimates which exclude those in institutions.

TABLE 16. EMPLOYED PERSONS: FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME WORKERS, BY AGE, MARCH 1995 ('000)

	Age group								Total
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-59	60-64	65 and over	
MALES									
Full-time workers	161.5	466.7	1,113.1	1,094.1	890.8	240.2	126.6	52.1	4,145.0
Part-time workers	144.4	79.9	76.9	64.9	56.0	32.9	26.2	38.0	519.3
Total	305.9	546.6	1,190.0	1,159.0	946.7	273.1	152.8	90.2	4,664.3
MARRIED FEMALES									
Full-time workers	5.4	85.7	332.7	337.4	295.8	46.9	17.3	7.1	1,128.3
Part-time workers	* 3.7	37.3	235.8	379.6	252.8	63.2	24.7	10.8	1,007.8
Total	9.1	123.0	568.5	717.0	548.5	110.1	42.0	17.9	2,136.1
ALL FEMALES									
Full-time workers	82.8	345.9	578.9	468.6	401.8	69.0	24.8	10.6	1,982.4
Part-time workers	214.7	145.2	299.7	441.6	291.4	75.1	31.6	18.6	1,517.9
Total	297.5	491.2	878.6	910.2	693.1	144.2	56.4	29.1	3,500.3
PERSONS									
Full-time workers	244.2	812.6	1,691.9	1,562.7	1,292.5	309.2	151.4	62.7	6,127.4
Part-time workers	359.1	225.2	376.6	506.5	347.3	108.1	57.8	56.6	2,037.2
Total	603.4	1,037.8	2,068.5	2,069.3	1,639.9	417.3	209.2	119.3	8,164.6

TABLE 17. EMPLOYED PERSONS: HOURS WORKED, MARCH 1995

	Females			Total	Persons
	Males	Married	Not married		
	NUMBER EMPLOYED ('000)				
Weekly Hours worked —					
0	194.8	95.8	54.8	150.7	345.4
1-15	292.3	413.2	296.5	709.6	1,001.9
16-29	306.5	468.6	186.3	654.9	961.4
30-34	276.0	205.1	107.2	312.3	588.3
35-39	719.3	333.2	276.4	609.5	1,328.8
40	822.3	245.6	199.0	444.6	1,266.8
41-44	278.3	73.3	60.8	134.1	412.4
45-48	471.6	99.1	67.2	166.3	637.9
49 and over	1,303.2	202.3	116.1	318.4	1,621.6
Total	4,664.3	2,136.1	1,364.2	3,500.3	8,164.6
	WEEKLY HOURS WORKED				
Aggregate weekly hours worked (million)	190.0	62.1	40.7	102.8	292.8
By full-time workers	182.0	45.2	33.5	78.7	260.7
By part-time workers	8.0	16.9	7.2	24.1	32.1
Average weekly hours worked	40.7	29.1	29.8	29.4	35.9
By full-time workers	43.9	40.0	39.2	39.7	42.5
By part-time workers	15.4	16.8	14.1	15.9	15.8
Average weekly hours worked by persons who worked one hour or more in the reference week	42.5	30.4	31.1	30.7	37.4
By full-time workers	45.9	42.0	41.0	41.6	44.5
By part-time workers	16.0	17.5	14.6	16.6	16.4

TABLE 18. EMPLOYED PERSONS: EMPLOYMENT/POPULATION RATIOS BY AGE AND MARITAL STATUS, MARCH 1995
(per cent)

Age group	Males			Females			Persons
	Married	Not married	Total	Married	Not married	Total	
15-19	* 80.8	46.8	47.1	47.8	48.2	48.2	47.6
20-24	83.4	74.3	75.5	60.8	73.0	69.5	72.6
25-34	89.2	79.7	85.2	59.2	68.7	62.2	73.7
35-44	89.5	73.0	85.8	67.5	63.8	66.6	76.2
45-54	87.6	69.1	84.4	64.9	60.5	64.0	74.4
55-59	69.6	57.6	67.3	36.8	36.2	36.6	52.2
60-64	46.5	32.1	43.8	17.0	13.8	16.0	29.8
65 and over	10.7	7.0	9.7	3.5	1.6	2.4	5.6
Total	71.5	60.9	67.3	51.5	45.5	49.0	58.0

TABLE 19. FULL-TIME WORKERS WHO WORKED LESS THAN 35 HOURS, BY REASON, MARCH 1995
(‘000)

Reason for working less than 35 hours	Females			Total	Persons
	Males	Married	Not married		
Leave, holiday or flextime	278.3	101.2	75.2	176.3	454.6
Own illness or injury	102.7	39.3	35.1	74.4	177.1
Bad weather, plant breakdown, etc.	36.2	* 1.6	* 0.4	* 2.0	38.1
Began or left job in the reference week	8.4	* 0.7	* 3.1	* 3.8	12.2
Stood down, on short time, insufficient work	47.3	10.1	4.1	14.2	61.5
Shift work, standard work arrangements	61.8	16.5	14.7	31.2	93.1
Other reasons	15.6	5.5	* 2.2	7.6	23.2
Total	550.3	174.9	134.7	309.6	859.8

TABLE 20. PART-TIME WORKERS: WHETHER PREFERRED TO WORK MORE HOURS, BY AGE, MARCH 1995
(^{'000})

	Age group						Total
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55 and over	
MALES							
Total	144.4	79.9	76.9	64.9	56.0	97.2	519.3
Preferred not to work more hours	101.6	46.2	37.3	33.8	31.8	79.0	329.7
Preferred to work more hours	42.8	33.7	39.6	31.1	24.2	18.2	189.6
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week	16.1	18.5	23.1	18.7	13.0	7.8	97.1
MARRIED FEMALES							
Total	* 3.7	37.3	235.8	379.6	252.8	98.7	1,007.8
Preferred not to work more hours	* 2.3	22.8	200.1	307.8	213.4	90.1	836.6
Preferred to work more hours	* 1.4	14.5	35.6	71.8	39.3	8.6	171.2
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week	* 0.1	6.1	10.4	16.9	7.8	* 1.4	42.6
ALL FEMALES							
Total	214.7	145.2	299.7	441.6	291.4	125.3	1,517.9
Preferred not to work more hours	158.6	86.5	236.2	346.7	237.5	112.5	1,178.0
Preferred to work more hours	56.2	58.7	63.5	94.9	53.8	12.8	339.9
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week	20.6	32.8	23.0	25.2	13.6	* 3.0	118.1
PERSONS							
Total	359.1	225.2	376.6	506.5	347.3	222.5	2,037.2
Preferred not to work more hours	260.1	132.7	273.5	380.5	269.3	191.5	1,507.7
Preferred to work more hours	99.0	92.4	103.1	126.1	78.0	30.9	529.5
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week	36.7	51.3	46.1	43.8	26.5	10.8	215.2

TABLE 21. PART-TIME WORKERS: WHETHER PREFERRED TO WORK MORE HOURS, BY HOURS WORKED, MARCH 1995
(^{'000})

	(000)						Persons who did not work in the reference week	Total
	Hours worked by persons who worked in the reference week							
	1-5	6-10	11-15	16-20	21-29	30-34		
MALES								
Total	73.4	111.4	67.6	94.1	85.0	69.4	18.5	519.3
Preferred not to work more hours	44.1	71.6	43.1	59.7	49.4	48.8	13.0	329.7
Preferred to work more hours	29.3	39.8	24.5	34.4	35.6	20.6	5.5	189.6
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week	12.9	21.4	13.2	20.2	18.2	8.4	* 2.7	97.1
MARRIED FEMALES								
Total	107.8	159.7	136.9	194.5	236.4	129.4	43.1	1,007.8
Preferred not to work more hours	81.9	126.8	112.5	163.4	201.9	112.0	38.1	836.6
Preferred to work more hours	25.9	33.0	24.4	31.1	34.5	17.3	5.0	171.2
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week	7.8	7.0	5.0	8.7	9.7	4.0	* 0.5	42.6
ALL FEMALES								
Total	192.1	282.6	218.5	264.9	323.5	174.6	61.7	1,517.9
Preferred not to work more hours	138.7	211.0	169.8	207.5	253.5	146.6	50.9	1,178.0
Preferred to work more hours	53.4	71.6	48.7	57.4	69.9	28.1	10.8	339.9
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week	17.4	25.3	19.0	23.1	23.1	8.1	* 2.2	118.1
PERSONS								
Total	265.5	393.9	286.1	359.0	408.5	244.0	80.2	2,037.2
Preferred not to work more hours	182.8	282.6	212.9	267.2	302.9	195.3	63.9	1,507.7
Preferred to work more hours	82.7	111.3	73.2	91.8	105.6	48.7	16.3	529.5
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week	30.2	46.6	32.2	43.4	41.3	16.5	4.9	215.2

TABLE 22. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: STATES, BY AGE, MARCH 1995
(^{'000})

Age group	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Australia
MALES							
15-19	20.9	19.0	16.6	5.3	7.8	2.6	75.1
20-24	24.9	23.6	14.9	9.0	6.8	2.4	83.7
25-34	33.0	23.6	24.3	12.6	9.6	3.2	109.7
35-44	35.3	19.8	15.2	7.5	7.1	2.5	89.0
45 and over	32.8	30.8	17.3	9.2	8.2	3.2	103.5
Total	146.9	116.8	88.3	43.7	39.5	13.8	460.9
FEMALES							
15-19	27.2	21.3	18.6	6.8	7.7	2.1	85.1
20-24	17.8	21.0	15.7	5.1	5.2	* 1.2	68.3
25-34	28.3	20.4	14.2	7.0	7.1	2.0	81.4
35-44	21.1	16.5	13.1	5.7	6.2	1.7	65.6
45 and over	17.4	15.5	9.3	5.8	3.9	1.6	54.5
Total	111.8	94.8	70.9	30.4	30.1	8.6	354.8
PERSONS							
Looking for full-time work —							
15-19	24.8	21.2	22.0	7.4	9.1	3.6	90.2
20-24	35.4	36.4	25.0	11.6	10.1	3.4	124.9
25-34	50.5	37.4	31.3	17.2	14.1	4.0	158.6
35-44	45.8	30.0	23.6	11.4	9.8	3.4	126.6
45-54	29.2	26.9	14.5	8.3	7.2	2.6	90.2
55 and over	12.7	13.4	7.9	4.5	4.0	1.4	45.3
Total looking for full-time work	198.5	165.2	124.3	60.4	54.4	18.4	635.8
Total —							
15-19	48.1	40.4	35.2	12.1	15.5	4.6	160.2
20-24	42.7	44.6	30.6	14.1	12.0	3.6	151.9
25-34	61.3	44.0	38.5	19.6	16.6	5.2	191.0
35-44	56.4	36.3	28.4	13.2	13.3	4.2	154.6
45-54	34.4	30.7	17.5	10.2	8.1	3.2	105.6
55 and over	15.8	15.5	9.1	4.8	4.1	1.6	52.3
Total	258.7	211.6	159.2	74.0	69.5	22.4	815.7

TABLE 23. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS AGED 15-19:
DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT AND SCHOOL ATTENDANCE, MARCH 1995

	Not attending school		Total
	Attending school	Left school before 1994	
	NUMBER (^{'000})		
Duration of unemployment (weeks) —			
Under 4	12.6	12.1	35.4
4 and under 13	18.0	19.5	57.9
13 and under 26	7.6	9.4	29.6
26 and over	9.0	23.5	37.4
Total	47.2	64.5	160.2
DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT (weeks)			
Average duration —			
Males	14.2	32.5	20.7
Females	16.6	27.8	19.7
Persons	15.5	30.0	20.2
Looking for full-time work	* 19.6	34.8	25.5
Looking for part-time work	14.9	13.4	13.4
Median duration —			
Males	6	15	9
Females	9	12	10
Persons	8	13	10
Looking for full-time work	* 14	18	13
Looking for part-time work	8	* 5	* 4

TABLE 24. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: BY AGE AND WHETHER LOOKING FOR FULL-TIME OR PART-TIME WORK, MARCH 1995

MARCH 1998

	Number unemployed ('000)					Unemployment rate (per cent)				
	Males		Females		Persons	Males		Females		Persons
	Married	Total	Married	Total		Married	Total	Married	Total	
LOOKING FOR FULL-TIME WORK										
Total	177.1	404.6	84.0	231.3	635.8	6.0	8.9	6.9	10.4	9.4
Aged 15-19	* 0.4	45.1	* 3.3	45.1	90.2	* 11.4	21.8	* 37.7	35.3	27.0
Looking for first job	* 0.3	24.2	* 1.8	25.3	49.5	...	...	...	...	...
Attending school	* 0.0	* 3.4	* 0.0	* 2.1	5.5	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Attending a tertiary educational institution full time	* 0.0	* 1.4	* 0.0	* 3.7	5.1	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Aged 20 and over	176.8	359.4	80.7	186.2	545.6	6.0	8.3	6.7	8.9	8.5
20-24	10.2	74.4	11.6	50.5	124.9	11.4	13.8	11.9	12.7	13.3
Looking for first job	* 0.8	15.1	* 1.5	12.1	27.2	...	...	...	...	...
25-34	48.1	104.5	27.6	54.1	158.6	6.5	8.6	7.7	8.6	8.6
35-44	52.5	83.9	23.2	42.7	126.6	5.5	7.1	6.4	8.4	7.5
45-54	37.1	57.0	16.1	33.1	90.2	4.6	6.0	5.2	7.6	6.5
55 and over	28.8	39.6	* 2.2	5.7	45.3	7.5	8.6	* 3.0	5.2	8.0
Aged 15-64	176.8	404.2	83.9	230.9	635.1	6.0	9.0	7.0	10.5	9.5
LOOKING FOR PART-TIME WORK										
Total	10.2	56.3	51.9	123.5	179.9	4.8	9.8	4.9	7.5	8.1
Aged 15-19	* 0.1	30.0	* 1.3	40.0	70.0	* 6.5	17.2	* 25.5	15.7	16.3
Attending school	* 0.0	18.2	* 0.0	23.5	41.7	* 0.0	21.0	* 0.0	18.2	19.3
Attending a tertiary educational institution full time	* 0.0	9.6	* 0.2	13.2	22.9	* 0.0	18.9	* 100.0	17.6	18.1
Aged 20 and over	10.1	26.4	50.6	83.5	109.8	4.8	6.6	4.8	6.0	6.1
20-24	* 0.8	9.3	6.4	17.7	27.0	* 19.2	10.4	14.7	10.9	10.7
Attending a tertiary educational institution full time	* 0.4	7.0	* 0.0	8.6	15.5	* 40.7	16.6	* 0.0	15.4	15.9
25-34	* 2.1	5.2	17.1	27.3	32.4	* 6.0	6.3	6.8	8.3	7.9
35-44	* 2.4	5.1	17.1	22.9	28.0	* 5.3	7.3	4.3	4.9	5.2
45 and over	4.8	6.8	10.0	15.6	22.4	3.9	4.3	2.8	3.6	3.8
Aged 15-64	9.6	55.8	51.8	123.4	179.2	5.3	10.4	4.9	7.6	8.3
TOTAL										
Total	187.3	460.9	135.9	354.8	815.7	5.9	9.0	6.0	9.2	9.1
Aged 15-19	* 0.4	75.1	4.5	85.1	160.2	* 10.2	19.7	33.3	22.2	21.0
Attending school	* 0.0	21.6	* 0.0	25.6	47.2	* 0.0	23.7	* 0.0	19.4	21.2
Attending a tertiary educational institution full time	* 0.0	11.0	* 0.2	16.9	28.0	* 0.0	20.5	* 100.0	20.9	20.7
Aged 20 and over(a)	186.9	385.8	131.4	269.7	655.5	5.9	8.1	5.8	7.8	8.0
20-24	11.0	83.7	18.1	68.3	151.9	11.8	13.3	12.8	12.2	12.8
Attending a tertiary educational institution full time	* 0.5	9.8	* 0.6	11.6	21.3	* 41.4	20.2	* 24.4	18.9	19.5
25-34	50.1	109.7	44.7	81.4	191.0	6.5	8.4	7.3	8.5	8.5
35-44	54.9	89.0	40.3	65.6	154.6	5.5	7.1	5.3	6.7	7.0
45-54	38.7	59.2	24.6	46.4	105.6	4.6	5.9	4.3	6.3	6.0
55-59	20.0	28.9	* 3.0	6.9	35.8	8.0	9.6	* 2.6	4.6	7.9
60-64	11.1	14.4	* 0.5	* 0.7	15.1	7.8	8.6	* 1.1	* 1.2	6.7
Aged 15-64	186.3	459.9	135.7	354.3	814.3	6.0	9.1	6.0	9.3	9.2

(a) Includes unemployed persons aged 65 and over, details for whom are not shown separately.

TABLE 25. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: BIRTHPLACE BY AGE, MARCH 1995

	Number unemployed ('000)			Unemployment rate (per cent)		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
BORN IN AUSTRALIA						
Total	316.7	260.9	577.5	8.3	8.8	8.5
Looking for full-time work	276.7	165.1	441.7	8.2	10.0	8.8
Looking for part-time work	40.0	95.8	135.8	9.0	7.3	7.7
Aged 15-19	66.6	77.2	143.8	19.2	22.2	20.7
Aged 20 and over	250.0	183.7	433.7	7.2	7.0	7.1
20-24	70.3	52.9	123.2	12.6	10.8	11.8
25-34	73.4	57.1	130.5	7.4	7.6	7.5
35-44	51.2	43.2	94.4	5.7	6.1	5.9
45-54	31.9	25.8	57.7	4.9	5.2	5.0
55 and over	23.2	4.6	27.8	6.3	2.7	5.1
Aged 15-64	316.7	260.5	577.2	8.5	8.9	8.6
BORN OUTSIDE AUSTRALIA						
Total	144.2	93.9	238.1	10.9	10.5	10.8
Looking for full-time work	127.9	66.2	194.1	10.8	11.8	11.1
Looking for part-time work	16.4	27.7	44.0	12.5	8.4	9.6
Aged 15-19	8.5	7.9	16.4	25.6	23.0	24.3
Aged 20 and over	135.7	86.0	221.8	10.5	10.0	10.3
20-24	13.4	15.3	28.7	18.0	22.5	20.1
25-34	36.3	24.2	60.5	11.8	11.4	11.6
35-44	37.8	22.4	60.2	10.6	8.3	9.6
45-54	27.3	20.6	47.9	7.6	8.6	8.0
55 and over	21.1	* 3.4	24.5	11.1	* 5.1	9.5
Aged 15-64	143.3	93.8	237.1	11.1	10.6	10.9

TABLE 26. LONG-TERM UNEMPLOYMENT

Month	Long-term unemployment									Long-term unemployment as a proportion of total unemployment		
	Unemployed 52 weeks and under 104			Unemployed 104 weeks and over			Total			Males Females Persons		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
1994 —												
January	102.3	54.0	156.3	129.5	53.7	183.3	231.9	107.7	339.6	39.1	27.8	34.6
February	99.7	64.3	164.1	135.3	66.5	201.8	235.1	130.8	365.9	39.7	31.5	36.3
March	94.3	57.3	151.6	137.5	61.9	199.3	231.8	119.2	351.0	41.3	30.7	37.0
April	87.9	49.1	137.0	128.2	53.5	181.7	216.1	102.6	318.7	41.3	28.5	36.1
May	89.6	50.0	139.6	119.2	52.0	171.2	208.8	102.0	310.8	40.9	30.1	36.6
June	86.7	44.7	131.4	114.3	58.4	172.7	201.0	103.1	304.1	40.3	30.3	36.2
July	76.2	42.3	118.5	114.0	57.6	171.6	190.2	100.0	290.2	40.7	29.7	36.1
August	74.7	50.7	125.4	108.2	56.5	164.7	182.9	107.2	290.1	38.7	33.0	36.4
September	77.2	49.0	126.2	110.6	56.4	167.0	187.8	105.4	293.2	38.8	30.4	35.3
October	75.9	47.3	123.2	103.4	52.4	155.7	179.3	99.7	279.0	40.7	31.8	37.0
November	75.0	45.7	120.8	104.0	56.8	160.8	179.1	102.5	281.6	39.5	33.0	36.8
December	70.7	50.9	121.5	107.7	49.3	157.0	178.4	100.2	278.5	38.0	29.6	34.5
1995 —												
January	72.2	43.0	115.2	108.9	54.3	163.2	181.1	97.3	278.4	35.3	28.5	32.6
February	75.7	47.1	122.9	108.0	63.7	171.7	183.8	110.8	294.6	36.7	28.7	33.2
March	63.1	41.6	104.7	110.4	48.2	158.5	173.4	89.8	263.2	37.6	25.3	32.3

TABLE 27. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT AND AGE, ETC., MARCH 1995

Duration of unemployment (weeks)	Age group					Married	Not married	Looking for -	
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-54	Total(a)			Full-time work	Part-time work
	MALES								
					— '000 —				
Under 52	63.8	55.5	69.1	80.2	287.5	107.6	179.8	240.8	46.7
under 2	6.6	* 3.5	4.5	5.4	20.5	7.5	12.9	13.4	7.1
2 and under 4	11.0	5.2	8.0	10.2	37.5	13.0	24.5	27.9	9.5
4 and under 8	15.1	11.2	8.9	15.0	51.5	15.4	36.1	38.9	12.6
8 and under 13	12.7	11.9	12.6	16.3	56.9	23.5	33.4	48.8	8.0
13 and under 26	12.3	10.7	21.1	15.1	63.2	22.4	40.8	57.1	6.1
26 and under 39	4.6	8.4	9.6	13.1	39.4	17.0	22.4	36.9	* 2.5
39 and under 52	* 1.6	4.5	4.3	5.2	18.6	8.8	9.8	17.7	* 1.0
52 and over	11.3	28.2	40.6	67.9	173.4	79.7	93.8	163.8	9.6
52 and under 65	5.2	8.9	10.6	7.5	36.0	12.0	24.0	33.5	* 2.5
65 and under 104	* 2.7	4.3	5.9	10.2	27.1	13.0	14.0	25.1	* 2.0
104 and over	* 3.4	15.1	24.1	50.2	110.4	54.7	55.7	105.2	5.2
Total	75.1	83.7	109.7	148.1	460.9	187.3	273.6	404.6	56.3
				— weeks —					
Average duration —	20.7	54.1	64.0	78.5	63.6	75.8	55.2	68.3	30.0
Median duration —	9	23	25	35	26	34	20	29	6

a) Includes persons aged 55

whom are in own separate

**TABLE 28. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: INDUSTRY AND OCCUPATION OF LAST FULL-TIME JOB
AND DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT, MARCH 1995**
(^{'000})

	Duration of unemployment (weeks)					Total		
	Under 4	4 and under 13	13 and under 26	26 and under 52	52 and over	Males	Females	Persons
<i>Had worked full time for two weeks or more in the last two years</i>	60.2	117.4	67.0	60.7	58.6	239.5	124.3	363.8
<i>Industry division —</i>								
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	* 3.3	7.2	* 3.0	* 3.9	* 2.1	15.4	4.1	19.5
Manufacturing	13.6	23.6	16.4	10.4	14.7	60.5	18.2	78.6
Construction	7.4	13.2	7.9	7.3	4.7	38.0	* 2.5	40.6
Wholesale Trade	* 3.5	6.5	4.1	* 3.2	* 3.1	15.6	4.9	20.4
Retail Trade	9.9	16.9	8.1	9.2	10.1	28.8	25.4	54.2
Accommodation, Cafes and Restaurants	* 2.9	6.7	6.2	* 1.6	* 2.6	8.6	11.5	20.1
Transport and Storage	* 2.4	5.7	* 2.7	* 3.7	* 3.1	15.2	* 2.5	17.6
Property and Business Services	5.7	7.7	5.6	4.8	* 3.8	15.5	12.0	27.6
Government Administration and Defence	* 1.3	* 2.9	* 2.5	* 1.7	* 3.4	8.7	* 3.1	11.8
Education	* 0.8	5.9	* 2.2	* 3.2	* 2.0	6.9	7.1	14.0
Health and Community Services	* 2.9	8.1	* 2.7	* 2.5	* 2.5	4.7	14.1	18.7
Cultural and Recreational Services	* 1.6	* 2.6	* 1.8	* 1.5	* 1.6	4.7	4.4	9.1
Personal and Other Services	* 2.5	4.6	* 1.3	* 3.7	* 1.6	6.0	7.7	13.7
Other industries	* 2.5	5.7	* 2.4	* 3.8	* 3.4	11.1	6.9	17.9
<i>Occupation group —</i>								
Managers and administrators	* 1.2	4.4	* 2.6	* 3.5	* 2.3	10.9	* 3.1	13.9
Professionals	4.0	9.0	4.1	4.2	4.0	15.7	9.6	25.3
Para-professionals	* 1.4	4.3	* 1.3	* 2.3	* 2.5	8.2	* 3.5	11.8
Tradespersons	12.8	21.1	13.1	9.9	9.6	60.2	6.3	66.4
Clerks	7.5	16.7	7.7	6.3	5.4	9.2	34.4	43.6
Salespersons and personal service workers	12.5	20.5	12.9	8.4	9.6	24.1	39.8	63.9
Plant and machine operators, and drivers	4.8	9.6	5.9	8.4	7.9	33.5	* 3.2	36.6
Labourers and related workers	16.0	31.9	19.3	17.8	17.2	77.7	24.5	102.2
<i>Other</i>	47.4	95.8	47.1	38.9	204.6	215.2	218.7	433.9
Looking for first job	22.9	53.6	29.3	19.3	35.3	75.5	85.0	160.6
Looking for full-time work	6.2	25.3	19.5	13.2	26.9	46.4	44.7	91.1
Former workers	24.5	42.1	17.8	19.6	169.3	139.7	133.6	273.3
<i>Stood down</i>	18.0	..	..	..	..	6.2	11.8	18.0
Total	125.7	213.2	114.1	99.6	263.2	460.9	354.8	815.7

TABLE 29. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: AGE AND ACTIVE STEPS TAKEN TO FIND WORK, MARCH 1995
(^{'000})

			Persons			Total
	Males	Females	Aged 15-19	Aged 20-24	Aged 25 and over	
<i>Took active steps to find work</i>	454.7	343.0	153.6	149.3	494.7	797.6
Wrote, phoned or applied in person to an employer	395.7	294.7	130.7	130.9	428.7	690.4
Answered a newspaper advertisement for a job	7.5	9.1	* 3.9	* 2.4	10.2	16.5
Checked factory or Commonwealth Employment Service noticeboards	27.0	20.9	9.9	8.4	29.6	47.9
Been registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service	14.6	8.0	* 3.3	4.2	15.1	22.6
Checked or registered with any other employment agency	* 0.7	* 0.7	* 0.5	* 0.0	* 0.9	* 1.4
Advertised or tendered for work	* 1.4	* 0.1	* 0.4	* 0.2	* 1.0	* 1.5
Contacted relatives or friends	7.9	9.5	4.9	* 3.2	9.2	17.3
<i>Stood down</i>	6.2	11.8	6.6	* 2.6	8.8	18.0
Total	460.9	354.8	160.2	151.9	503.5	815.7

TABLE 30. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: REASON FOR LEAVING LAST FULL-TIME JOB

TABLE 56. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: REASON FOR LEAVING LAST FULL TIME JOB											
Month	Job loser	Reason for unemployment				Total	Per cent of unemployed				
		Job leaver	Stood down	Looking for first job	Former workers		Job loser	Job leaver	Stood down	Looking for first job	Former workers
		- '000	- '000	- '000	- '000		- per cent	- per cent	- per cent	- per cent	- per cent
1994 —											
January	325.3	114.0	26.0	215.1	299.7	980.1	33.2	11.6	2.7	21.9	30.6
February	314.4	136.2	20.9	200.8	334.6	1,006.9	31.2	13.5	2.1	19.9	33.2
March	289.4	128.3	20.5	188.3	322.8	949.2	30.5	13.5	2.2	19.8	34.0
April	267.4	127.9	26.3	165.2	296.4	883.2	30.3	14.5	3.0	18.7	33.6
May	273.1	115.8	20.1	160.6	280.3	849.9	32.1	13.6	2.4	18.9	33.0
June	268.2	116.0	20.4	156.2	278.4	839.2	32.0	13.8	2.4	18.6	33.2
July	238.1	120.5	23.1	145.6	276.6	803.9	29.6	15.0	2.9	18.1	34.4
August	257.2	111.3	11.8	151.6	266.1	797.9	32.2	13.9	1.5	19.0	33.4
September	259.2	111.6	25.3	164.2	270.5	830.8	31.2	13.4	3.0	19.8	32.6
October	235.4	98.9	20.7	137.3	261.1	753.3	31.2	13.1	2.7	18.2	34.7
November	242.8	102.9	22.3	142.1	253.9	764.1	31.8	13.5	2.9	18.6	33.2
December	224.9	110.2	15.8	191.7	264.9	807.6	27.8	13.6	2.0	23.7	32.8
1995 —											
January	252.1	113.9	26.5	197.6	263.4	853.7	29.5	13.3	3.1	23.1	30.9
February	254.7	132.2	21.3	189.2	288.9	886.2	28.7	14.9	2.4	21.3	32.6
March	229.2	134.5	18.0	160.6	273.3	815.7	28.1	16.5	2.2	19.7	33.5

TABLE 31. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS WHO HAD WORKED FULL TIME FOR TWO WEEKS OR MORE IN THE LAST TWO YEARS: REASON FOR CEASING LAST FULL-TIME JOB, INDUSTRY AND OCCUPATION OF LAST FULL-TIME JOB AND AGE, MARCH 1995 ('000)

(000)

	Reason for ceasing last full-time job									
	Job loser						Job leaver			
	Laid-off, retrenched			Total						
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Total
Industry division —										
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	5.3	* 0.8	6.1	11.5	* 2.6	14.1	* 3.8	* 1.6	5.4	19.5
Manufacturing	32.7	6.8	39.5	44.7	11.0	55.7	15.8	7.2	23.0	78.6
Construction	19.8	* 1.6	21.4	31.8	* 2.2	34.1	6.2	* 0.3	6.5	40.6
Wholesale Trade	5.9	* 2.0	8.0	9.8	* 3.1	12.8	5.8	* 1.8	7.6	20.4
Retail Trade	10.9	7.4	18.2	15.7	12.0	27.6	13.1	13.4	26.6	54.2
Accommodation, Cafes & Restaurants	* 3.0	* 2.7	5.7	4.2	4.3	8.5	4.4	7.1	11.5	20.1
Transport and Storage	7.3	* 0.8	8.1	10.2	* 0.8	11.0	4.9	* 1.6	6.6	17.6
Government Administration & Defence	* 3.3	* 1.0	4.3	6.2	* 1.9	8.1	* 2.5	* 1.1	* 3.7	11.8
Education	* 2.2	* 0.4	* 2.5	4.4	* 2.5	6.9	* 2.5	4.6	7.1	14.0
Health and Community Services	* 1.7	* 2.7	4.3	* 3.4	5.7	9.0	* 1.3	8.4	9.7	18.7
Cultural and Recreational Services	* 1.7	* 1.5	* 3.2	* 3.7	* 2.4	6.2	* 0.9	* 2.0	* 2.9	9.1
Personal and Other Services	* 3.1	* 1.6	4.7	4.4	* 2.0	6.4	* 1.7	5.7	7.4	13.7
Other Industries	12.5	6.0	18.5	18.9	10.0	28.9	7.7	8.9	16.6	45.5
Occupation group —										
Tradespersons	28.9	* 1.8	30.8	44.5	* 2.3	46.8	15.7	4.0	19.7	66.4
Clerks	* 3.7	11.7	15.4	5.6	18.8	24.4	* 3.6	15.6	19.2	43.6
Salespersons and Personal Service Workers	8.6	10.5	19.1	14.1	16.8	30.8	10.0	23.0	33.1	63.9
Plant and Machine Operators, and Drivers	13.7	* 1.0	14.8	22.1	* 2.1	24.2	11.3	* 1.1	12.5	36.6
Labourers and Related Workers	40.8	7.6	48.4	59.0	14.7	73.7	18.8	9.8	28.5	102.2
Other Occupations	13.6	* 2.5	16.1	23.5	5.9	29.4	11.3	10.3	21.6	51.0
Age group										
15-19	9.5	5.4	14.9	12.0	9.2	21.2	10.0	12.6	22.7	43.8
20-24	21.5	8.4	29.9	31.7	13.4	45.1	15.0	19.7	34.7	79.8
25-34	28.8	6.8	35.5	45.5	14.6	60.1	23.4	17.9	41.4	101.5
35-44	21.9	6.0	27.8	36.8	11.3	48.1	13.2	8.5	21.8	69.9
45-54	16.6	7.2	23.8	25.0	10.5	35.5	5.4	5.0	10.4	45.9
55 and over	11.0	* 1.5	12.5	17.7	* 1.5	19.3	* 3.6	* 0.0	* 3.6	22.9
Total	109.3	35.2	144.6	168.8	60.5	229.2	70.7	63.8	134.5	363.8

TABLE 32. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE: AGE AND MARITAL STATUS, MARCH 1995

Age group	Males			Females			Persons	Proportion of population - per cent -
	Married	Not married	Total	Married - '000 -	Not married	Total		
15-19	* 0.5	268.1	268.5	5.4	229.7	235.1	503.7	39.7
20-24	5.4	88.0	93.5	61.4	85.8	147.2	240.6	16.8
25-34	37.7	58.7	96.4	347.5	104.9	452.4	548.8	19.5
35-44	55.3	47.6	102.8	305.4	84.5	389.9	492.7	18.1
45-54	75.7	40.1	115.8	271.4	72.7	344.2	460.0	20.9
55-59	79.6	24.0	103.6	186.4	56.2	242.6	346.1	43.3
60-64	141.0	40.7	181.6	205.0	89.9	294.9	476.5	68.0
65-69	216.8	60.0	276.8	204.0	132.4	336.3	613.1	88.8
70 and over	393.0	169.9	562.8	290.0	556.6	846.6	1,409.5	97.0
Total	1,005.0	797.0	1,802.0	1,876.5	1,412.6	3,289.1	5,091.1	36.2

TABLE 33. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE: WHETHER LOOKING FOR WORK, ETC., MARCH 1995 ('000)

	Males			Females			Persons
	Married	Not married	Total	Married	Not married	Total	
<i>Looking for work</i>	21.2	37.1	58.3	36.7	40.7	77.4	135.8
Took active steps to find work(a)	11.2	14.2	25.4	11.0	19.1	30.1	55.5
Did not take active steps to find work	10.0	22.9	33.0	25.7	21.6	47.3	80.2
<i>Not looking for work</i>	938.9	684.1	1,623.0	1,815.5	1,244.2	3,059.8	4,682.7
Permanently unable to work	19.2	21.5	40.7	10.4	20.5	31.0	71.7
In institutions	25.7	54.3	80.0	13.9	107.1	121.0	201.0
Total	1,005.0	797.0	1,802.0	1,876.5	1,412.6	3,289.1	5,091.1

(a) Not available to start work in the reference week for reasons other than own temporary illness or injury.

TABLE 34. ESTIMATES OF LABOUR FORCE STATUS AND GROSS CHANGES (FLOWS) DERIVED FROM MATCHED RECORDS FEBRUARY 1995 AND MARCH 1995 ('000)

Labour force status in February 1995	Labour force status in March 1995			
	Employed full time	Employed part time	Unemployed	Not in the labour force
MALES				
Employed full time	3,200.8	73.8	32.6	39.7
Employed part time	68.9	266.7	19.6	31.6
Unemployed	42.5	37.9	242.5	57.1
Not in the labour force	28.4	31.9	49.7	1,220.0
MARRIED FEMALES				
Employed full time	816.5	78.5	* 3.4	19.0
Employed part time	70.8	674.2	9.3	53.4
Unemployed	7.2	18.1	56.7	31.9
Not in the labour force	16.4	59.5	36.8	1,426.5
ALL FEMALES				
Employed full time	1,428.7	116.8	9.4	28.8
Employed part time	110.4	986.8	25.4	76.3
Unemployed	18.3	45.2	161.0	70.6
Not in the labour force	22.0	91.1	73.9	2,362.2
PERSONS				
Employed full time	4,629.5	190.6	42.1	68.5
Employed part time	179.3	1,253.5	44.9	107.9
Unemployed	60.8	83.0	403.5	127.7
Not in the labour force	50.4	123.0	123.6	3,582.3

POPULATION REPRESENTED BY THE MATCHED SAMPLE

Males	Females		Persons
	Married	Total	
5,443.5	3,378.2	5,627.0	11,070.5

TABLE 35. RELATIONSHIP IN HOUSEHOLD(a), THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: SUMMARY TABLE, MARCH 1995

MARCH 1995					Civilian population aged 15 and over		
	Employed	Unemployed	Labour force	Not in labour force	Males	Females	Persons
	PERSONS ('000)						
Family member	6,672.6	616.6	7,289.2	3,793.4	5,473.1	5,609.6	11,082.6
Husband or wife	4,977.2	308.7	5,285.9	2,763.0	4,056.2	3,992.8	8,049.0
With children under 15	2,473.6	193.8	2,667.4	751.8	1,730.7	1,688.5	3,419.2
Without children under 15	2,503.6	115.0	2,618.5	2,011.2	2,325.4	2,304.3	4,629.7
With dependants	2,879.2	212.3	3,091.5	857.1	1,997.7	1,950.9	3,948.6
Without dependants	2,098.0	96.4	2,194.4	1,906.0	2,058.4	2,041.9	4,100.3
Lone parent	268.2	56.6	324.8	326.9	100.9	550.8	651.7
With children under 15	157.4	39.0	196.3	179.5	38.8	337.0	375.8
With dependent students but without children under 15	45.3	7.8	53.1	20.4	16.6	56.9	73.5
Without dependants	65.6	9.8	75.4	127.0	45.5	156.9	202.4
Dependent student(b)	312.5	73.6	386.1	437.7	405.4	418.4	823.8
Non-dependent child(c)	978.0	149.9	1,127.8	108.9	766.3	470.4	1,236.7
Other family person	136.7	27.9	164.6	157.0	144.4	177.2	321.5
Non-family member	1,205.3	157.7	1,363.0	886.8	1,110.5	1,139.3	2,249.8
Lone person	590.2	70.0	660.2	736.8	624.8	772.2	1,397.0
Not living alone	615.1	87.7	702.8	150.0	485.7	367.1	852.8
Usual resident of a household where relationship was determined	7,877.9	774.3	8,652.2	4,680.3	6,583.6	6,748.9	13,332.5
Usual resident of a household where relationship was not determined	152.5	20.1	172.6	59.9	98.1	134.4	232.5
Total usual residents of private dwellings	8,030.4	794.4	8,824.8	4,740.2	6,681.7	6,883.3	13,565.0
Visitors to private dwellings	38.1	7.1	45.2	36.7	41.3	40.7	81.9
Persons enumerated in non-private dwellings	96.1	14.2	110.3	314.2	204.2	220.3	424.5
Total	8,164.6	815.7	8,980.3	5,091.1	6,927.2	7,144.2	14,071.4
	PROPORTION OF TOTAL (per cent)						
Family member	81.7	75.6	81.2	74.5	79.0	78.5	78.8
Husband or wife	61.0	37.8	58.9	54.3	58.6	55.9	57.2
With children under 15	30.3	23.8	29.7	14.8	25.0	23.6	24.3
Without children under 15	30.7	14.1	29.2	39.5	33.6	32.3	32.9
With dependants	35.3	26.0	34.4	16.8	28.8	27.3	28.1
Without dependants	25.7	11.8	24.4	37.4	29.7	28.6	29.1
Lone parent	3.3	6.9	3.6	6.4	1.5	7.7	4.6
With children under 15	1.9	4.8	2.2	3.5	0.6	4.7	2.7
With dependent students but without children under 15	0.6	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.2	0.8	0.5
Without dependants	0.8	1.2	0.8	2.5	0.7	2.2	1.4
Dependent student(b)	3.8	9.0	4.3	8.6	5.9	5.9	5.9
Non-dependent child(c)	12.0	18.4	12.6	2.1	11.1	6.6	8.8
Other family person	1.7	3.4	1.8	3.1	2.1	2.5	2.3
Non-family member	14.8	19.3	15.2	17.4	16.0	15.9	16.0
Lone person	7.2	8.6	7.4	14.5	9.0	10.8	9.9
Not living alone	7.5	10.7	7.8	2.9	7.0	5.1	6.1
Usual resident of a household where relationship was determined	96.5	94.9	96.3	91.9	95.0	94.5	94.7
Usual resident of a household where relationship was not determined	1.9	2.5	1.9	1.2	1.4	1.9	1.7
Total usual residents of private dwellings	98.4	97.4	98.3	93.1	96.5	96.3	96.4
Visitors to private dwellings	0.5	0.9	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.6
Persons enumerated in non-private dwellings	1.2	1.7	1.2	6.2	2.9	3.1	3.0
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

(a) "Relationship in household" is a new classification. See Explanatory Notes 45 and 46 and the Glossary for definitions of the categories. (b) Excludes persons aged 20-24 attending school. Also excludes sons or daughters aged 15-24 who are classified as husbands, wives or lone parents. (c) Aged 15 and over.

TABLE 36. RELATIONSHIP IN HOUSEHOLD(a) AND LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF PERSONS AGED 15 AND OVER(b), MARCH 1995

	Employed		Unemployed		Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian population aged 15 and over	Unemployment rate - per cent -	Participation rate	
	Full-time workers	Part-time workers	Total	Looking for full-time work						Total
MALES										
Family member	3,372.5	414.9	3,787.4	293.3	337.8	4,125.2	1,347.9	5,473.1	8.2	75.4
Husband	2,727.5	193.7	2,921.2	171.1	180.8	3,102.0	954.2	4,056.2	5.8	76.5
With children under 15	1,445.5	73.0	1,518.5	108.3	112.3	1,630.8	99.9	1,730.7	6.9	94.2
Without children under 15	1,281.9	120.7	1,402.7	62.8	68.5	1,471.2	854.3	2,325.4	4.7	63.3
With dependants	1,664.9	83.2	1,748.1	117.8	122.5	1,870.6	127.1	1,997.7	6.5	93.6
Without dependants	1,062.5	110.5	1,173.0	53.3	58.3	1,231.3	827.1	2,058.4	4.7	59.8
Lone parent	45.2	9.4	54.6	7.9	10.3	64.9	36.0	100.9	15.9	64.4
With children under 15	17.8	5.9	23.7	4.0	6.0	29.6	9.2	38.8	20.2	76.3
With dependent students but without children under 15	10.4	* 1.2	11.7	* 1.9	* 1.9	13.5	* 3.0	16.6	* 13.8	81.7
Without dependants	17.0	* 2.3	19.3	* 2.1	* 2.5	21.7	23.7	45.5	* 11.3	47.8
Dependent student(c)	4.4	125.1	129.5	4.9	32.6	162.1	243.3	405.4	20.1	40.0
Non-dependent child(d)	527.7	75.7	603.5	93.2	96.8	700.3	66.0	766.3	13.8	91.4
Other family person	67.8	10.9	78.7	16.2	17.3	96.0	48.4	144.4	18.0	66.5
Non-family member	636.7	85.0	721.7	91.2	100.3	822.0	288.5	1,110.5	12.2	74.0
Lone person	323.9	39.1	363.0	46.3	49.5	412.5	212.3	624.8	12.0	66.0
Not living alone	312.9	45.9	358.8	44.9	50.8	409.5	76.1	485.7	12.4	84.3
Total	4,009.3	499.9	4,509.2	384.5	438.1	4,947.2	1,636.4	6,583.6	8.9	75.1
FEMALES										
Family member	1,533.1	1,352.1	2,885.2	173.0	278.9	3,164.0	2,445.5	5,609.6	8.8	56.4
Wife	1,082.7	973.3	2,056.0	77.7	127.9	2,184.0	1,808.8	3,992.8	5.9	54.7
With children under 15	390.4	564.7	955.1	44.4	81.5	1,036.6	651.9	1,688.5	7.9	61.4
Without children under 15	692.3	408.6	1,100.9	33.4	46.4	1,147.4	1,157.0	2,304.3	4.0	49.8
With dependants	485.8	645.3	1,131.1	49.8	89.8	1,220.9	730.0	1,950.9	7.4	62.6
Without dependants	596.9	328.0	924.9	28.0	38.1	963.0	1,078.9	2,041.9	4.0	47.2
Lone parent	114.1	99.5	213.6	29.4	46.3	259.9	290.9	550.8	17.8	47.2
With children under 15	60.1	73.6	133.7	18.3	33.0	166.7	170.3	337.0	19.8	49.5
With dependent students but without children under 15	21.1	12.5	33.6	4.0	5.9	39.5	17.4	56.9	15.0	69.4
Without dependants	32.9	13.4	46.3	7.1	7.4	53.6	103.3	156.9	13.7	34.2
Dependent student(c)	* 2.4	180.6	183.1	6.1	40.9	224.0	194.4	418.4	18.3	53.5
Non-dependent child(d)	291.5	83.0	374.5	50.8	53.1	427.6	42.8	470.4	12.4	90.9
Other family person	42.3	15.6	58.0	9.0	10.6	68.6	108.6	177.2	15.5	38.7
Non-family member	370.1	113.5	483.6	43.9	57.4	541.0	598.3	1,139.3	10.6	47.5
Lone person	172.0	55.2	227.2	16.0	20.5	247.7	524.5	772.2	8.3	32.1
Not living alone	198.0	58.3	256.3	27.9	36.9	293.2	73.9	367.1	12.6	79.9
Total	1,903.2	1,465.6	3,368.7	216.9	336.2	3,705.0	3,043.9	6,748.9	9.1	54.9
PERSONS										
Family member	4,905.6	1,767.0	6,672.6	466.4	616.6	7,289.2	3,793.4	11,082.6	8.5	65.8
Husband or wife	3,810.1	1,167.1	4,977.2	248.8	308.7	5,285.9	2,763.0	8,049.0	5.8	65.7
With children under 15	1,835.9	637.8	2,473.6	152.6	193.8	2,667.4	751.8	3,419.2	7.3	78.0
Without children under 15	1,974.3	529.3	2,503.6	96.2	115.0	2,618.5	2,011.2	4,629.7	4.4	56.6
With dependants	2,150.7	728.5	2,879.2	167.6	212.3	3,091.5	857.1	3,948.6	6.9	78.3
Without dependants	1,659.4	438.5	2,098.0	81.2	96.4	2,194.4	1,906.0	4,100.3	4.4	53.5
Lone parent	159.3	108.9	268.2	37.3	56.6	324.8	326.9	651.7	17.4	49.8
With children under 15	77.9	79.5	157.4	22.2	39.0	196.3	179.5	375.8	19.8	52.2
With dependent students but without children under 15	31.5	13.8	45.3	5.9	7.8	53.1	20.4	73.5	14.7	72.2
Without dependants	49.9	15.7	65.6	9.2	9.8	75.4	127.0	202.4	13.0	37.2
Dependent student(c)	6.8	305.7	312.5	11.1	73.6	386.1	437.7	823.8	19.1	46.9
Non-dependent child(d)	819.2	158.7	978.0	143.9	149.9	1,127.8	108.9	1,236.7	13.3	91.2
Other family person	110.1	26.6	136.7	25.2	27.9	164.6	157.0	321.5	16.9	51.2
Non-family member	1,006.8	198.5	1,205.3	135.1	157.7	1,363.0	886.8	2,249.8	11.6	60.6
Lone person	495.9	94.3	590.2	62.3	70.0	660.2	736.8	1,397.0	10.6	47.3
Not living alone	510.9	104.2	615.1	72.8	87.7	702.8	150.0	852.8	12.5	82.4
Total	5,912.4	1,965.5	7,877.9	601.5	774.3	8,652.2	4,680.3	13,332.5	8.9	64.9

(a) "Relationship in household" is a new classification. See Explanatory Notes 45 and 46 and the Glossary for definitions of the categories. (b) Civilians who were residents of private dwellings where family status was determined. See Explanatory Notes paragraphs 43 and 44. (c) Excludes persons aged 20-24 attending school. Also excludes sons or daughters aged 15-24 who are classified as husbands, wives or lone parents. (d) Aged 15 and over.

TABLE 37. ALL FAMILIES(a): FAMILY TYPE(b), NUMBER OF FAMILY MEMBERS AND LABOUR FORCE STATUS,
MARCH 1995
(^{'000 families})

Number of family members(c)	None employed			One employed			Two or more employed			Total		
	None unemp-loyed	One or more unemp-loyed	Total	None unemp-loyed	One or more unemp-loyed	Total	None unemp-loyed	One or more unemp-loyed	Total	None unemp-loyed	One or more unemp-loyed	Total
COUPLE FAMILY												
Two	636.7	31.9	668.6	242.7	31.5	274.2	646.0	..	646.0	1,525.4	63.5	1,588.9
Three	47.9	39.2	87.1	206.8	41.6	248.4	449.1	25.6	474.7	703.7	106.5	810.2
Four	21.4	40.8	62.2	231.7	51.7	283.4	598.5	46.2	644.7	851.7	138.6	990.3
Five	12.6	18.8	31.3	112.5	20.8	133.3	262.4	31.3	293.7	387.4	70.8	458.3
Six or more	8.4	13.7	22.1	47.0	8.2	55.3	93.2	9.8	103.0	148.6	31.8	180.4
Total	727.0	144.4	871.3	840.8	153.9	994.6	2,049.2	112.9	2,162.1	3,616.9	411.2	4,028.0
ONE PARENT FAMILY WITH A MALE PARENT												
Two	12.3	9.1	21.4	28.8	* 3.4	32.2	15.9	..	15.9	56.9	12.6	69.5
Three or more	* 2.9	* 3.8	6.7	13.1	* 2.3	15.3	9.1	* 1.6	10.6	25.0	7.6	32.7
Total	15.2	12.9	28.1	41.9	5.7	47.6	24.9	* 1.6	26.5	82.0	20.2	102.2
ONE PARENT FAMILY WITH A FEMALE PARENT												
Two	84.7	30.9	115.6	121.5	10.8	132.3	35.9	..	35.9	242.1	41.7	283.8
Three	58.7	17.5	76.2	52.1	9.6	61.7	34.3	4.6	38.9	145.0	31.7	176.8
Four	30.7	7.2	37.8	17.8	* 2.1	19.9	9.4	* 2.9	12.2	57.8	12.1	69.9
Five or more	10.5	* 0.9	11.5	5.2	* 2.2	7.4	4.2	* 0.9	5.1	19.9	4.0	23.9
Total	184.5	56.5	241.1	196.6	24.6	221.2	83.8	8.4	92.2	464.9	89.5	554.4
ONE PARENT FAMILIES: TOTAL												
Two	97.0	40.1	137.0	150.3	14.2	164.5	51.8	..	51.8	299.1	54.2	353.3
Three	60.6	20.1	80.7	62.0	11.6	73.6	40.2	5.6	45.8	162.9	37.3	200.1
Four	31.6	8.2	39.8	19.9	* 2.4	22.2	12.0	* 3.0	15.0	63.5	13.6	77.1
Five or more	10.5	* 1.1	11.6	6.2	* 2.2	8.4	4.7	* 1.4	6.1	21.5	4.6	26.1
Total	199.7	69.4	269.1	238.4	30.3	268.8	108.7	10.0	118.7	546.9	109.7	656.6
OTHER FAMILY												
Two	19.7	4.9	24.5	14.0	5.9	20.0	33.2	..	33.2	66.9	10.8	77.7
Three or more	* 0.7	* 0.2	* 0.9	* 0.3	* 0.6	* 1.0	* 3.1	* 0.2	* 3.3	4.1	* 1.1	5.2
Total	20.4	5.1	25.5	14.3	6.6	20.9	36.3	* 0.2	36.5	71.0	11.9	82.9
TOTAL												
Two	753.3	76.9	830.2	407.1	51.6	458.7	731.0	..	731.0	1,891.4	128.5	2,019.9
Three	109.2	59.3	168.5	269.1	53.8	322.9	491.6	31.2	522.7	869.9	144.3	1,014.2
Four	53.1	49.0	102.0	251.6	54.1	305.7	610.6	49.2	659.8	915.2	152.3	1,067.5
Five	18.5	19.8	38.3	117.8	22.4	140.2	266.9	32.4	299.3	403.3	74.5	477.8
Six or more	13.0	14.0	26.9	48.0	8.8	56.8	94.1	10.3	104.4	155.0	33.1	188.1
Total	947.1	218.8	1,165.9	1,093.6	190.8	1,284.3	2,194.2	123.1	2,317.3	4,234.8	532.7	4,767.5

(a) See Explanatory Notes paragraphs 43 and 44 for details of exclusions to family tables. (b) "Family type" is a new classification. See Explanatory Notes 45 and 47 and the Glossary for definitions of the categories. (c) Of any age.

TABLE 38. ALL FAMILIES(a): FAMILY TYPE(b), NUMBER OF CHILDREN UNDER 15 PRESENT, NUMBER OF DEPENDANTS AND LABOUR FORCE STATUS, MARCH 1995
(*000 families)

	Number of children under 15			Number of dependants			Total
	None	One	Two or more	None	One	Two or more	
	NO FAMILY MEMBER EMPLOYED						
Couple family	725.9	49.0	96.4	711.9	52.4	107.1	871.3
One or both spouses unemployed(c)	38.3	27.3	60.2	34.4	26.0	65.5	125.9
Husband unemployed, wife unemployed	9.2	7.4	9.3	8.6	6.6	10.6	25.9
Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour force	25.1	17.2	48.7	22.4	17.1	51.4	91.0
Neither spouse unemployed	687.6	21.7	36.1	677.5	26.3	41.6	745.4
One parent families	65.6	96.3	107.2	49.9	102.4	116.9	269.1
Parent unemployed	7.3	21.4	16.2	4.1	22.6	18.2	45.0
Male parent unemployed	* 2.8	* 3.1	* 2.7	* 1.7	4.0	* 2.9	8.6
Female parent unemployed	4.5	18.3	13.5	* 2.4	18.6	15.3	36.3
Parent not unemployed	58.2	74.9	91.0	45.7	79.7	98.7	224.2
Male parent not in the labour force	10.9	5.7	* 2.9	8.1	8.4	* 2.9	19.4
Female parent not in the labour force	47.4	69.2	88.1	37.6	71.4	95.8	204.7
Other family	25.5	..	..	25.5	..	..	25.5
Family head unemployed	* 3.3	..	..	* 3.3	..	..	* 3.3
Family head not unemployed	22.2	..	..	22.2	..	..	22.2
Family head not in the labour force	22.2	..	..	22.2	..	..	22.2
Total	817.0	145.4	203.6	787.2	154.7	224.0	1,165.9
ONE OR MORE FAMILY MEMBERS EMPLOYED							
Couple family	1,596.5	568.8	991.4	1,348.1	595.0	1,213.6	3,156.7
One or both spouses unemployed(c)	65.0	34.6	52.2	52.7	35.4	63.7	151.8
Husband employed, wife unemployed	29.1	21.0	37.4	23.6	19.9	44.0	87.5
Husband unemployed, wife employed	22.6	11.0	12.1	19.1	11.7	14.9	45.7
Husband unemployed, wife unemployed	* 2.3	* 1.2	* 0.8	* 1.4	* 1.3	* 1.7	4.3
Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour force	9.1	* 1.4	* 1.6	6.9	* 2.5	* 2.7	12.1
Neither spouse unemployed	1,531.5	534.2	939.2	1,295.4	559.6	1,149.9	3,004.9
Husband employed, wife employed	1,021.3	356.5	557.6	854.9	365.1	715.4	1,935.4
Husband employed, wife not in the labour force	348.4	160.9	362.5	293.4	171.7	406.7	871.8
Husband not in the labour force, wife employed	71.2	12.6	15.8	63.5	14.6	21.4	99.6
Husband not in the labour force, wife not in the labour force	90.7	4.1	* 3.4	83.6	8.2	6.4	98.2
One parent families	215.6	104.2	67.6	156.8	129.7	100.9	387.4
Parent unemployed	10.6	* 0.7	* 0.6	6.0	* 3.8	* 2.0	11.8
Parent not unemployed	205.0	103.5	67.0	150.8	125.9	98.9	375.6
Male parent employed	31.5	14.9	8.8	19.7	21.8	13.6	55.2
Female parent employed	81.9	81.4	52.0	47.8	93.0	74.6	215.4
Male parent not in the labour force	16.7	* 0.2	* 0.3	16.2	* 0.4	* 0.5	17.2
Female parent not in the labour force	74.9	7.0	5.9	67.1	10.7	10.1	87.9
Other family	57.5	..	..	57.5	..	..	57.5
Family head unemployed	* 1.6	..	..	* 1.6	..	..	* 1.6
Family head not unemployed	55.9	..	..	55.9	..	..	55.9
Family head employed	45.5	..	..	45.5	..	..	45.5
Family head not in the labour force	10.4	..	..	10.4	..	..	10.4
Total	1,869.6	673.0	1,059.0	1,562.4	724.7	1,314.5	3,601.6
TOTAL							
Couple family	2,322.5	617.8	1,087.8	2,060.0	647.3	1,320.7	4,028.0
One or both spouses unemployed(c)	103.4	61.9	112.4	87.1	61.4	129.2	277.7
Husband employed, wife unemployed	29.1	21.0	37.4	23.6	19.9	44.0	87.5
Husband unemployed, wife employed	22.6	11.0	12.1	19.1	11.7	14.9	45.7
Husband unemployed, wife unemployed	11.5	8.6	10.1	10.0	7.9	12.3	30.2
Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour force	34.2	18.6	50.3	29.4	19.6	54.1	103.1
Neither spouse unemployed	2,219.1	555.9	975.4	1,972.9	585.9	1,191.5	3,750.4
Husband employed, wife employed	1,021.3	356.5	557.6	854.9	365.1	715.4	1,935.4
Husband employed, wife not in the labour force	348.4	160.9	362.5	293.4	171.7	406.7	871.8
Husband not in the labour force, wife employed	71.2	12.6	15.8	63.5	14.6	21.4	99.6
Husband not in the labour force, wife not in the labour force	778.2	25.9	39.5	761.1	34.5	48.0	843.6
One parent families	281.2	200.5	174.8	206.7	232.0	217.8	656.6
Parent unemployed	17.9	22.1	16.7	10.1	26.4	20.2	56.8
Male parent unemployed	4.4	* 3.3	* 2.7	* 2.5	4.8	* 3.1	10.3
Female parent unemployed	13.6	18.8	14.0	7.6	21.7	17.2	46.5
Parent not unemployed	263.3	178.4	158.1	196.6	205.6	197.6	599.8
Male parent employed	31.5	14.9	8.8	19.7	21.8	13.6	55.2
Female parent employed	81.9	81.4	52.0	47.8	93.0	74.6	215.4
Male parent not in the labour force	27.5	5.9	* 3.2	24.4	8.8	* 3.5	36.6
Female parent not in the labour force	122.3	76.3	94.0	104.7	82.0	105.9	292.6
Other family	82.9	..	..	82.9	..	..	82.9
Family head unemployed	4.8	..	..	4.8	..	..	4.8
Family head not unemployed	78.1	..	..	78.1	..	..	78.1
Family head employed	45.5	..	..	45.5	..	..	45.5
Family head not in the labour force	32.5	..	..	32.5	..	..	32.5
Total	2,686.6	818.3	1,262.6	2,349.6	879.4	1,538.5	4,767.5

(a) See Explanatory Notes paragraphs 43 and 44 for details of exclusions to family tables. (b) "Family type" is a new classification. See Explanatory Notes 45 and 47 and the Glossary for definitions of the categories. (c) Includes a small number of families with husband not in the labour force and wife unemployed.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Introduction

This publication contains estimates of the civilian labour force derived from the Labour Force Survey component of the monthly population survey. Estimates of the labour force characteristics of family members and of family composition are also included.

2. Estimates of the civilian labour force are available for over sixty regions across Australia and are shown in various publications produced by State offices of the ABS. These data are also available on microfiche or as a special data service. For details, contact any ABS office.

3. Preliminary survey results are published in advance of this more detailed publication in *The Labour Force, Australia, Preliminary* (6202.0).

4. Although emphasis in the population survey is placed on the regular collection of specific data on demographic and labour force characteristics of the population, supplementary and special surveys of particular aspects of the labour force or of other subjects are carried out from time to time. Statistics from these surveys are available on request. Summary statistics from these surveys are published in *The Labour Force, Australia* (6203.0), from time to time.

The population survey

5. The population survey is based on a multi-stage area sample of private dwellings (currently about 29,000 houses, flats, etc.) and a list sample of non-private dwellings (hotels, motels, etc.), and covers about one-half of one per cent of the population of Australia. The information is obtained from the occupants of selected dwellings by specially trained interviewers. The interviews are generally conducted during the two weeks beginning on the Monday between the 6th and 12th of each month. The information obtained relates to the week before the interview (i.e. the reference week).

Scope

6. The Labour Force Survey includes all persons aged 15 and over except:
- (a) members of the permanent defence forces;
 - (b) certain diplomatic personnel of overseas governments, customarily excluded from census and estimated populations;
 - (c) overseas residents in Australia; and
 - (d) members of non-Australian defence forces (and their dependants) stationed in Australia.

From July 1993 Jervis Bay Territory is also excluded from the scope of the survey. Before July 1993 it was included in estimates for the Australian Capital Territory.

Coverage

7. In the Labour Force Survey, coverage rules are applied which aim to ensure that each person is associated with only one dwelling, and hence has only one chance of selection. The chance of a person being enumerated at two separate dwellings in the one survey is considered to be negligible. See paragraph 43 for information about the effect of the coverage rules on family statistics.

8. Persons who are away from their usual residence for six weeks or less at the time of interview are enumerated at their usual residence (relevant information may be obtained from other usual residents present at the time of the survey).

Population benchmarks

9. Labour Force Survey estimates of persons employed, unemployed and not in the labour force are calculated in such a way as to add up to the independently estimated distribution of the usually resident population aged 15 and over by age and sex. This procedure compensates for under-enumeration in the survey, and leads to more reliable estimates. Persons who, at the time of interview, are overseas for more than six weeks but for less than twelve months

are included in the independent population statistics (benchmarks) and are thus provided for in the calculation of the estimates. The benchmarks are the latest available estimates at the time the Labour Force Survey is conducted, but they usually differ from the official population estimates subsequently published in *Australian Demographic Statistics* (3101.0) because they are derived from incomplete information about population changes.

Revision of population benchmarks

10. Survey estimates are not revised for the usually small amendments of population benchmarks arising from new data on deaths and overseas and internal migration. Revisions are made, however, after each Census of Population and Housing, and when population estimation bases are reviewed. These revisions affect original, seasonally adjusted and trend estimates. The last such revision was made in February 1994 to take account of the results of the 1991 Census of Population and Housing, which affected all the monthly estimates from January 1989 to January 1994.

History of the survey

11. Population benchmarks used in the estimation of Labour Force Survey data are compiled according to place of usual residence. For an explanation of the conceptual basis of population estimates, see *Information Paper: Population Estimates: An Outline of The New Conceptual Basis of ABS Population Estimates* (3216.0). Prior to October 1982, labour force estimates were based on a combination of place of enumeration and place of usual residence.

Questionnaire changes

12. National surveys were conducted in February, May, August and November each year from 1964 to February 1978. The survey has been conducted on a monthly basis since February 1978.

Inclusion of contributing family workers

13. The questionnaire used in the survey for the collection of labour force data has been revised from time to time, the latest occasion being for the April 1986 survey. Details of these changes have been published in *Information Paper: Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey* (6232.0) in March 1978, December 1981, August 1984, June 1986, June 1991 and March 1993.

14. In April 1986, the questionnaire was revised following the extension of the definition of employed persons to include persons who worked without pay between 1 and 14 hours per week in a family business or on a farm (i.e. contributing family workers). This definition aligned the Australian labour force concepts with the set of definitions adopted by the 13th International Conference of Labour Statisticians in October 1982.

15. Previously, contributing family workers who worked 1 to 14 hours, or who had such a job but were not at work, were defined as either unemployed or not in the labour force, depending on whether they were actively looking for work. In order to assist users to assess the impact of the change, estimates for March 1986 based on the new definition were shown in footnotes to Tables 1 and 2 of the February, March and April 1987 issues of this publication.

16. A revised procedure for weighting families estimates, as presented in this publication, was also introduced in April 1986. Additional tables were included in the April 1986 issue of this publication to show the impact of this new procedure. Paragraph 48 contains more details.

Comparability of series

17. As noted in paragraph 10, estimates from January 1989 were revised to conform to revised population estimates following the 1991 Census of Population and Housing, and are thus not strictly comparable with estimates for periods prior to January 1989. An examination of the revised estimates showed that the effects on Labour Force Survey estimates for the period before January 1989 were inconsequential, and that no meaningful purpose would be served by publishing revised estimates for that period.

18. Comparability with estimates produced from the quarterly Survey of Employment and Earnings is affected by the use of a different survey methodology and definitions. The Labour Force Survey provides estimates of people in

jobs whereas the Survey of Employment and Earnings provides an estimate of the number of jobs held by wage and salary earners. A more detailed description of the differences between these two series is provided in *Information Paper: Comparison of Employment Estimates from the Labour Force Survey and the Survey of Employment and Earnings* (6263.0).

19. From December 1989 onwards, the category "other families" was split into "one-parent families" and "other families". Therefore estimates of other families were not strictly comparable with estimates in previous issues. However, in November 1989, 97 per cent of other families with dependants were one-parent families. In March 1994, a new families classification was introduced which also affected comparability (see paragraphs 45 to 47).

Survey sample redesign

20. Following each Population Census, the ABS redesigns and reselects the Labour Force Survey to take into account the new information which is obtained from the Census. The sample used in the Labour Force Survey from September 1987 to August 1992, which was designed and selected using preliminary data from the 1986 Census, was updated and reselected using information collected in the 1991 Census. The new sample was phased in over the period September 1992 to December 1992. For additional information, see *Information Paper: Labour Force Survey Sample Design* (6269.0), available from any ABS office.

21. The sampling fractions for each State/Territory differ and are such that the resultant sample yields reliable estimates of the main labour force aggregates for each State and Territory. The sampling fractions for the new sample together with the sampling fractions determined from the 1986 Census are:

	1986 Census redesign	1991 Census redesign
New South Wales	1 in 230	1 in 277
Victoria	1 in 230	1 in 242
Queensland	1 in 160	1 in 195
South Australia	1 in 115	1 in 139
Western Australia	1 in 115	1 in 146
Tasmania	1 in 70	1 in 75
Northern Territory	1 in 115	1 in 75
Australian Capital Territory	1 in 115	1 in 75

Reliability of the estimates

22. Estimates in this publication are subject to two sources of error:

- (a) sampling error: since the estimates are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they, and the movements derived from them, may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey. More information on this topic is given in the Technical Notes; and
- (b) non-sampling error: inaccuracies may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents and interviewers and errors made in coding and processing data. These inaccuracies may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

Differences between Census and Labour Force Survey estimates

23. The results of the 1991 Census of Population and Housing show that labour force estimates derived from the census differ from those derived from the Labour Force Survey.

24. The broad concepts underlying the measures of the labour force and its components, employment and unemployment, are similar in the census and the

survey. It should be noted, however, that census estimates of unemployment do not take into account the 'available for work' criterion.

25. There are considerable differences in both the collection methodology adopted (including the detailed questions asked) and estimation procedures. Factors contributing to differences in estimates include under-enumeration in the population census for which census labour force estimates have not been adjusted, the use in the Labour Force Survey of population benchmarks derived from incomplete information about population change (see paragraph 9), the inclusion of permanent defence forces in census estimates, the personal interview approach adopted in the survey as opposed to self-enumeration of census schedules, differing questions used to determine labour force characteristics (particularly the identification of unemployed persons) and differing methods of adjustment for non-response to the survey or census.

26. The Labour Force Survey provides detailed and up-to-date estimates of employment and unemployment for Australia, States and regions, whereas the Census of Population and Housing provides counts for small areas but in less detail than is available from the survey.

27. These considerations should be borne in mind when comparisons are made between population census and Labour Force Survey estimates.

Seasonal adjustment

28. Seasonally adjusted series are published in Tables 2 and 8. Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences on the series can be recognised more clearly. Seasonal adjustment does not remove the irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month. This means that month-to-month movements of the seasonally adjusted estimates may not be reliable indicators of trend behaviour. For example, irregular factors unrelated to the trend account for more than half the seasonally adjusted movement with the following frequency:

Employment:	5 in 10 monthly movements
Unemployment:	7 in 10 monthly movements
Unemployment rate:	7 in 10 monthly movements
Participation rate:	9 in 10 monthly movements

29. The seasonal factors for all seasonally adjusted series are reviewed annually to take account of each additional year's original data. The latest review, in February 1995, revised the Australian and State seasonally adjusted and trend monthly series back to February 1978. Information about the method of adjustment and revised seasonally adjusted and trend estimates for all months since January 1990 for Australia and the States were published in an Appendix to the February 1995 issue of this publication.

Trend estimation

30. Smoothing seasonally adjusted series produces a measure of trend by reducing the impact of the irregular component of the series. The monthly trend estimates are derived by applying a 13-term Henderson-weighted moving average to all months except the last six. The last six monthly trend estimates are obtained by applying surrogates of the Henderson average to the seasonally adjusted series. Quarterly trend estimates (eg employment by industry) are derived by applying a 7-term Henderson moving average to the seasonally adjusted series. The 7-term Henderson average also uses surrogate forms of the average as the end of a time series is approached. Unlike the surrogate weights of the 13-term Henderson used on monthly data, the weights employed here are tailored to suit the particular characteristics of individual series. These trend series are used to analyse the underlying behaviour of the series over time. Tables 3 and 9 show trend estimates for the past 15 months. Trend series graphs are shown on pages 2 to 5. Data from February 1978 are available on the ABS

on-line data dissemination service, PC-AUSSTATS. The trend series of the participation rate for married females are based on smoothed population estimates.

31. While this smoothing technique enables estimates to be produced which include the latest month, it does result in revisions to the most recent months as additional observations become available. Generally, subsequent revisions become smaller, and after three months or two quarters have a negligible impact on the series. There will also be revisions as a result of the annual review of seasonal factors mentioned above in paragraph 29.

32. Trend estimates for the Australian Capital Territory and the Northern Territory are published in Table 9. Original estimates for the two Territories have shown, historically, a high degree of variability, which can lead to considerable revisions to the seasonally adjusted estimates after each annual seasonal factor re-analysis. Seasonally adjusted estimates are not currently published for the two Territories. The most recent six months trend estimates are subject to revision. For the three most recent months, the revision may be relatively large. Inferences about trends drawn from smoothed seasonally adjusted (trend) estimates for months earlier than the latest three months are unlikely to be affected by month-to-month revisions. They may, however, be revised as a result of the annual re-analysis of seasonal factors.

33. Users may wish to refer to the ABS publication *A Guide to Interpreting Time Series - Monitoring "Trends", an Overview* (1348.0) for further information about trend estimates. Details of the trend weighting patterns are available on request from the Assistant Director, Time Series Analysis on (06) 252 6345.

Month-to-month movements

34. Care should be taken in the interpretation of month-to-month movements in these estimates. Survey estimates are subject to sampling and non-sampling variability as explained in paragraph 22.

Gross flows

35. In order to minimise respondent load and at the same time maintain continuity within the population survey sample, one-eighth of the dwellings are replaced after each survey. Adoption of this rotation procedure, whereby about seven-eighths of the sample remains unchanged from one month to the next, enables more reliable measurements of changes in the labour force characteristics of the population to be made than would be possible if a new sample were introduced each month.

36. Because a high proportion of private dwellings selected in one survey remains in the sample for the following survey, it is possible to match the characteristics of most of the persons in those dwellings from one month to the next, to record any changes that occur, and hence to produce estimates of flows between the different categories of the population and labour force.

37. The procedures used to select persons in non-private dwellings preclude the possibility of matching any of them who may be included in successive surveys. For this and other reasons, including the mobility of the population and non-response in either or both surveys, about 10 per cent of persons in those dwellings which are included in the sample in successive months cannot be matched. Those who can be matched represent about 80 per cent of all persons in the survey.

38. Changes in the characteristics of this latter group are shown in the gross flows table (Table 34). About one half of the remaining (unmatched) 20 per cent of persons in the survey are likely to have characteristics similar to those in the matched group, but the characteristics of the other half are likely to be somewhat different.

39. Gross flow estimates relate only to those persons in private dwellings for whom information was obtained in successive surveys. The expansion factors used in calculating the estimates were those applying to the second of each pair of months. Note that the estimates have not been adjusted to account for the

unmatched sample component.

40. Although it is not possible to provide gross flow estimates for all persons in the survey it is considered that the estimates derived from matched records will be a useful guide to the proportions of the movements between categories which underlie the changes in monthly levels. When comparing flows for different periods it is important to take into account the population represented by the matched sample, as shown in the last line of the table.

41. While every effort is made to reduce non-sampling errors to a minimum any such errors affecting labour force status will tend to accumulate in the gross flow statistics rather than to cancel out. The estimates are also subject to sampling variability, as explained in the Technical Notes. For these reasons the estimates of flows should be used with caution. The standard errors may be obtained from Table A of the Technical Notes.

Labour force status and other characteristics of families

42. As a part of survey procedures, family relationships are determined each month, enabling both the estimation of persons cross-classified by their relationship in the household and the estimation of families. This publication contains tables showing the labour force status and family status of individuals and families classified by family type, number of family members, the labour force status of persons within families, the number of children under 15 present and the number of dependants present.

43. Because of the coverage rules, persons who usually live with other members of their family may, at the time of the survey, be enumerated as not living with all the usual members of their family. This situation is more likely for persons who are enumerated as visitors to other private dwellings or as persons staying in non-private dwellings (hotels, hospitals, etc.). The determination of family structure and family characteristics in such cases is difficult. Thus for survey questions used to determine family relationships, scope was further restricted to usual residents of private dwellings and the following persons were excluded:

- (a) all persons enumerated in non-private dwellings (including hotels, motels, hospitals and other institutions); and
- (b) persons enumerated as visitors to (rather than usual residents of) private dwellings.

44. In addition, in those households where it was not possible to obtain information relating to all the usual residents, no family information was recorded. Thus persons living in households which include a member of the permanent defence forces, who is outside the scope of the population survey, are excluded from survey questions used to determine family relationships because family information could not be obtained from each usual resident. Similarly households which, at the time of the survey, have one or more of their usual residents away for more than six weeks, are excluded from the family survey. This also applies to households from which an incomplete or inadequate questionnaire was obtained for any usual resident in on scope and coverage. A summary of those persons for whom family information is obtained as well as those usual residents of private dwellings for whom complete family information cannot be obtained, and those persons specifically excluded from the family determination procedures is contained in the family tables. Generally, relationship in household is determined for more than 90 per cent of all civilians aged 15 and over.

Changes in families classifications

45. *Relationship in household and Family type* classifications were introduced in the March 1994 issue of this publication to align with ABS standards. Most categories in the two classifications remain comparable with categories in the previous classifications. The cases in which there are breaks in comparability are discussed in the following paragraphs.

46. *Relationship in household.* This classification was previously referred to as

Family status.

- (a) *Lone parents* (previously referred to as *Sole parents*) now includes parents with non-dependent children (provided those children are without a spouse or children of their own). These *Lone parents without dependants* are shown separately in Table 35 and there were 205,800 such persons in March 1994.
- (b) *Dependent students* (previously *Full-time students aged 15-24*) now comprise sons or daughters (of a couple or a lone parent) aged 15 to 19 attending school or aged 15 to 24 attending a tertiary educational institution full time. Other related full-time students, who were also previously classified as *Full-time students aged 15-24* are now included in *Other family persons*. There were 24,200 such persons in March 1994.
- (c) *Other family persons* now comprises the previous groups *Other family head*, excluding those now counted as *Lone parents* (79,200 persons in March 1994), the other related full-time students previously classified as *Full-time students aged 15-24* (see above; 24,200 in March 1994) and *Other relative of married couple or family head* (218,100 in March 1994).

47. *Family type*. This classification was previously referred to as *Type of family*. There are three types of families in the new classification, as follows:

- (a) *Couple families* is the term used to describe families previously referred to as *Married-couple families*. The new category is otherwise exactly comparable with the old category.
- (b) *One parent families* now includes those families in which there is a lone parent with only non-dependent children present. Such families were previously included in *Other families*. There were 208,400 of these families in March 1994.
- (c) *Other families* now excludes those families in which there is a lone parent with only non-dependent children present (see above).

48. Estimates of the number of families in this publication differ from those in publications prior to the April 1986 issue. This is due to the adoption of a weighting procedure where the weight for a family is determined using an average of the weights for all family members responding to the Labour Force Survey. Previously, the weight used to derive estimates of the number of families was determined by nomination of a proxy 'head of household' as representative of the family.

Birthplace

49. From April 1991, labour force birthplace data are aggregated according to major groups of the *Australian Standard Classification of Countries for Social Statistics (ASCCSS)* (1269.0). The ASCCSS was developed by the ABS for use whenever demographic, labour and social statistics are classified by countries.

50. The ASCCSS major groups are based on the concept of geographic proximity. They differ from the country groups presented in this publication prior to April 1991. For example, African countries are now covered by 'The Middle East and North Africa' and 'Africa (excluding North Africa)', while Asia has been split into 'Southeast Asia', 'Northeast Asia' and 'Southern Asia'. Data for selected individual countries will continue to be available in this publication and comprehensively on microfiche.

Industry

51. From August 1994, Labour Force Survey industry data are classified according to the Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC), a detailed description of which appears in ANZSIC 1993 (1292.0). Like the previous Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC), ANZSIC classifies businesses according to their economic activities, in a structure consisting of four levels (Division, Sub-division, Group and Class). Labour Force

Survey data are coded at the Group level, as was the practice under ASIC. To assist users in making comparisons with previously published data, a concordance has been developed which shows for each ASIC Group, the corresponding ANZSIC Group or Groups. The concordance also shows the estimated employment attributable to each ANZSIC Group, compared with ASIC Group data, according to establishment unit employment data on the ABS Business Register at May 1994. Historical estimates of employment by ANZSIC Group have been compiled on the basis of the concordance. For further information about the application of ANZSIC to Labour Force Survey data, see *Information Paper Labour Force Survey: Introduction of ANZSIC for industry data (Replacement publication)* (6259.0) or contact Sylvia Sajler on (06) 252 6525.

Additional data

52. Estimates for employed persons classified by industry, occupation and status in employment are available each February, May, August and November, and the following tables are published in issues of this publication for those months:

- (a) Employed persons:
 - Industry (original, seasonally adjusted and trend)
 - Industry and occupation:
 - Full-time and part-time workers
 - Status in employment
 - Age and birthplace
 - Hours worked
 - Industry divisions and subdivisions
 - Occupation major and minor groups
 - Industry by occupation.
- (b) Unemployed persons:
 - Industry and occupation of last full-time job:
 - Unemployment rate.

Seasonally adjusted estimates of employed persons by industry have been published in this bulletin since February 1993. Trend estimates have been published since August 1994.

Related publications

53. Users may also wish to refer to the following publications which relate to the labour force and are available on request:

- The Labour Force, Australia, Preliminary* (6202.0)—issued monthly
- The Labour Force, Australia: Historical Summary, 1978 to 1989* (6204.0)
- Labour Force Projections, Australia: 1995 to 2011* (6260.0)
- The Labour Force, New South Wales* (6201.1)—issued quarterly
- The Labour Force, Victoria* (6202.2)—issued quarterly
- The Labour Force, Queensland* (6201.3)—issued quarterly
- South Australian Economic Indicators* (1307.4)—issued monthly
- Tasmanian Statistical Indicators* (1303.6)—issued monthly
- Employed Wage and Salary Earners, Australia* (6248.0)—issued quarterly
- Labour Statistics, Australia* (6101.0)—issued annually
- Australia's Long-term Unemployed—A Statistical Profile* (6255.0)
- Australian Labour Market* (6284.0)—issued annually

Information Papers and Guides:*Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey* (6232.0)*Regional Labour Force Statistics* (6262.0)*Comparison of Employment Estimates From the Labour Force Survey and the Survey of Employment and Earnings* (6263.0)*Labour Force Survey Sample Design* (6269.0)*Labour Force Survey — Measuring Teenage Unemployment* (6270.0)*Revised Labour Force Survey Estimates: January 1984 to January 1989* (6276.0)*Measuring Employment and Unemployment* (6279.0)*A Guide to Labour Statistics* (6102.0)*A Guide to Interpreting Time Series — Monitoring "Trends" An Overview* (1348.0)*Labour Force Survey: Introduction of ANZSIC for industry data (Replacement publication)* (6259.0)*Directory of Labour Market and Social Survey Data (Choosing data from the ABS Household Survey Program)* (1135.0).*Australia's Long-term Unemployed—A Statistical Profile* (6255.0)

54. Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications and Products, Australia* (1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a *Publications Advice* (1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. The Catalogue and Publications Advice are available from any ABS office.

Unpublished statistics

55. The ABS can also make available information which is not published. This information is available on a number of media such as floppy disk, microfiche and customised reports. In general, a charge is made for providing unpublished information. Inquiries should be made to Sylvia Sajler on Canberra (06) 252 6525 or any ABS office.

Symbols and other usages

*	subject to sampling variability too high for most practical uses. See paragraph 7 of the Technical Notes.
n.a.	not available
..	not applicable
n.e.c.	not elsewhere classified
r	revised

Rounding

56. Estimates have been rounded and discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

TECHNICAL NOTES

A new sample for the LFS was phased in over the period September to December 1992. For information about the sample design see *Information Paper: Labour Force Survey Sample Design* (6269.0).

Estimation procedure

2. The labour force estimates are derived from the population survey by use of a complex ratio estimation procedure, which ensures that the survey estimates conform to an independently estimated distribution of the population by age and sex, rather than to the age and sex distribution within the sample itself.

Reliability of the estimates

3. Two types of error are possible in an estimate based on a sample survey: sampling error and non-sampling error. The *sampling error* is a measure of the variability that occurs by chance because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. Since the estimates in this publication are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they, and the movements derived from them, are subject to sampling variability; that is, they may differ from the estimates that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the surveys. One measure of the likely difference is given by the *standard error*, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two chances in three that a sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the estimate that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included, and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors. Another measure of sampling variability is the *relative standard error* which is obtained by expressing the standard error as a percentage of the estimate to which it refers. The relative standard error is a useful measure in that it provides an immediate indication of the percentage errors likely to have occurred due to sampling, and thus avoids the need to refer also to the size of the estimate.

4. The imprecision due to sampling variability, which is measured by the standard error, should not be confused with inaccuracies that may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents, errors made in collection such as in recording and coding data, and errors made in processing the data. Inaccuracies of this kind are referred to as the *non-sampling error* and they may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. It is not possible to quantify non-sampling error, but every effort is made to reduce it to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures. For the examples in paragraphs 9 and 11, it is assumed to be zero. In practice, the potential for non-sampling error adds to the uncertainty of the estimates caused by sampling variability.

5. Space does not allow for the separate indication of the standard errors of all estimates in this publication. Standard errors of estimates for the latest month and of estimates of movements since the previous month are shown in Table 1. Standard errors of other estimates and other monthly movements should be determined by using Tables A and B.

6. The size of the standard error increases with the level of the estimate, so that the larger the estimate the larger is the standard error. However, it should be noted that the larger the sample estimate the smaller will be the standard error in percentage terms. Thus, larger sample estimates will be relatively more reliable than smaller estimates.

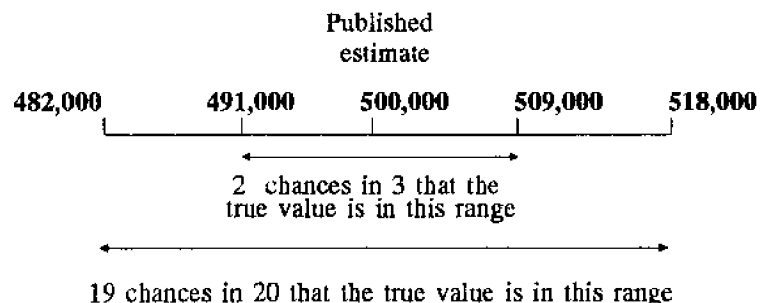
7. As the standard errors in Table A show, *the smaller the estimate the higher is the relative standard error*. Very small estimates are subject to such high standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) as to detract seriously from their value for most reasonable uses. In the tables in this publication, only estimates with relative standard errors of 25 per cent or less, and percentages

based on such estimates, are considered sufficiently reliable for most purposes. However, estimates and percentages with larger relative standard errors have been included and are preceded by an asterisk (e.g. *3.4) to indicate they are subject to high standard errors and should be used with caution.

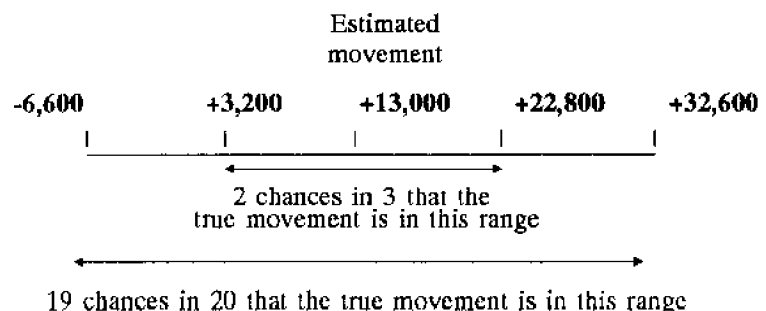
8. The movement in the level of an estimate is also subject to sampling variability. The standard error of the movement depends on the levels of the estimates from which the movement is obtained rather than the size of the movement. An indication of the magnitude of standard errors of monthly movements is given in Table B. The estimates of standard error of monthly movements apply only to estimates of movements between two consecutive months. Movements between corresponding months of consecutive quarters (quarterly movements), corresponding months of consecutive years (annual movements) and other non-consecutive months, will generally be subject to somewhat greater sampling variability than is indicated in Table B. Standard errors of *quarterly* movements can be obtained by multiplying the figures in Table A by 1.11. Standard errors of all *annual* movements can be obtained by multiplying the figures in Table A by 1.3. When using Table A or Table B to calculate standard errors of movements, refer to the larger of the two estimates from which the movement is derived.

9. Examples of the calculation and use of standard errors are given below:

- (a) Consider an estimate for Australia of 500,000 employed persons aged 15-19. By referring to Table A, in the row for an estimate of 500,000 and the column for Australia, a standard error of 9,000 is obtained. There are about two chances in three that the true value (the number that would have been obtained if the whole population had been included in the survey) is within the range 491,000 to 509,000. There are about nineteen chances in twenty that the true value is in the range 482,000 to 518,000.



- (b) Consider estimates for females employed part time in Australia of 1,387,000 in one month and 1,400,000 in the next month. This represents an upward movement of 13,000. By referring to Table B for the larger estimate of 1,400,000, a movement standard error of 9,800 is obtained (after applying linear interpolation and rounding). Therefore, there are about two chances in three that the true movement is in the range +3,200 to +22,800 and about nineteen chances in twenty that the true movement is in the range -6,600 to +32,600.



10. The relative standard errors of estimates of *aggregate hours worked*, *average hours worked*, *average duration of unemployment*, and *median duration of unemployment* are obtained by first finding the relative standard error of the estimate of the total number of persons contributing to the estimate (see Table A) and then multiplying the figure so obtained by the following relevant factors:

Aggregate hours worked: 1.2
 Average hours worked: 0.7
 Average duration of unemployment: 1.3
 Median duration of unemployment: 2.0

The levels at which these and other labour force estimates have a relative standard error of 25 per cent are shown in Table C.

11. The following is an example of the calculation of standard errors where the use of a factor is required:

- (a) Consider a median duration of unemployment for Australia of 30 weeks, with an estimate of 1,000,000 persons unemployed. Table A gives the standard error as 11,800 which is 1.2 per cent as a *relative standard error*. The factor of 2.0 (see paragraph 10) is applied to the relative standard error of 1.2 per cent to obtain 2.4 per cent. Therefore the *standard error* for the median duration of unemployment is 2.4 per cent of 30 weeks, i.e. about 1 week. So there are two chances in three that the median duration of unemployment is between 29 and 31 weeks, and about nineteen chances in twenty that it is between 28 and 32 weeks.

12. Proportions and percentages (for example, unemployment rates) formed from the ratio of two estimates are also subject to sampling error. The size of the error depends on the accuracy of both the numerator and denominator. The formula for the relative standard error (RSE) of a proportion or percentage is given below:

$$RSE (x/y) = \sqrt{[RSE (x)]^2 + [RSE (y)]^2}$$

13. Standard errors contained in Tables A and B are designed to provide an average standard error applicable for all monthly labour force survey estimates. Analysis of the standard errors applicable to particular survey estimates has shown that the standard errors of estimates of employment are generally equivalent to those shown in Tables A and B, while standard errors for estimates of unemployment and persons not in the labour force are approximately 3 per cent and 11 per cent respectively higher than those shown in the tables. Standard errors for capital cities are approximately the same as those for corresponding States. Standard errors of estimates of numbers of families are approximately the same as those for numbers of persons. Standard errors of estimates of persons born in Australia are approximately the same as those shown in Tables A and B. For aggregate estimates of persons born outside Australia the standard errors are about 14 per cent higher. The standard errors vary for individual countries of birth, but are on average about 7 per cent higher.

TABLE A. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES FROM SEPTEMBER 1992(a)

Size of estimate	NSW	Vic.	Qld	SA	WA	Tas.	NT	ACT	Australia	
	— number —								per cent of estimate	
100						90	100	80		
200			210	180	200	130	140	120	190	95.0
300	320	290	260	220	250	160	170	140	240	80.0
500	420	380	340	290	310	210	210	180	320	64.0
700	500	450	400	340	370	240	250	210	390	55.7
1,000	590	540	480	400	440	290	290	240	480	48.0
1,500	720	670	590	490	530	350	350	290	590	39.3
2,000	830	770	680	560	610	400	400	330	690	34.5
2,500	930	860	750	620	670	440	440	360	780	31.2
3,000	1,000	940	820	670	730	470	480	390	860	28.7
4,000	1,150	1,100	940	770	830	530	540	440	990	24.8
5,000	1,300	1,200	1,050	850	920	580	600	490	1,100	22.0
7,000	1,500	1,400	1,200	980	1,050	660	700	560	1,300	18.6
10,000	1,750	1,650	1,400	1,150	1,250	750	830	640	1,600	16.0
15,000	2,100	2,000	1,700	1,350	1,500	870	1,000	760	1,900	12.7
20,000	2,400	2,250	1,950	1,550	1,650	960	1,150	840	2,200	11.0
30,000	2,850	2,700	2,300	1,800	1,950	1,100	1,400	990	2,650	8.8
50,000	3,550	3,300	2,850	2,250	2,450	1,250	1,750	1,200	3,400	6.8
70,000	4,100	3,800	3,250	2,550	2,800	1,400	2,050	1,350	3,950	5.6
100,000	4,750	4,400	3,750	2,900	3,200	1,550	2,450	1,550	4,600	4.6
150,000	5,600	5,200	4,400	3,400	3,750	1,700	2,950	1,750	5,500	3.7
200,000	6,200	5,800	4,950	3,750	4,150	1,800	3,400	1,950	6,200	3.1
300,000	7,300	6,700	5,800	4,350	4,850	1,950		2,250	7,300	2.4
500,000	8,800	8,100	7,000	5,200	5,800	2,200			9,000	1.8
1,000,000	11,300	10,400	8,900	6,600	7,400				11,800	1.2
2,000,000	14,300	13,100	11,300	8,200	9,400				15,200	0.8
5,000,000	19,300	17,600	15,300						21,000	0.4
10,000,000									26,500	0.3

TABLE B. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES OF MONTHLY MOVEMENTS FOR DECEMBER 1992 — JANUARY 1993 ONWARDS(a)

Size of larger estimate	NSW	Vic.	Qld	SA	WA	Tas.	NT	ACT	Australia
100						110	80	90	
200			330	210	260	140	100	120	360
300	440	380	380	240	300	160	120	140	420
500	540	460	460	290	360	190	150	170	510
700	610	510	510	330	400	220	180	190	580
1,000	690	590	580	380	460	250	210	220	660
1,500	800	680	660	430	530	280	250	250	770
2,000	890	760	730	480	590	320	280	280	860
2,500	960	820	790	520	630	340	310	300	940
3,000	1,050	880	840	560	680	370	330	320	1,000
4,000	1,150	980	930	620	750	410	380	360	1,100
5,000	1,250	1,050	1,000	670	810	440	410	390	1,200
7,000	1,400	1,200	1,150	760	920	500	480	440	1,400
10,000	1,600	1,350	1,250	860	1,050	570	560	500	1,550
15,000	1,850	1,600	1,450	1,000	1,200	660	670	580	1,850
20,000	2,050	1,750	1,600	1,100	1,350	730	750	640	2,050
30,000	2,400	2,050	1,850	1,300	1,550	850	900	750	2,350
50,000	2,900	2,450	2,200	1,550	1,850	1,000	1,100	900	2,850
70,000	3,250	2,800	2,500	1,750	2,100	1,150	1,300	1,000	3,250
100,000	3,700	3,200	2,800	2,000	2,350	1,300	1,500	1,150	3,700
150,000	4,300	3,700	3,200	2,300	2,750	1,500	1,800	1,350	4,350
200,000	4,750	4,100	3,550	2,550	3,000	1,700	2,050	1,500	4,850
300,000	5,500	4,800	4,100	2,950	3,500	1,950		1,750	5,600
500,000	6,700	5,800	4,850	3,550	4,200	2,350			6,800
1,000,000	8,600	7,400	6,200	4,550	5,400				8,800
2,000,000	11,100	9,600	7,800	5,800	6,900				11,400
5,000,000	15,500	13,400	10,700						16,100
10,000,000									20,900

(a) For standard errors for earlier periods, see previous issues of this publication.

TABLE C. LEVELS AT WHICH LABOUR FORCE ESTIMATES HAVE A RELATIVE STANDARD ERROR OF 25 PER CENT^(a)
FROM SEPTEMBER 1992^(b)

	<i>NSW</i>	<i>Vic.</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>Tas.</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>Aust</i>
Estimates classified by—									
Aggregate hours worked	7,400	6,500	5,000	3,400	4,000	1,800	1,800	1,300	5,700
Average hours worked	2,700	2,300	1,800	1,300	1,500	700	700	500	1,900
Average duration of unemployment	8,600	7,500	5,800	4,000	4,600	2,100	2,100	1,500	6,800
Median duration of unemployment	18,800	16,500	12,600	8,600	9,900	4,400	4,700	3,200	15,800
All other estimates	5,300	4,600	3,500	2,400	2,900	1,300	1,300	1,000	4,000

(a) See Technical Notes, Paragraph 10. (b) For standard errors for earlier periods, see previous issues of this publication.

GLOSSARY

Actively looking for work	Includes writing, telephoning or applying in person to an employer for work; answering a newspaper advertisement for a job; checking factory or Commonwealth Employment Service noticeboards; being registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service; checking or registering with any other employment agency; advertising or tendering for work; and contacting friends or relatives.
Aggregate hours worked	The total number of hours a group of employed persons has actually worked during the reference week, not necessarily hours paid for.
Attending school	Persons aged 15 to 19 who, during the reference week, were enrolled full time at secondary or high schools.
Attending tertiary educational institution full time	Persons aged 15 to 24 who, during the reference week, were enrolled full time at a TAFE college, university, or other tertiary educational institution.
Average hours worked	Aggregate hours worked by a group divided by the number of persons in that group.
Average duration of unemployment	For a group of unemployed persons, the aggregate duration of unemployment divided by the number of persons in the group.
Birthplace	From April 1991, classified according to the <i>Australian Standard Classification of Countries for Social Statistics (ASCCSS)</i> (1269.0).
Couple families	Families in which there are two married persons and these persons are husband and wife.
Dependants	All family members under 15 years of age; all sons or daughters aged 15 to 19 attending school or aged 15 to 24 attending a tertiary educational institution full time (except those classified as husbands, wives or lone parents).
Dependent student	In couple or one parent families, sons or daughters aged 15 to 19 attending school or aged 15 to 24 attending a tertiary educational institution full time (except those classified as husbands, wives or lone parents).
Duration of unemployment	The period from the time a person began looking for work or was stood down, to the end of the reference week. Thus the survey measures current (and continuing) periods of unemployment rather than completed spells. For persons who may have begun looking for work while still employed, the duration of unemployment is defined as the period from the time the person last worked full time for two weeks or more to the end of the reference week.
Employed	Persons aged 15 and over who, during the reference week: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) worked for one hour or more for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind in a job or business, or on a farm (comprising employees, employers and own account workers); or (b) worked for one hour or more without pay in a family business or on a farm (i.e. contributing family workers); or (c) were employees who had a job but were not at work and were: on paid leave; on leave without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the reference week; stood down without pay because of bad weather or plant breakdown at their place of employment for less than four weeks up to the end of the reference week; on strike or locked out; on workers' compensation and expected to be returning to their job; or receiving wages or salary while undertaking full-time study; or (d) were employers, own account workers or contributing family workers who had a job, business or farm, but were not at work.
Employment/population ratio	For any group, the number of employed persons expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 and over in the same group.

Family	Two or more related persons (<i>relationship</i> includes relationships by blood, marriage or adoption) usually resident in the same household at the time of the survey. A family comprises a married couple or a family head as defined, together with any persons having any of the following relationships to them: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) sons or daughters of any age, if not married and with no children of their own present; (b) other relatives if not accompanied by a spouse, sons or daughters, or parents of their own; or (c) any children under 15 years of age who do not have a parent present.
Family head	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) Any person without a spouse present, but with a son or daughter aged under 15 present; or (b) persons without a spouse present, without a son or daughter aged under 15 present, but with a son or daughter aged 15 or over present (provided that the son or daughter has no spouse, son or daughter of his/her own present); or (c) where a family has no person falling into either of these categories, the family head is generally defined to be the eldest person in the family. <p>No family head is determined for a couple family.</p>
Former workers	Unemployed persons who have previously worked full time for two weeks or more but not in the past two years.
Full-time workers	Employed persons who usually worked 35 hours or more a week (in all jobs) and others who, although usually working less than 35 hours a week, worked 35 hours or more during the reference week.
Household	A group of one or more persons in a private dwelling who consider themselves to be separate from other persons (if any) in the dwelling, and who make regular provision to take meals separately from other persons, i.e. at different times or in different rooms. Lodgers who receive accommodation but not meals are treated as separate households. Boarders who receive both accommodation and meals are not treated as separate households. A household may consist of any number of families and non-family members.
Industry	From August 1994, classified according to the <i>Australian and New Zealand Standard Industrial Classification (ANZSIC) 1993 (1292.0)</i> .
Job leavers	Unemployed persons who have worked full time for two weeks or more in the past two years and <i>left that job voluntarily</i> , that is, because of unsatisfactory work arrangements/pay/hours; the job was seasonal, temporary or a holiday job and they left that job to return to studies; their last job was running their own business and they closed down or sold that business for reasons other than financial difficulties; or any other reasons.
Job losers	Unemployed persons who have worked full time for two weeks or more in the past two years and <i>left that job involuntarily</i> , that is: were laid off or retrenched from that job; left that job because of their own ill-health or injury; the job was seasonal, temporary or a holiday job and they did not leave that job to return to studies; or their last job was running their own business and the business closed down because of financial difficulties.
Labour force	For any group, persons who were employed or unemployed, as defined.
Labour force status	A classification of the civilian population aged 15 and over into employed, unemployed or not in the labour force, as defined. The definitions conform closely to the international standard definitions adopted by the International Conferences of Labour Statisticians.
Lone person	A person who is the sole member of a household.
Lone parent	The head of a one parent family.

Long-term unemployed	Persons unemployed for a period of 52 weeks or more.
Main English Speaking Countries	The United Kingdom, Ireland, South Africa, Canada, the United States of America and New Zealand.
Marital status	Persons are classified as married (husband and wife) if they are reported as being married (including de facto) and their spouse was a usual resident of the household at the time of the survey. The not-married category comprises persons who have never married, or are separated, widowed or divorced, as well as those who, although reported as being married, did not have a spouse who usually lived in the household.
Median duration of unemployment	The duration which divides unemployed persons into two equal groups, one comprising persons whose duration of unemployment is above the median and the other, persons whose duration is below it.
Non-dependent child	In couple or one parent families, sons or daughters aged 15 and over not attending school or a tertiary educational institution full time (except those classified as husbands, wives or lone parents).
Non-family member	A person who is not related to any other member of the household in which they are living.
Not in the labour force	Persons who were not in the categories employed or unemployed, as defined. They include persons who were keeping house (unpaid), retired, voluntarily inactive, permanently unable to work, persons in institutions (hospitals, gaols, sanatoriums, etc.), trainee teachers, members of contemplative religious orders, and persons whose only activity during the reference week was jury service or unpaid voluntary work for a charitable organisation.
Occupation	Classified according to the <i>Australian Standard Classification of Occupations (ASCO) 1986</i> (1222.0).
One parent families	Families in which there is a family head together with at least one son or daughter of his/her own.
Other families	Families which are not couple families or one parent families, as defined. They include families in which there is no parent, for example a family head living with a brother or sister.
Participation rate	For any group, the labour force expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 and over in the same group. Participation rates for persons classified by birthplace are calculated using population estimates which exclude those in institutions. Participation rates for persons classified by school or tertiary educational institution attendance are calculated using population estimates which include those in institutions.
Part-time workers	Employed persons who usually worked less than 35 hours a week and who did so during the reference week.
Seasonally adjusted series	A time series of estimates with the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation removed. See paragraphs 28 and 29 of the Explanatory Notes for more detail.
State capital cities	The areas determining the six State capital cities are the Statistical Divisions for those capital cities defined in the <i>Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC) Manual, Edition 2.1</i> (1216.0).
Status in employment	Employed persons classified by whether they were employers, own account workers, employees, or contributing family workers.
Trend series	A smoothed seasonally adjusted series of estimates. See paragraphs 30 to 33 of the Explanatory Notes for more detail.

Unemployed

Persons aged 15 and over who were not employed during the reference week, and:

- (a) had actively looked for full-time or part-time work at any time in the four weeks up to the end of the reference week and:
 - (i) were available for work in the reference week, or would have been available except for temporary illness (i.e. lasting for less than four weeks to the end of the reference week); or
 - (ii) were waiting to start a new job within four weeks from the end of the reference week and would have started in the reference week if the job had been available then; or
- (b) were waiting to be called back to a full-time or part-time job from which they had been stood down without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the reference week (including the whole of the reference week) for reasons other than bad weather or plant breakdown.

Unemployed persons classified by industry and occupation

Unemployed persons who had worked full time for two weeks or more in the last two years are classified according to the industry and occupation of their most recent full-time job.

Unemployed looking for first full-time job

Unemployed persons looking for full-time work who had never worked full time for two weeks or more.

Unemployed looking for first job

Unemployed persons who had never worked full time for two weeks or more.

Unemployed looking for full-time work

Unemployed persons who actively looked for full-time work or were to resume a full-time job, from which they had been stood down.

Unemployed looking for part-time work

Unemployed persons who had actively looked for part-time work only, or were to resume a part-time job, from which they had been stood down.

Unemployment rate

For any group, the number of unemployed persons expressed as a percentage of the labour force in the same group.

SECTION B: SUPPLEMENTARY LABOUR DATA

PERSONS WHO HAVE LEFT THE LABOUR FORCE, SEPTEMBER 1994

PARTICIPATION IN EDUCATION, SEPTEMBER 1994

SUPPLEMENTARY AND SPECIAL SURVEYS

The supplementary and special surveys collect data on particular aspects of the labour force. The following is a historical list of supplementary and special labour force surveys. Statistical tables published in these bulletins are available as a Publication or a Standard Data Service, available by subscription or on request. Inquiries should be made to the contact in the Phone Inquiries box on the Contents page. It may be possible to order Unit Record Tapes on the following supplementary and special surveys by contacting the ABS (see below for contact numbers).

<i>Title of Survey</i>	<i>Catalogue No.</i>
Alternative Working Arrangements, Australia. Irregular. Latest issue September to November 1986	6341.0
Annual and Long Service Leave Taken, Australia, May 1988 to April 1989	6317.0
Career Experience, Australia. Three-yearly. First issue February 1993	6254.0
Career Paths of Persons with Trade Qualifications, Australia, 1989	6243.0
Career Paths of Qualified Nurses, Australia, 1989	6277.0
Child Care, Australia. Irregular. Latest issue June 1993	4402.0
Employment Benefits, Australia. Two-yearly. Latest issue August 1994	6334.0.40.001
Survey of Income and Housing Costs and Amenities, Persons with Earned Income, 1986, 1990	6546.0
Job Search Experience of Unemployed Persons, Australia. Annually. Latest issue July 1994	6222.0
Labour Force Experience, Australia. Annually. Latest issue March 1994	6206.0
Labour Force Status and Educational Attainment, Australia. Annually. Final issue February 1994	6235.0
Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families, Australia. Annually. Latest issue June 1994	6224.0
Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Migrants, Australia. Three-yearly. Latest issue September 1993	6250.0
Labour Mobility, Australia. Two-yearly. Latest issue February 1994	6209.0
Multiple Jobholding, Australia. Four-yearly. Latest issue August 1994	6216.0.40.001
Participation in Education, Australia. Annually. Latest issue September 1994	6272.0.40.001
Persons Employed at Home, Australia. Irregular. Latest issue March 1992	6275.0
Persons Not in the Labour Force, Australia. Annually. Latest issue September 1994	6220.0.40.001
Persons Who Had Re-entered the Labour Force, Australia. Three-yearly. Latest issue May 1993	6264.0
Persons Who Have Left the Labour Force, Australia. Irregular. Latest issue September 1994	6267.0.40.001
Retirement and Retirement Intentions, Australia. Three-yearly. Latest issue October 1992	6238.0
Successful and Unsuccessful Job Search Experience, Australia. Two-yearly. Latest issue July 1994	6245.0
Superannuation, Australia. Two-yearly. Latest issue November 1993	6319.0
Trade Union Members, Australia. Two-yearly. Latest issue August 1994	6325.0.40.001
Training and Education Experience, Australia, 1993	6278.0
Transition From Education to Work, Australia. Annually. Latest issue May 1994	6227.0
Underemployed Workers, Australia. Annually. Latest issue September 1994	6265.0.40.001
Weekly Earnings of Employees (Distribution), Australia. Annually. Latest issue August 1994	6310.0.40.001
Working Arrangements, Australia. Two-yearly. First issue August 1993	6342.0

LABOUR FORCE INQUIRIES



SYDNEY	(02) 268 4212	ADELAIDE	(08) 237 7365
MELBOURNE	(03) 615 7694	HOBART	(002) 20 5841
BRISBANE	(07) 222 6068	DARWIN	(089) 43 2150
PERTH	(09) 360 5380	CANBERRA	(06) 252 6525

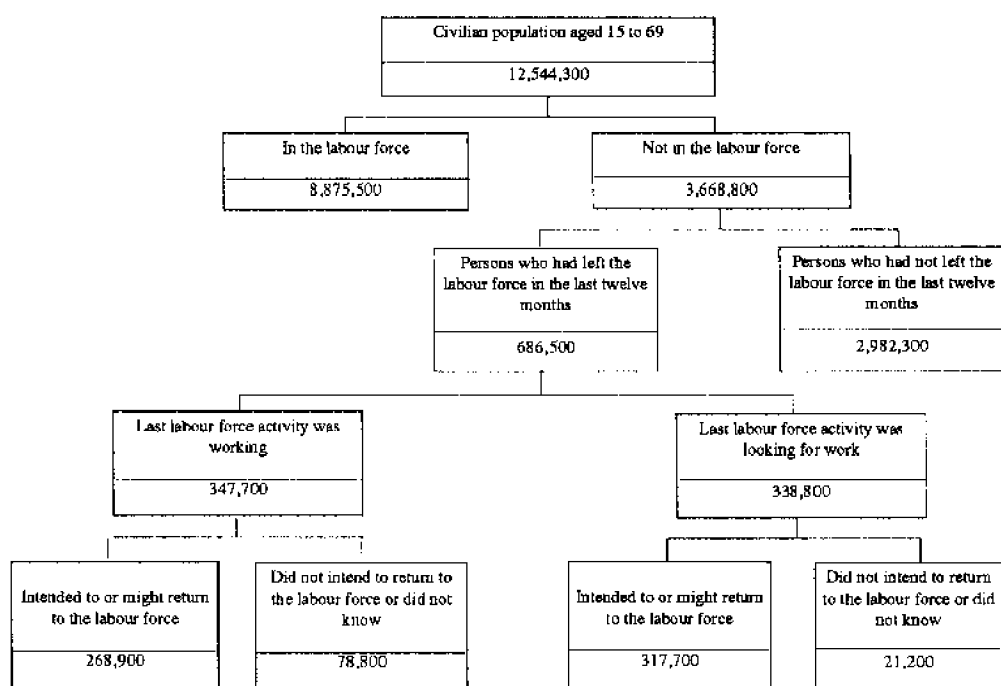
Persons who have left the labour force

The dynamics of the labour force are such that there is continuous movement of people in and out of the labour force. In net terms, the trend in labour force growth resulted in an increase of 150,000 persons (or 1.7 per cent) in the twelve months to September 1994.

However at September 1994, the ranks of persons not in the labour force included 686,500 people who had left the labour force in the previous twelve months. A survey of these people was conducted as a supplement to the Monthly Labour Force Survey in September 1994.

The survey was conducted among persons aged 15 to 69 years who were not in the labour force who had either worked or looked for work in the previous twelve months. The survey focused on work and job search experience as well as intentions to rejoin the labour force at a later date.

DIAGRAM 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS AND WHETHER HAD LEFT THE LABOUR FORCE IN THE PREVIOUS TWELVE MONTHS, SEPTEMBER 1994



Source: Table 1

Overview

An estimated 686,500 persons aged between 15 and 69 years who were not in the labour force in September 1994 had left the labour force in the previous twelve months. These persons comprised 19 per cent of those not in the labour force in this age group in September 1994.

The last time this survey was conducted (April 1991), some 563,100 persons were estimated to have left the labour force in the previous twelve months. These people represented 16 per cent of all persons not in the labour force.

Age

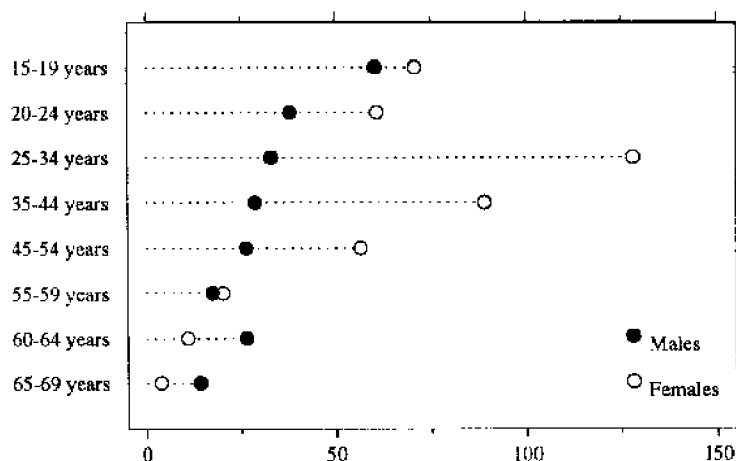
Of the 245,300 males who had left the labour force in the year to September 1994 —

- 40 per cent were aged 15 to 24 years;
- 25 per cent were aged 25 to 44 years; and
- 34 per cent were aged 45 to 69 years.

In contrast, of the 441,200 females in this group —

- 30 per cent were aged 15 to 24 years;
- 49 per cent were aged 25 to 44 years; and
- 21 per cent were aged 45 to 69 years (Table 2).

DIAGRAM 2. PERSONS WHO HAVE LEFT THE LABOUR FORCE IN THE LAST TWELVE MONTHS: AGE AND SEX, SEPTEMBER 1994 ('000)



Source: Table 2

Relationship in household

Some 82 per cent of persons who had left the labour force were members of a family (compared with 81 per cent of persons in the labour force), 12 per cent were non-family members and family status was not determined for the remaining 5 per cent. Of the 565,800 who were members of a family —

- 44 per cent were wives (wives account for 31% of family members in the labour force) and 18 per cent were husbands (husbands account for 43% of family members in the labour force);
- 10 per cent were female lone parents (female lone parents account for 3.5% of family members in the labour force) while 1 per cent were male lone parents; and
- 28 per cent were other members of a family (Table 2).

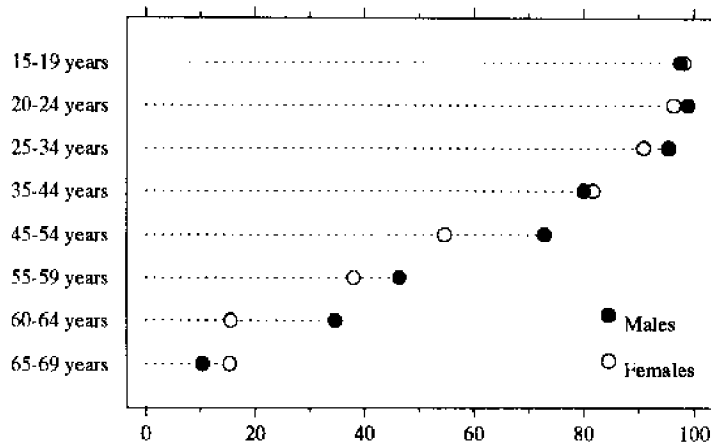
Main source of income

For males, the most commonly reported main sources of income since leaving the labour force were 'Someone else's income, pension or superannuation' (23%), 'Jobsearch, Newstart, Sickness Allowance or Special Benefit' (17%), 'Aged, Disability Support or Sole Parent's pension' (12%) and 'AUSTUDY or ABSTUDY' (12%). By comparison, the most commonly reported main sources of income for females were 'Someone else's income, pension or superannuation' (52%), 'Aged, Disability Support, Sole Parent's or Widow's pension' (13%), 'Jobsearch, Newstart, Sickness Allowance or Special Benefit' (7%) and 'AUSTUDY or ABSTUDY' (7%) (Table 2).

Last labour force activity was working

Of the 686,500 persons who had left the labour force, 347,700 (51%) persons reported their last labour force activity was working. Of the 123,300 males in this group, just under three-quarters intended to return or might return to the labour force. By comparison, of the 224,400 females in this group, 79 per cent intended to return or might return to the labour force (Table 2).

DIAGRAM 3. PERSONS WHO LEFT THE LABOUR FORCE IN THE PREVIOUS TWELVE MONTHS WHOSE LAST LABOUR FORCE ACTIVITY WAS WORKING: PROPORTION WHO INTENDED TO RETURN(a) BY AGE AND SEX, SEPTEMBER 1994 (per cent)



(a) Includes those who indicated they might return to the labour force
Source: Table 2

Reason ceased last job

Of the 347,700 persons whose last labour force activity was working, 114,100 (33%) had lost their job and 233,600 (67%) had left their job voluntarily (Table 4).

Time spent in last job

Of the 347,700 persons whose last labour force activity was working —

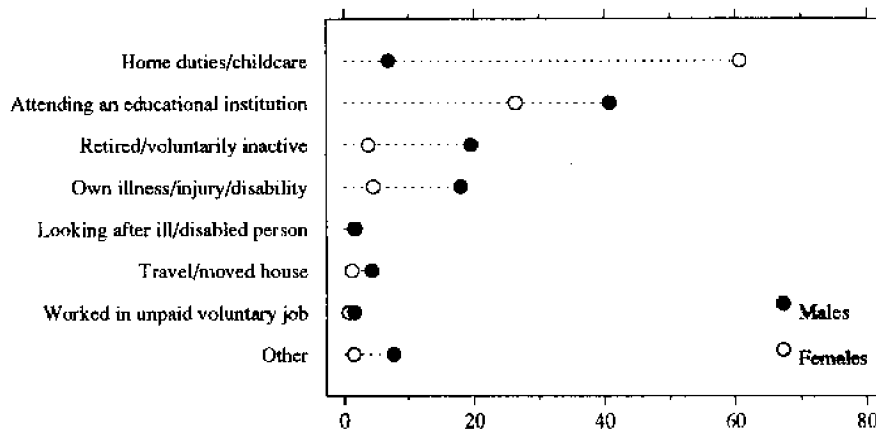
- 38 per cent had spent less than 1 year in their last job;
- 31 per cent had spent between 1 and 5 years in their last job;
- 12 per cent had spent between 5 and 10 years in their last job; and
- 19 per cent had spent 10 years or more in their last job (Table 4).

Last labour force activity was looking for work

Of the 686,500 persons who had left the labour force, 338,800 (49%) persons reported their last labour force activity was looking for work, an increase from 40% in April 1991. In contrast, 9% of the labour force comprises persons 'looking for work'. Of the 122,000 males who had left the labour force, 91 per cent intended to or might return to the labour force. By comparison, of the 216,800 females in this group, 95 per cent intended to or might return to the labour force (Table 2).

Time spent looking for work	<p>Of the 338,800 persons whose last labour force activity was looking for work —</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 69 per cent had spent less than 1 year looking for work (compared with 65% of all unemployed persons); • 27 per cent had spent between 1 and 5 years looking for work; and • 4 per cent had spent 5 years or more looking for work (Table 5).
Reason not looking for work	<p>Of the 338,800 persons whose last labour force activity was looking for work, over half (182,000) wanted to work and were available for work within four weeks. A further 28 per cent (95,500) did not want to work or were not available for work within four weeks and 18 per cent (61,400) were actively looking for work but were not available in the reference week.</p> <p>Of those who wanted to work and were available, 85,200 (47%) reported 'personal reasons' for ceasing their search for work. A further 42,200 (23%) stated 'family reasons' and 34,000 (19%) had become discouraged (Table 5).</p>
Whether looked for full-time or part-time work	<p>Just over 50 per cent of persons whose last labour force activity was looking for work had looked for full-time work. A further 34 per cent had looked for part-time work and the remaining 15 per cent had looked for both full- and part-time work or had no preference.</p> <p>Of the 172,200 persons who had looked for full-time work, 97 per cent indicated they either intended to return or might return to the labour force. By comparison, of the 116,300 persons who had looked for part-time work, 93 per cent intended to or might return to the labour force (Table 5).</p>
Main activity since leaving the labour force	<p>For males, the most commonly reported main activities since leaving the labour force were 'attending an educational institution' (41%), 'retired or voluntarily inactive' (19%) and 'own illness or injury' (17%). By comparison, the most commonly reported main activities of females were 'home duties, childcare' (61%) and 'attending an educational institution' (26%) (Table 3).</p>

DIAGRAM 4. PERSONS WHO HAVE LEFT THE LABOUR FORCE IN THE PREVIOUS TWELVE MONTHS: MAIN ACTIVITY SINCE LEAVING THE LABOUR FORCE AND SEX, SEPTEMBER 1994
(per cent)



Source: Table 3

TABLE 1. ALL PERSONS AGED 15 TO 69 YEARS: LABOUR FORCE STATUS, WHETHER LEFT THE LABOUR FORCE IN THE LAST TWELVE MONTHS, LAST LABOUR FORCE ACTIVITY AND INTENTION TO RETURN TO THE LABOUR FORCE, APRIL 1988, APRIL 1991 AND SEPTEMBER 1994
(^{'000})

	<i>April 1988</i>	<i>April 1991</i>	<i>September 1994 (a)</i>
MALES			
<i>All males aged 15 to 69 years</i>	<i>6,158.6</i>	<i>6,287.9</i>	<i>6,292.7</i>
In the labour force	4,986.0	5,049.5	5,057.5
Not in the labour force	1,058.4	1,145.7	1,235.1
Did not leave the labour force in the last 12 months	895.8	952.9	989.8
Left the labour force in the last 12 months	162.6	192.9	245.3
Last labour force activity was working	101.1	113.1	123.3
Intended to return	58.3	68.5	77.0
Might return	6.8	10.1	14.4
Did not intend to return	32.6	32.0	28.4
Did not know/not asked	*3.4	*2.6	*3.6
Last labour force activity was looking for work	61.4	79.7	122.0
Intended to return	43.0	70.0	99.1
Might return	*2.3	4.9	11.6
Did not intend to return	*3.6	*4.1	7.6
Did not know/not asked	12.5	*0.7	*3.7
FEMALES			
<i>All females aged 15 to 69 years</i>	<i>5,734.2</i>	<i>6,043.2</i>	<i>6,251.7</i>
In the labour force	3,239.6	3,586.9	3,818.0
Not in the labour force	2,494.6	2,456.3	2,433.7
Did not leave the labour force in the last 12 months	2,130.9	2,086.0	1,992.5
Left the labour force in the last 12 months	363.7	370.2	441.2
Last labour force activity was working	230.8	226.6	224.4
Intended to return	130.3	130.9	132.5
Might return	26.2	26.7	45.0
Did not intend to return	64.0	58.8	39.0
Did not know/not asked	10.2	10.1	7.8
Last labour force activity was looking for work	132.9	143.7	216.8
Intended to return	97.6	120.0	188.3
Might return	5.0	9.2	18.6
Did not intend to return	6.2	10.9	7.1
Did not know/not asked	24.1	*3.6	*2.8
PERSONS			
<i>All persons aged 15 to 69 years</i>	<i>11,503.8</i>	<i>12,168.7</i>	<i>12,544.3</i>
In the labour force	7,850.8	8,566.7	8,875.5
Not in the labour force	3,553.0	3,602.0	3,668.8
Did not leave the labour force in the last 12 months	3,026.7	3,038.9	2,982.3
Left the labour force in the last 12 months	526.3	563.1	686.5
Last labour force activity was working	331.9	339.7	347.7
Intended to return	188.6	199.4	209.5
Might return	33.0	36.8	59.4
Did not intend to return	96.6	90.8	67.4
Did not know/not asked	13.7	12.7	11.4
Last labour force activity was looking for work	194.4	223.4	338.8
Intended to return	140.6	189.9	287.4
Might return	7.3	14.1	30.3
Did not intend to return	9.8	14.9	14.7
Did not know/not asked	36.7	*4.4	6.5

(a) The September 1994 survey was weighted using population estimates based on the 1991 Census of Population and Housing and results, therefore, may not be comparable with previous years.

TABLE 2. PERSONS WHO HAVE LEFT THE LABOUR FORCE: SUMMARY OF CHARACTERISTICS, LAST LABOUR FORCE ACTIVITY AND WHETHER INTENDED TO RETURN TO THE LABOUR FORCE, SEPTEMBER 1994 ('000)

	Last labour force activity								Total
	Worked				Looked for work				
	Intended to return	Might return	Did not intend to return	Total(a)	Intended to return	Might return	Did not intend to return	Total(a)	
MALES									
<i>Age (years) —</i>									
15-19	21.2	* 2.1	* 0.4	23.9	33.7	* 2.7	* 0.4	36.7	60.5
20-24	16.7	* 1.5	* 0.2	18.4	18.4	* 1.4	* 0.0	19.7	38.1
25-34	15.3	* 1.6	* 0.6	17.7	12.7	* 2.1	* 0.0	15.4	33.1
35-44	9.4	* 1.8	* 1.9	14.0	12.5	* 1.7	* 0.4	15.0	28.9
45-54	8.1	* 2.4	* 2.8	14.4	10.0	* 1.1	* 0.9	12.1	26.4
55-59	* 3.3	* 2.0	* 4.7	11.4	* 4.1	* 0.7	* 0.6	6.0	17.4
60-64	* 2.6	* 2.3	9.1	14.1	5.5	* 1.0	* 3.8	12.4	26.5
65-69	* 0.5	* 0.5	8.5	9.5	* 2.3	* 1.0	* 1.5	4.8	14.3
<i>Relationship in household —</i>									
Family member	58.3	11.5	23.3	96.1	75.7	8.9	5.6	92.6	188.7
Husband	27.1	7.5	21.2	58.3	28.3	5.1	5.3	41.1	99.3
With dependants	14.9	* 2.1	* 2.6	21.3	18.9	* 2.1	* 1.3	22.4	43.7
Without dependants	12.2	5.4	18.6	37.0	9.4	* 3.0	* 4.0	18.7	55.7
Lone parent	* 2.3	* 0.4	* 0.6	* 3.3	* 1.7	* 0.4	* 0.0	* 2.1	5.4
With dependants	* 2.3	* 0.1	* 0.0	* 2.4	* 1.1	* 0.4	* 0.0	* 1.5	* 3.9
Without dependants	* 0.0	* 0.3	* 0.6	* 0.9	* 0.6	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.6	* 1.6
Dependent student	18.9	* 2.4	* 0.4	21.9	32.5	* 2.6	* 0.4	35.5	57.4
Non-dependent child	7.9	* 0.9	* 1.1	10.3	9.5	* 0.8	* 0.0	10.3	20.6
Other family person	* 2.0	* 0.3	* 0.0	* 2.3	* 3.6	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 3.6	5.9
Non-family member	13.3	* 2.5	* 3.7	19.9	18.5	* 2.3	* 1.2	23.0	43.0
Lone person	5.1	* 1.6	* 2.7	9.8	7.1	* 1.6	* 1.2	10.9	20.7
Not living alone	8.2	* 0.8	* 0.9	10.2	11.4	* 0.7	* 0.0	12.1	22.3
Family status not determined	5.4	* 0.4	* 1.4	7.3	4.9	* 0.5	* 0.7	6.4	13.6
<i>Birthplace and period of arrival —</i>									
Born in Australia	58.4	10.7	20.3	90.9	72.9	8.5	5.5	89.7	180.6
Born outside Australia	18.6	* 3.7	8.1	32.4	26.2	* 3.1	* 2.1	32.3	64.7
Arrived before 1961	* 2.2	* 0.6	* 3.4	7.0	5.5	* 0.7	* 0.8	7.2	14.2
Arrived 1961-1970	* 2.2	* 1.4	* 3.1	7.4	5.1	* 0.9	* 1.0	7.4	14.8
Arrived 1971-1980	* 3.9	* 0.7	* 0.7	5.6	5.0	* 0.7	* 0.2	6.1	11.7
Arrived 1981-1990	6.4	* 0.2	* 0.7	7.2	7.4	* 0.9	* 0.1	8.4	15.6
Arrived 1991 to survey date	* 3.9	* 0.7	* 0.2	5.2	* 3.2	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 3.2	8.4
Born in main English speaking countries	6.9	* 1.7	* 3.7	12.5	9.2	* 0.7	* 0.3	10.4	22.9
Born in other countries	11.6	* 2.0	* 4.4	19.9	17.0	* 2.4	* 1.8	21.9	41.8
<i>Main source of income —</i>									
Accumulated leave or compensation	* 2.7	* 0.4	* 1.5	5.0	* 2.1	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 2.2	7.3
Superannuation	* 1.8	* 1.6	6.7	10.9	* 1.4	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 1.4	12.3
Life assurance, other retirement schemes	* 0.6	* 0.3	* 0.0	* 1.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 1.0
AUSTUDY or ABSTUDY	13.6	* 2.4	* 0.1	16.3	10.3	* 1.8	* 0.4	12.4	28.7
Aged, Disability Support or Sole Parent's Pension	* 3.2	* 2.3	10.9	16.5	* 4.7	* 2.8	* 4.1	12.8	29.3
Jobsearch, Newstart, Sickness Allowance or Special Benefit	9.2	* 1.3	* 1.1	12.9	22.1	* 2.6	* 2.2	28.5	41.3
War Disability, Repatriation, Service or War Widow's pension	* 0.6	* 0.3	* 0.5	* 1.4	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 1.4
Rent, farm, business or property	* 1.5	* 0.4	* 0.3	* 2.3	* 0.3	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.3	* 2.6
Investment, interest, stocks, debentures etc.	* 1.0	* 0.1	* 3.1	* 4.8	* 0.9	* 0.0	* 0.3	* 1.6	6.4
Savings or sale of assets	13.0	* 1.6	* 2.1	16.9	6.0	* 0.6	* 0.0	6.5	23.4
Someone else's income, pension or superannuation	24.7	* 3.0	* 1.5	29.6	22.5	* 3.8	* 0.3	26.9	56.5
Other	5.0	* 0.5	* 0.4	5.8	* 3.1	* 0.2	* 0.3	* 3.7	9.5
Not asked	..	..	..	..	25.7	..	..	25.7	25.7
Total	77.0	14.4	28.4	123.3	99.1	11.6	7.6	122.0	245.3

(a) Includes persons who did not know whether they intended to return to the labour force.

TABLE 2. PERSONS WHO HAVE LEFT THE LABOUR FORCE: SUMMARY OF CHARACTERISTICS, LAST LABOUR FORCE ACTIVITY AND WHETHER INTENDED TO RETURN TO THE LABOUR FORCE, SEPTEMBER 1994 ('000)

	Last labour force activity								Total
	Worked				Looked for work				
	Intended to return	Might return	Did not intend to return	Total(a)	Intended to return	Might return	Did not intend to return	Total(a)	
FEMALES									
Age (years) —									
15-19	20.3	* 3.1	* 0.1	23.8	44.5	* 2.3	* 0.4	47.1	70.9
20-24	21.6	* 4.5	* 1.0	27.1	31.5	* 1.5	* 0.8	33.8	60.9
25-34	51.2	18.7	* 4.5	76.8	41.9	6.9	* 1.8	51.4	128.2
35-44	26.0	10.8	5.0	45.0	39.1	* 3.8	* 0.5	44.2	89.2
45-54	11.0	* 4.4	11.7	28.1	22.9	* 3.2	* 1.6	28.6	56.6
55-59	* 2.0	* 2.0	7.0	11.4	5.9	* 0.8	* 1.9	9.0	20.4
60-64	* 0.4	* 0.9	6.6	8.3	* 2.4	* 0.2	* 0.1	* 2.7	11.0
65-69	* 0.0	* 0.6	* 3.3	* 3.9	* 0.1	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.1	* 4.0
Relationship in household —									
Family member	113.1	40.7	33.6	193.9	159.3	16.6	5.5	183.2	377.1
Wife	81.6	34.7	30.7	152.9	77.9	10.4	* 4.4	93.9	246.8
With dependants	64.3	26.2	8.9	103.4	54.3	6.9	* 2.2	63.8	167.2
Without dependants	17.3	8.6	21.7	49.5	23.6	* 3.5	* 2.2	30.1	79.6
Lone parent	12.1	* 4.0	* 1.9	18.5	31.5	* 3.6	* 1.0	36.9	55.3
With dependants	11.5	* 3.2	* 1.3	16.5	28.8	* 3.3	* 0.0	32.1	48.5
Without dependants	* 0.6	* 0.8	* 0.6	* 2.0	* 2.7	* 0.3	* 1.0	* 4.8	6.8
Dependent student	15.5	* 1.5	* 0.1	17.1	42.6	* 1.7	* 0.1	44.4	61.5
Non-dependent child	* 2.4	* 0.4	* 0.9	* 3.7	6.3	* 0.9	* 0.0	7.1	10.8
Other family person	* 1.6	* 0.1	* 0.0	* 1.7	* 1.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 1.0	* 2.6
Non-family member	14.9	* 2.3	* 3.0	21.0	17.5	* 0.8	* 1.2	20.0	41.0
Lone person	* 4.5	* 1.3	* 2.6	8.6	8.5	* 0.8	* 1.1	10.5	19.1
Not living alone	10.4	* 1.0	* 0.4	12.4	9.0	* 0.0	* 0.2	9.5	21.9
Family status not determined	* 4.5	* 2.0	* 2.5	9.5	11.6	* 1.3	* 0.4	13.6	23.1
Birthplace and period of arrival —									
Born in Australia	104.5	32.3	29.7	172.9	137.6	12.6	5.3	157.9	330.9
Born outside Australia	28.0	12.7	9.3	51.4	50.7	6.1	* 1.8	58.9	110.3
Arrived before 1961	* 2.0	* 1.2	* 3.8	7.4	5.0	* 0.4	* 0.0	5.4	12.8
Arrived 1961-1970	7.7	* 4.3	* 2.2	14.7	7.5	* 2.0	* 0.4	9.9	24.6
Arrived 1971-1980	5.5	* 2.1	* 2.0	9.9	10.6	* 0.9	* 0.7	12.2	22.1
Arrived 1981-1990	9.4	* 3.2	* 0.8	13.5	17.6	* 1.2	* 0.3	19.4	32.9
Arrived 1991 to survey date	* 3.4	* 1.9	* 0.6	5.9	9.9	* 1.6	* 0.5	12.0	17.9
Born in main English speaking countries	14.3	* 4.2	5.4	24.3	17.7	* 2.2	* 0.4	20.3	44.6
Born in other countries	13.8	8.6	* 4.0	27.1	33.0	* 3.9	* 1.4	38.6	65.8
Main source of income —									
Accumulated leave or compensation	* 1.0	* 0.4	* 0.3	* 2.2	* 0.8	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.8	* 3.0
Superannuation	* 0.7	* 0.8	* 1.7	* 3.3	* 0.3	* 0.0	* 0.1	* 0.4	* 3.8
Life assurance, other retirement schemes	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.4	* 0.4	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.4
AUSTUDY or ABSTUDY	13.9	* 1.7	* 0.0	15.6	15.2	* 0.2	* 0.0	15.3	31.0
Aged, Disability Support, Sole Parent's or Widow's Pension	11.6	* 4.6	10.3	27.0	25.1	4.8	* 0.7	32.2	59.1
Jobsearch, Newstart, Sickness Allowance or Special Benefit	7.8	* 1.3	* 1.4	11.0	15.6	* 2.5	* 1.9	20.3	31.4
War Disability, Repatriation, Service or War Widow's pension	* 1.2	* 0.1	* 0.4	* 2.2	* 0.2	* 0.0	* 0.3	* 0.5	* 2.7
Rent, farm, business or property	* 0.7	* 0.6	* 1.0	* 2.3	* 0.6	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.6	* 2.9
Investment, interest, stocks, debentures etc.	* 0.3	* 2.4	* 1.6	* 4.8	* 1.5	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 1.5	6.3
Savings or sale of assets	* 4.2	* 0.9	* 0.7	6.0	* 1.7	* 0.1	* 0.0	* 1.8	7.9
Someone else's income, pension or superannuation	86.9	31.9	20.6	144.7	67.7	10.7	* 3.7	82.8	227.5
Other	* 3.9	* 0.3	* 0.6	* 4.8	* 4.0	* 0.4	* 0.5	4.9	9.6
Not asked	..	..	..	..	55.6	..	..	55.6	55.6
Total	132.5	45.0	39.0	224.4	188.3	18.6	7.1	216.8	441.2

(a) Includes persons who did not know whether they intended to return to the labour force.

TABLE 2. PERSONS WHO HAVE LEFT THE LABOUR FORCE: SUMMARY OF CHARACTERISTICS, LAST LABOUR FORCE ACTIVITY AND WHETHER INTENDED TO RETURN TO THE LABOUR FORCE, SEPTEMBER 1994 ('000)

	Last labour force activity								Total
	Worked				Looked for work				
	Intended to return	Might return	Did not intend to return	Total(a)	Intended to return	Might return	Did not intend to return	Total(a)	
PERSONS									
<i>Age (years) —</i>									
15-19	41.5	5.2	* 0.5	47.7	78.1	4.9	* 0.7	83.8	131.4
20-24	38.3	6.0	* 1.2	45.5	49.9	* 2.9	* 0.8	53.5	99.0
25-34	66.5	20.3	5.1	94.5	54.6	9.0	* 1.8	66.8	161.3
35-44	35.4	12.6	6.9	59.0	51.6	5.5	* 0.8	59.1	118.1
45-54	19.1	6.8	14.5	42.4	32.9	* 4.4	* 2.6	40.6	83.1
55-59	5.3	* 4.0	11.7	22.7	9.9	* 1.5	* 2.5	15.0	37.8
60-64	* 2.9	* 3.2	15.7	22.4	7.9	* 1.2	* 4.0	15.0	37.4
65-69	* 0.5	* 1.1	11.8	13.4	* 2.4	* 1.0	* 1.5	4.9	18.3
<i>Relationship in household —</i>									
Family member	171.4	52.2	56.9	290.0	235.0	25.4	11.1	275.8	565.8
Husband or wife	108.7	42.2	51.8	211.2	106.2	15.5	9.7	134.9	346.1
With dependants	79.2	28.2	11.6	124.7	73.2	9.0	* 3.5	86.2	210.8
Without dependants	29.5	14.0	40.3	86.5	33.0	6.6	6.2	48.8	135.3
Lone parent	14.4	* 4.4	* 2.5	21.8	33.3	* 4.0	* 1.0	39.0	60.8
With dependants	13.8	* 3.3	* 1.3	18.8	29.9	* 3.7	* 0.0	33.6	52.4
Without dependants	* 0.6	* 1.1	* 1.2	* 2.9	* 3.4	* 0.3	* 1.0	5.4	8.4
Dependent student	34.4	* 3.9	* 0.5	39.1	75.1	* 4.3	* 0.4	79.9	118.9
Non-dependent child	10.3	* 1.3	* 2.0	14.0	15.8	* 1.6	* 0.0	17.4	31.4
Other family person	* 3.6	* 0.4	* 0.0	* 4.0	* 4.6	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 4.6	8.6
Non-family member	28.2	* 4.7	6.6	40.9	36.0	* 3.1	* 2.4	43.0	83.9
Lone person	9.6	* 2.9	5.3	18.4	15.6	* 2.4	* 2.3	21.3	39.7
Not living alone	18.6	* 1.8	* 1.4	22.5	20.4	* 0.7	* 0.2	21.7	44.2
Family status not determined	10.0	* 2.4	* 3.9	16.8	16.4	* 1.8	* 1.1	20.0	36.8
<i>Birthplace and period of arrival —</i>									
Born in Australia	162.9	42.9	49.9	263.8	210.5	21.1	10.8	247.6	511.5
Born outside Australia	46.6	16.4	17.4	83.8	76.9	9.2	* 3.9	91.2	175.0
Arrived before 1961	* 4.2	* 1.9	7.2	14.4	10.5	* 1.0	* 0.8	12.6	27.0
Arrived 1961-1970	9.8	5.7	5.3	22.2	12.6	* 2.8	* 1.4	17.3	39.4
Arrived 1971-1980	9.3	* 2.8	* 2.6	15.4	15.7	* 1.6	* 0.9	18.4	33.8
Arrived 1981-1990	15.9	* 3.4	* 1.5	20.8	25.0	* 2.1	* 0.4	27.8	48.5
Arrived 1991 to survey date	7.4	* 2.6	* 0.8	11.1	13.1	* 1.6	* 0.5	15.2	26.3
Born in main English speaking countries	21.2	5.8	9.1	36.8	26.9	* 2.9	* 0.7	30.7	67.5
Born in other countries	25.4	10.6	8.4	47.0	50.0	6.3	* 3.2	60.6	107.6
<i>Main source of income —</i>									
Accumulated leave or compensation	* 3.8	* 0.8	* 1.8	7.3	* 2.9	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 3.0	10.3
Superannuation	* 2.5	* 2.4	8.5	14.3	* 1.7	* 0.0	* 0.1	* 1.8	16.1
Life assurance, other retirement schemes	* 0.6	* 0.3	* 0.4	* 1.4	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 1.4
AUSTUDY or ABSTUDY	27.5	* 4.1	* 0.1	31.9	25.4	* 2.0	* 0.4	27.7	59.7
Aged, Disability Support, Sole Parent's or Widow's Pension	14.9	6.9	21.2	43.4	29.8	7.6	* 4.7	45.0	88.4
Jobsearch, Newstart, Sickness Allowance or Special Benefit	17.0	* 2.6	* 2.5	23.9	37.6	5.1	* 4.1	48.8	72.7
War Disability, Repatriation, Service or War Widow's pension	* 1.9	* 0.4	* 1.0	* 3.6	* 0.2	* 0.0	* 0.3	* 0.5	* 4.1
Rent, farm, business or property	* 2.3	* 1.0	* 1.3	* 4.6	* 1.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 1.0	5.5
Investment, interest, stocks, debentures etc.	* 1.3	* 2.5	* 4.8	9.5	* 2.5	* 0.0	* 0.3	* 3.1	12.7
Savings or sale of assets	17.2	* 2.6	* 2.9	22.9	7.7	* 0.7	* 0.0	8.3	31.2
Someone else's income, pension or superannuation	111.7	35.0	22.1	174.3	90.1	14.4	* 4.0	109.8	284.0
Other	8.9	* 0.8	* 0.9	10.6	7.2	* 0.5	* 0.8	8.5	19.1
Not asked	..	..	..	..	81.3	..	..	81.3	81.3
Total	209.5	59.4	67.4	347.7	287.4	30.3	14.7	338.8	686.5

(a) Includes persons who did not know whether they intended to return to the labour force.

TABLE 3. PERSONS WHO HAVE LEFT THE LABOUR FORCE: MAIN ACTIVITY SINCE LEAVING THE LABOUR FORCE, LAST LABOUR FORCE ACTIVITY AND WHETHER INTENDED TO RETURN TO THE LABOUR FORCE, SEPTEMBER 1994 ('000)

Main activity since leaving the labour force	Last labour force activity								Total
	Worked				Looked for work				
	Intended to return	Did not		Total(a)	Intended to return	Did not		Total(a)	
		Might return	intend to return			Might return	intend to return		
MALES									
Home duties, childcare	5.7	* 1.2	* 1.1	8.2	7.1	* 1.0	* 0.0	8.5	16.7
Attending an educational institution	38.2	* 4.4	* 0.7	43.5	51.5	* 4.5	* 0.4	56.4	99.9
Retired or voluntarily inactive	7.5	* 3.7	18.8	31.1	8.6	* 1.0	5.0	16.7	47.8
Unpaid leave	* 1.7	* 0.0	* 0.2	* 1.9	* 0.6	* 0.3	* 0.0	* 0.8	* 2.7
Own illness or injury	12.3	* 3.5	5.4	22.7	13.7	* 3.5	* 1.2	19.0	41.7
Own disability or handicap	* 0.4	* 0.3	* 0.6	* 1.3	* 0.7	* 0.3	* 0.0	* 1.0	* 2.3
Looking after ill or disabled person	* 0.4	* 0.2	* 1.0	* 1.9	* 1.4	* 0.6	* 0.3	* 2.3	* 4.2
Travel, moving house or holiday	6.9	* 0.3	* 0.4	7.7	* 2.3	* 0.0	* 0.4	* 2.7	10.4
Worked in unpaid voluntary job	* 0.6	* 0.0	* 0.1	* 0.7	* 2.1	* 0.2	* 0.2	* 2.9	* 3.6
Other	* 3.2	* 0.8	* 0.0	* 4.3	11.0	* 0.3	* 0.0	11.7	16.0
Total	77.0	14.4	28.4	123.3	99.1	11.6	7.6	122.0	245.3
FEMALES									
Home duties, childcare	79.7	34.7	25.8	146.3	101.2	12.5	5.3	120.9	267.2
Attending an educational institution	38.4	* 4.3	* 0.5	43.4	69.3	* 2.9	* 0.5	72.8	116.2
Retired or voluntarily inactive	* 1.6	* 2.3	9.4	14.0	* 1.5	* 0.4	* 0.6	* 3.0	16.9
Unpaid leave	* 0.6	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.9	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.9
Own illness or injury	6.6	* 1.9	* 1.8	10.9	5.8	* 1.2	* 0.7	8.1	18.9
Own disability or handicap	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.3	* 0.3	* 0.4	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.4	* 0.7
Looking after ill or disabled person	* 1.1	* 0.7	* 1.0	* 2.8	* 2.7	* 1.1	* 0.0	* 3.8	6.6
Travel, moving house or holiday	* 2.5	* 0.8	* 0.0	* 3.2	* 1.9	* 0.2	* 0.0	* 2.1	5.4
Worked in unpaid voluntary job	* 0.3	* 0.2	* 0.0	* 0.5	* 2.2	* 0.3	* 0.0	* 2.5	* 3.0
Other	* 1.8	* 0.2	* 0.2	* 2.1	* 3.2	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 3.3	5.4
Total	132.5	45.0	39.0	224.4	188.3	18.6	7.1	216.8	441.2
PERSONS									
Home duties, childcare	85.4	36.0	26.9	154.5	108.3	13.5	5.3	129.4	283.9
Attending an educational institution	76.6	8.6	* 1.2	86.9	120.9	7.4	* 0.9	129.2	216.1
Retired or voluntarily inactive	9.0	6.0	28.2	45.1	10.1	* 1.3	5.7	19.6	64.7
Unpaid leave	* 2.3	* 0.0	* 0.2	* 2.8	* 0.6	* 0.3	* 0.0	* 0.8	* 3.6
Own illness or injury	18.9	5.3	7.3	33.6	19.5	* 4.7	* 1.9	27.0	60.6
Own disability or handicap	* 0.4	* 0.3	* 0.9	* 1.6	* 1.1	* 0.3	* 0.0	* 1.4	* 3.0
Looking after ill or disabled person	* 1.4	* 0.9	* 2.0	* 4.6	* 4.1	* 1.7	* 0.3	6.1	10.8
Travel, moving house or holiday	9.4	* 1.1	* 0.4	10.9	* 4.2	* 0.2	* 0.4	4.9	15.7
Worked in unpaid voluntary job	* 0.9	* 0.2	* 0.1	* 1.2	* 4.3	* 0.5	* 0.2	5.4	6.6
Other	5.0	* 1.0	* 0.2	6.4	14.2	* 0.3	* 0.0	15.0	21.4
Total	209.5	59.4	67.4	347.7	287.4	30.3	14.7	338.8	686.5

(a) Includes persons who did not know whether they intended to return to the labour force.

**TABLE 4. PERSONS WHO HAVE LEFT THE LABOUR FORCE WHOSE LAST LABOUR FORCE ACTIVITY WAS WORKING:
SUMMARY OF PREVIOUS JOB CHARACTERISTICS AND WHETHER INTENDED TO RETURN TO THE LABOUR FORCE,
SEPTEMBER 1994
(^{'000})**

	Whether intended to return to the labour force				
	Intended to return	Might return	Did not know	Did not intend to return	Total
Time since left the labour force —					
1 and under 4 weeks	23.1	* 2.8	* 0.5	* 4.1	30.5
4 and under 8 weeks	23.8	4.8	* 2.2	7.0	37.8
8 and under 13 weeks	33.8	10.9	* 1.9	11.0	57.6
13 and under 26 weeks	38.2	14.4	* 1.2	14.1	67.9
26 and under 39 weeks	56.7	18.2	* 3.2	18.0	96.2
39 and under 52 weeks	33.9	8.3	* 2.3	13.1	57.6
Time spent in last job —					
Less than 1 year	99.9	19.5	* 2.7	11.6	133.7
Less than 3 months	62.7	9.8	* 1.3	8.9	82.7
3 and under 6 months	13.8	* 3.2	* 0.7	* 0.8	18.5
6 and under 9 months	15.8	* 2.8	* 0.2	* 1.4	20.2
9 and under 12 months	7.7	* 3.7	* 0.5	* 0.4	12.4
1 and under 3 years	44.2	13.2	* 2.1	6.4	66.0
3 and under 5 years	23.2	6.9	* 1.8	9.1	41.0
5 and under 10 years	21.7	9.0	* 1.1	9.9	41.7
10 and under 20 years	13.3	7.4	* 1.5	15.3	37.6
20 years or more	7.2	* 3.4	* 2.0	15.0	27.7
Reason for ceasing last job —					
Job loser	61.9	20.8	* 3.5	27.8	114.1
Retrenched	22.4	6.6	* 1.1	7.7	37.8
Job was temporary or seasonal and did not leave to return to studies	18.0	5.6	* 0.4	7.3	31.4
Own ill health or injury	18.7	7.7	* 2.0	12.7	41.0
Business closed down for economic reasons	* 2.8	* 0.9	* 0.0	* 0.2	* 3.9
Job leaver	147.6	38.6	7.9	39.5	233.6
Unsatisfactory work arrangements, pay or hours	10.7	* 3.2	* 0.7	* 0.7	15.3
Job was temporary or seasonal and left to return to studies	19.3	* 1.8	* 0.3	* 0.7	22.1
Retired, didn't want to work any longer or too old	5.8	* 3.7	* 2.3	26.9	38.8
Returned to studies	36.0	* 3.2	* 0.0	* 0.5	39.7
To get married	* 0.4	* 0.2	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.6
Pregnancy, to have children	41.3	15.8	* 2.5	* 4.3	63.8
To look after family, house or someone else	8.1	* 4.1	* 1.1	* 3.2	16.5
To have holiday, to move house or spouse transferred	12.3	* 2.9	* 0.3	* 1.1	16.7
Business closed down for non-economic reasons	* 2.4	* 0.0	* 0.5	* 1.6	* 4.5
Other	11.4	* 3.6	* 0.2	* 0.5	15.7
Status in employment in last job —					
Employers	* 1.5	* 0.9	* 1.2	* 2.1	5.7
Own account workers	8.9	* 2.1	* 0.9	* 4.1	16.1
Employees	199.2	56.3	9.3	61.1	325.9
Contributing family workers	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.0
Full-time or part-time worker in last job —					
Full-time	107.1	30.3	6.2	41.6	185.2
Part-time	97.9	28.7	* 4.8	24.9	156.3
Varied, did not know	* 4.5	* 0.4	* 0.4	* 0.9	6.2
Total	209.5	59.4	11.4	67.4	347.7

TABLE 5. PERSONS WHO HAVE LEFT THE LABOUR FORCE WHOSE LAST LABOUR FORCE ACTIVITY WAS LOOKING FOR WORK: SUMMARY OF LABOUR FORCE CHARACTERISTICS AND WHETHER INTENDED TO RETURN TO THE LABOUR FORCE, SEPTEMBER 1994
(^{'000})

	Whether intended to return to the labour force				
	Intended to return	Might return	Did not know	Did not intend to return	Total
Time since left the labour force —					
1 and under 4 weeks	133.3	* 3.0	* 0.5	* 1.5	138.2
4 and under 8 weeks	53.3	7.1	* 0.9	* 0.9	62.2
8 and under 13 weeks	42.1	5.6	* 1.7	* 2.0	51.4
13 and under 26 weeks	28.0	5.3	* 1.5	* 3.9	38.6
26 and under 39 weeks	19.7	6.3	* 1.6	* 4.5	32.1
39 and under 52 weeks	11.0	* 3.1	* 0.3	* 1.9	16.3
Time spent looking for work prior to leaving the labour force —					
Less than 1 year	200.8	20.1	* 4.2	8.6	233.6
Less than 3 months	132.9	14.1	* 1.7	* 4.3	153.0
3 and under 6 months	23.4	* 2.4	* 1.7	* 1.0	28.5
6 and under 9 months	37.6	* 2.9	* 0.7	* 2.2	43.5
9 and under 12 months	6.8	* 0.7	* 0.1	* 1.1	8.7
1 and under 3 years	61.1	7.5	* 2.0	* 4.5	75.1
3 and under 5 years	15.1	* 1.9	* 0.3	* 0.5	17.8
5 and under 10 years	8.1	* 0.6	* 0.0	* 0.8	9.5
10 and under 20 years	* 1.7	* 0.1	* 0.0	* 0.1	* 1.9
20 years or more	* 0.6	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.3	* 0.9
Whether looked for full-time or part-time work before left labour force —					
Full-time	160.0	6.2	* 0.9	5.1	172.2
Part-time	91.1	16.7	* 2.8	5.7	116.3
Both, no preference	36.3	7.4	* 2.8	* 3.8	50.3
Reason not looking or not available for work —					
Wanted to work and available for					
work within four weeks	161.6	14.4	* 2.5	* 3.4	182.0
Had a job to go to	* 3.3	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 3.3
Personal reasons	77.4	6.1	* 0.7	* 0.9	85.2
Family reasons	36.7	4.9	* 0.0	* 0.6	42.2
On a job related training program	* 3.5	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 3.5
Became discouraged	28.0	* 3.0	* 1.4	* 1.7	34.0
No jobs in suitable hours	* 3.3	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 3.3
Other reasons	6.5	* 0.4	* 0.3	* 0.3	7.4
Don't know	* 2.9	* 0.0	* 0.1	* 0.0	* 3.0
Did not want to work or not available					
for work within four weeks	64.5	15.8	* 3.9	11.3	95.5
Had a job to go to	* 3.4	* 0.4	* 0.0	* 0.4	* 4.1
Personal reasons	43.8	10.1	* 2.9	6.4	63.1
Family reasons	* 3.7	* 3.2	* 0.4	* 0.4	7.8
Became discouraged	* 3.4	* 1.3	* 0.4	* 2.7	7.9
No jobs in suitable hours	* 0.8	* 0.6	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 1.4
Other reasons	* 3.0	* 0.3	* 0.2	* 1.4	4.8
Not asked	6.3	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	6.3
Actively looking for work but not available					
for work in the reference week	61.4	..	..	..	61.4
Own illness or injury	7.2	..	..	..	7.2
Attending an educational institution	26.8	..	..	..	26.8
Personal reasons or family responsibilities	16.8	..	..	..	16.8
Had a job to go to	* 2.5	..	..	..	* 2.5
Other reasons	7.9	..	..	..	7.9
Total	287.4	30.3	6.5	14.7	338.8

Participation in Education: September 1994

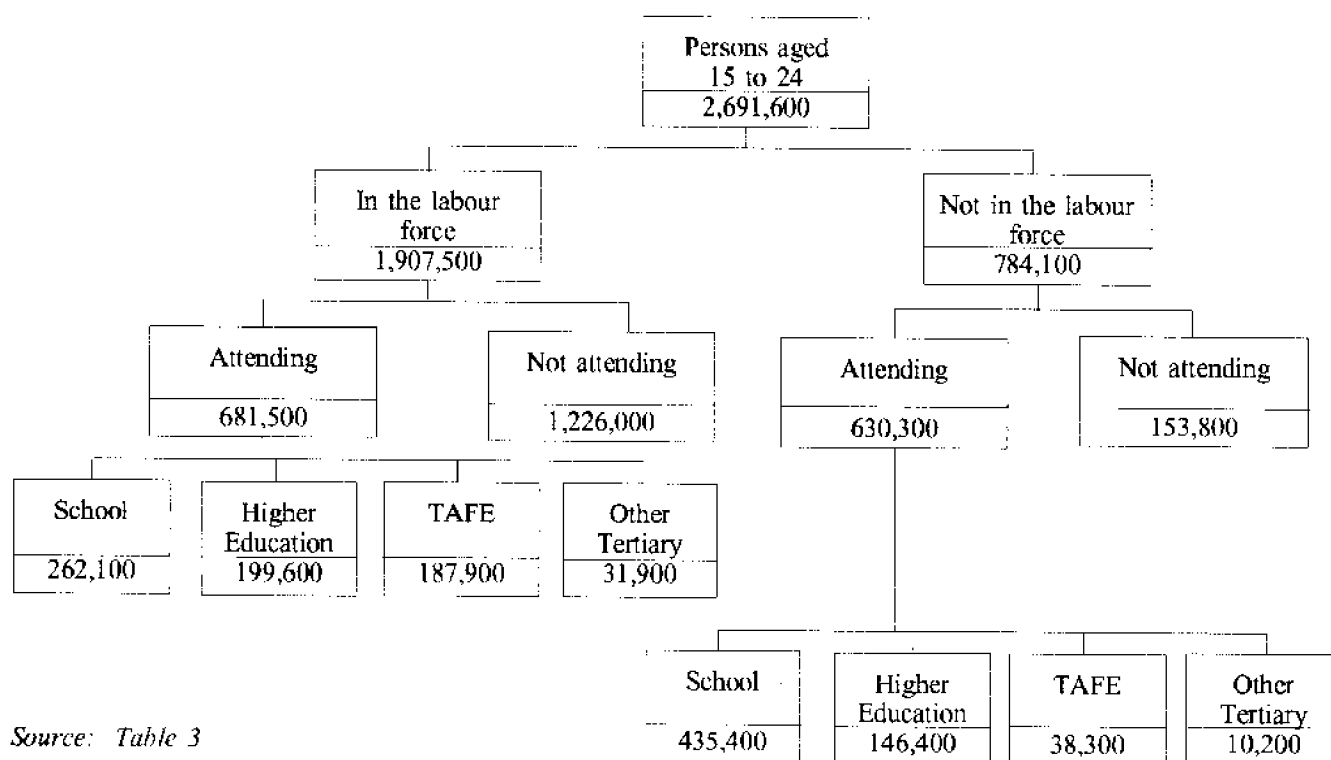
A survey measuring the level of participation in education by 15 to 24 year olds was conducted in September 1994 as a supplement to the Monthly Labour Force Survey. The survey provides a second point in time perspective of similar data collected in May of each year.

Overview

Forty nine per cent (1,311,800) of the estimated 2,691,600 persons aged 15 to 24 were attending an educational institution in September 1994. Of these students, 697,400 (53%) were at a school, 346,000 (26%) were in higher education institutions, 226,200 (17%) in a TAFE and 42,200 (3%) were attending other educational institutions.

Education participation rates for single year age groups range from 96 per cent of 15 year olds down to 17 per cent of 24 year olds. School participation was highest among 15 year olds (95%) and tertiary participation peaked among 19 year olds (44%).

DIAGRAM 1. PERSONS AGED 15 TO 24 : TYPE OF EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION ATTENDING AND LABOUR FORCE STATUS, SEPTEMBER 1994



Source: Table 3

School attendance - aged 15 to 19 years

The percentage of 15 to 19 year olds attending school in Australia rose above 50 per cent in September 1991 and has continued to increase since, with the September 1994 estimate at 54.5 per cent (691,200).

Comparison of September 1989 and September 1994 estimates of school attendance show increases of 5 percentage points for 16 year olds, 15 percentage points for 17 year olds and 8 percentage points for 18 year olds over the period.

State estimates of 15 to 19 year old school participation rates in September 1994 were highest in Victoria (59%) and New South Wales (58%). In South Australia and Tasmania the rate was 52 per cent followed by 48 per cent in Queensland and 47 per cent in Western Australia.

Government schools enrolled 65 per cent (448,000) of school students aged 15 to 19. Of the 242,700 non-government school students in this age group 54 per cent (132,000) were enrolled in the catholic school system.

Tertiary educational attendance

An estimated 614,400 15 to 24 year olds (23%) were attending tertiary education in September 1994. The majority of these (64%) were attending on a full-time basis. This varied by type of institution with 85 per cent of Higher Education students attending full-time compared to 35 per cent of TAFE students.

Between September 1989 and 1994 the number of students attending tertiary educational institutions increased by 73,400. Among this group those attending on a full-time basis increased by 83,400 over the same period.

Participation in the labour force

The age groups 15 to 19 and 20 to 24 have different patterns of labour force participation. In September 1994 57.6 per cent of 15 to 19 year olds participated in the labour force compared to 82.7 per cent of 20 to 24 year olds.

Full-time students had a labour force participation rate of 42.8 per cent compared to 96.1 per cent of part-time students and 88.9 per cent of non-students.

Participation levels also varied by type of institution with only 37.6 per cent of school students in the labour force, compared to 57.7 per cent of higher education students and 83.0 per cent of TAFE students.

Females (68.6%) were less likely than males (73.1%) to be in the labour force. Female students however, had a labour force participation rate of 53.2 per cent, compared to 50.8 per cent of male students.

TERTIARY INSTITUTIONS BY TYPE OF ATTENDANCE: PROPORTIONS OF MALE AND FEMALE STUDENTS AGED 15 TO 24, AUSTRALIA, SEPTEMBER 1994
(Per cent)

	<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>
Higher education	48	52
Full-time	49	51
Part-time	47	53
TAFE	58	42
Full-time	48	52
Part-time	63	37
Other	46	54
Total	51	49
Full-time	50	50
Part-time	59	41

Birthplace characteristics

Australian-born persons aged 15 to 24 years had an education participation rate of 46 per cent, and overseas-born 61 per cent, in September 1994.

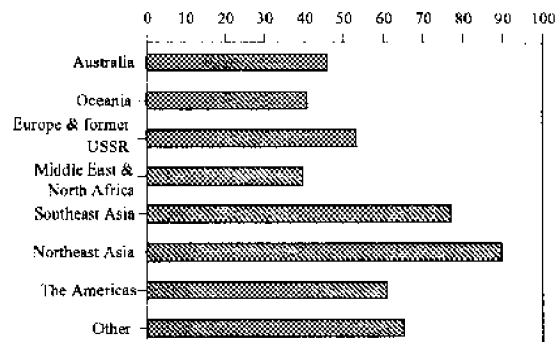
Among the overseas-born, education participation rates differed widely according to country-of-birth. Persons born in either the Middle East and North Africa or Oceania had low rates of education participation, relative to the national average, with 40 and 41 per cent respectively. Europe and the former USSR were slightly above average with 53 per cent, and the Americas higher at 61 per cent.

Very high education participation rates were recorded for persons born in Asia with Southeast Asians recording 77 per cent and Northeast Asians 90 per cent.

Over 90 per cent of Asian-born tertiary students were in higher education compared to 59 per cent of all overseas-born and 53 per cent of those born in Australia.

Among 15 to 24 year olds in September 1994, persons born overseas represented 13.7 per cent of school students, 19.8 per cent of tertiary students, 24.5 per cent of higher education students and 13.2 per cent of TAFE students.

DIAGRAM 2. PERSONS AGED 15 TO 24: EDUCATION PARTICIPATION RATES BY SELECTED COUNTRIES OF BIRTH
(Per cent)



Changes over time - September 1989 to September 1994

Although the numbers of persons aged 15 to 19 attending an educational institution have only shown a marginal increase since 1989, the total population of 15 to 19 year olds has decreased by almost 132,000. This has resulted in the educational participation rates increasing from 67 to 74 per cent.

Among 20 to 24 year olds, persons attending an educational institution have increased by 92,500 since 1989 and the total population has also increased by just over 104,000. Educational participation rates have increased from 21 to 26 per cent over the period.

The education participation rate for males has moved from 46 in September 1989 to 49 per cent in September 1994 while the female rate has moved from 41 to 48 per cent over the same period.

TABLE 1. PERSONS AGED 15 TO 24 : WHETHER ATTENDING AN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION, TYPE OF INSTITUTION ATTENDING, TYPE OF ATTENDANCE AND AGE, SEPTEMBER 1994
(^{'000})

Whether attending	Type of institution attending	Type of attendance	Age										Total
			15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	
MALES													
All persons at educational institutions —													
	School		122.2	102.7	86.2	34.5	6.3	* 0.9	* 0.5	* 1.3	* 0.2	* 0.0	354.8
	Tertiary		* 0.2	7.3	12.5	47.8	60.2	55.8	47.7	30.2	30.3	26.2	318.1
		Full-time	* 0.0	* 1.9	4.0	29.3	39.5	35.3	30.1	15.6	16.1	14.7	186.6
		Part-time	* 0.2	5.3	8.6	18.5	20.7	20.6	17.5	14.5	14.1	11.5	131.6
	Higher education		* 0.0	* 0.0	* 1.6	20.2	32.8	31.2	28.6	18.2	20.0	15.0	167.7
		Full-time	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 1.4	17.9	31.4	28.2	26.1	12.9	14.7	11.4	144.0
		Part-time	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.3	* 2.4	* 1.4	* 3.0	* 2.5	5.3	5.3	* 3.6	23.7
	TAFE		* 0.2	6.6	10.2	24.0	25.7	23.3	16.4	10.0	7.8	6.9	131.1
		Full-time	* 0.0	* 1.9	* 2.5	10.2	7.8	6.5	* 3.6	* 2.4	* 1.1	* 2.7	38.7
		Part-time	* 0.2	4.7	7.8	13.7	17.9	16.8	12.8	7.6	6.7	4.2	92.4
	Other(a)		* 0.0	* 0.6	* 0.7	* 3.6	* 1.7	* 1.4	* 2.6	* 2.0	* 2.5	4.2	19.3
	Total attending		122.4	109.9	98.8	82.3	66.5	56.8	48.2	31.5	30.5	26.2	672.9
		Full-time	122.2	104.6	90.1	63.8	45.5	36.2	30.6	16.7	16.3	14.7	540.8
		Part-time	* 0.2	5.3	8.7	18.5	20.9	20.6	17.5	14.8	14.1	11.5	132.2
Not attending			5.7	18.5	30.6	46.9	66.4	80.0	92.5	115.3	118.9	116.2	691.0
Total			128.1	128.5	129.4	129.2	132.9	136.8	140.7	146.8	149.3	142.3	1,363.9
FEMALES													
All persons at educational institutions —													
	School		115.5	105.7	88.1	27.8	* 2.3	* 1.7	* 0.5	* 0.3	* 0.6	* 0.2	342.6
	Tertiary		* 0.9	4.1	9.7	48.0	55.5	55.6	39.7	33.7	27.9	21.2	296.2
		Full-time	* 0.4	* 2.3	7.6	36.8	41.8	43.2	28.0	21.0	13.5	9.2	203.8
		Part-time	* 0.5	* 1.8	* 2.1	11.3	13.6	12.4	11.7	12.7	14.4	12.0	92.4
	Higher education		* 0.0	* 0.0	* 3.8	22.0	35.1	37.0	29.9	21.2	16.0	13.3	178.3
		Full-time	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 3.6	21.6	34.0	34.2	24.1	17.1	9.2	7.7	151.3
		Part-time	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.2	* 0.4	* 1.2	* 2.8	5.8	4.1	6.9	5.6	26.9
	TAFE		* 0.6	* 2.9	5.9	21.8	17.5	15.4	8.1	8.2	8.8	5.7	95.1
		Full-time	* 0.4	* 1.8	4.1	11.7	7.0	6.3	* 3.2	* 2.9	* 3.3	* 0.7	41.3
		Part-time	* 0.2	* 1.2	* 1.9	10.1	10.5	9.1	4.9	5.3	5.5	5.1	53.8
	Other(a)		* 0.3	* 1.2	* 0.0	4.2	* 2.8	* 3.2	* 1.7	4.3	* 3.1	* 2.2	22.9
	Total attending		116.3	109.9	97.8	75.8	57.8	57.3	40.2	33.9	28.4	21.4	638.9
		Full-time	115.9	108.0	95.7	64.5	44.1	44.9	28.2	21.2	14.0	9.4	546.1
		Part-time	* 0.5	* 1.8	* 2.1	11.3	13.6	12.4	12.0	12.7	14.5	12.0	92.8
Not attending			4.7	11.6	24.4	49.0	71.9	76.4	97.9	110.9	120.2	121.8	688.8
Total			121.1	121.4	122.2	124.8	129.7	133.6	138.1	144.8	148.7	143.3	1,327.7
PERSONS													
All persons at educational institutions —													
	School		237.7	208.4	174.3	62.3	8.6	* 2.7	* 1.0	* 1.6	* 0.7	* 0.2	697.4
	Tertiary		* 1.1	11.4	22.3	95.8	115.7	111.4	87.3	63.8	58.2	47.4	614.4
		Full-time	* 0.4	4.2	11.6	66.0	81.3	78.4	58.1	36.6	29.7	23.9	390.4
		Part-time	* 0.7	7.1	10.7	29.8	34.3	33.0	29.2	27.2	28.5	23.5	224.0
	Higher education		* 0.0	* 0.0	5.4	42.2	68.0	68.2	58.5	39.4	36.0	28.4	346.0
		Full-time	* 0.0	* 0.0	4.9	39.4	65.4	62.4	50.2	30.0	23.8	19.1	295.3
		Part-time	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.5	* 2.8	* 2.6	5.7	8.3	9.4	12.2	9.3	50.7
	TAFE		* 0.8	9.6	16.2	45.8	43.2	38.7	24.6	18.2	16.6	12.6	226.2
		Full-time	* 0.4	* 3.7	6.5	22.0	14.8	12.8	6.8	5.2	4.4	* 3.4	80.0
		Part-time	* 0.4	5.8	9.7	23.8	28.4	25.9	17.7	13.0	12.2	9.3	146.1
	Other(a)		* 0.3	* 1.8	* 0.7	7.8	4.5	4.5	4.3	6.2	5.6	6.4	42.2
	Total attending		238.7	219.8	196.6	158.1	124.2	114.1	88.4	65.4	58.9	47.6	1,311.8
		Full-time	238.1	212.6	185.8	128.3	89.7	81.1	58.9	37.9	30.3	24.1	1,086.8
		Part-time	* 0.7	7.1	10.8	29.8	34.6	33.0	29.5	27.4	28.6	23.5	225.0
Not attending			10.4	30.1	55.0	95.8	138.3	156.3	190.4	226.3	239.1	238.0	1,379.8
Total			249.2	249.9	251.6	253.9	262.5	270.4	278.8	291.7	298.0	285.6	2,691.6

(a) Includes Business Colleges, Industry Skills Centres and other educational institutions.

TABLE 2. PERSONS AGED 15 TO 24 : WHETHER ATTENDING AN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION, TYPE OF INSTITUTION ATTENDING, TYPE OF ATTENDANCE, LABOUR FORCE STATUS AND AGE, SEPTEMBER 1994

PERSONS ATTENDING, TYPE OF ATTENDANCE, LABOUR FORCE STATUS AND AGE, SEPTEMBER 1994											
Whether attending	Type of institution attending	Type of attendance	In labour force				Not in labour force	Total	Unemployment rate	Participation rate	
			Employed		Unemployed	Total					
			Full-time	Part-time							
— '000 —											
PERSONS AGED 15 TO 19											
All persons at educational institutions —											
	School		* 1.2	200.1	201.3	59.7	261.0	430.3	691.2	22.9	37.8
	Tertiary		60.6	81.2	141.8	25.4	167.2	79.0	246.3	15.2	67.9
		Full-time	* 3.1	63.5	66.6	21.1	87.7	75.9	163.6	24.1	53.6
		Part-time	57.6	17.7	75.2	4.3	79.5	* 3.1	82.6	5.4	96.3
	Higher education		* 3.2	47.9	51.1	11.7	62.8	52.8	115.6	18.7	54.3
		Full-time	* 1.3	45.1	46.4	11.1	57.5	52.2	109.7	19.3	52.4
		Part-time	* 1.9	* 2.8	4.7	* 0.6	5.3	* 0.5	5.8	* 11.7	90.9
	TAFE		52.4	30.1	82.5	11.5	94.0	21.6	115.6	12.2	81.3
		Full-time	* 1.8	17.0	18.9	8.7	27.6	19.9	47.4	31.5	58.2
		Part-time	50.6	13.0	63.6	* 2.8	66.4	* 1.7	68.1	* 4.2	97.4
	Other(a)		5.1	* 3.2	8.3	* 2.2	10.5	4.6	15.2	* 21.4	69.3
	Total attending		61.8	281.2	343.1	85.2	428.2	509.3	937.5	19.9	45.7
		Full-time	4.0	263.6	267.6	80.7	348.3	506.2	854.5	23.2	40.8
		Part-time	57.8	17.7	75.4	4.5	79.9	* 3.1	83.0	5.6	96.3
Not attending			172.1	51.2	223.3	78.1	301.3	28.4	329.7	25.9	91.4
Total			233.9	332.4	566.3	163.2	729.5	537.6	1,267.2	22.4	57.6
PERSONS AGED 20 TO 24											
All persons at educational institutions —											
	School		* 0.0	* 0.5	* 0.5	* 0.5	* 1.1	5.1	6.2	* 51.0	* 17.3
	Tertiary		112.3	110.6	222.9	29.3	252.2	115.9	368.1	11.6	68.5
		Full-time	9.7	90.1	99.8	16.7	116.5	110.3	226.7	14.3	51.4
		Part-time	102.6	20.5	123.1	12.6	135.7	5.7	141.4	9.3	96.0
	Higher education		34.4	88.1	122.5	14.4	136.9	93.6	230.4	10.5	59.4
		Full-time	6.4	78.6	85.0	9.3	94.3	91.3	185.6	9.9	50.8
		Part-time	28.0	9.5	37.5	5.1	42.6	* 2.3	44.8	11.9	94.9
	TAFE		63.5	18.9	82.4	11.5	93.9	16.7	110.6	12.2	84.9
		Full-time	* 2.7	9.5	12.3	6.0	18.3	14.3	32.6	32.8	56.1
		Part-time	60.7	9.4	70.1	5.5	75.6	* 2.4	78.0	7.3	96.9
	Other(a)		14.4	* 3.6	18.0	* 3.4	21.4	5.6	27.0	* 15.8	79.3
	Total attending		112.3	111.1	223.4	29.8	253.3	121.0	374.3	11.8	67.7
		Full-time	9.7	90.3	100.0	16.9	116.9	115.4	232.3	14.5	50.3
		Part-time	102.6	20.8	123.5	12.9	136.3	5.7	142.0	9.4	96.0
Not attending			705.8	100.7	806.5	118.1	924.7	125.4	1,050.1	12.8	88.1
Total			818.2	211.8	1,030.0	148.0	1,177.9	246.5	1,424.4	12.6	82.7
PERSONS AGED 15 TO 24											
All persons at educational institutions											
	School		* 1.2	200.6	201.8	60.3	262.1	435.4	697.4	23.0	37.6
	Tertiary		173.0	191.8	364.7	54.7	419.4	194.9	614.4	13.0	68.3
		Full-time	12.8	153.6	166.4	37.8	204.2	186.2	390.4	18.5	52.3
		Part-time	160.2	38.1	198.3	16.9	215.2	8.7	224.0	7.9	96.1
	Higher education		37.6	136.0	173.5	26.1	199.6	146.4	346.0	13.1	57.7
		Full-time	7.7	123.7	131.4	20.4	151.8	143.6	295.3	13.4	51.4
		Part-time	29.9	12.3	42.2	5.7	47.9	* 2.8	50.7	11.9	94.5
	TAFE		115.9	49.0	164.9	23.0	187.9	38.3	226.2	12.2	83.0
		Full-time	4.6	26.6	31.2	14.7	45.9	34.2	80.0	32.0	57.3
		Part-time	111.3	22.4	133.7	8.3	142.0	4.2	146.1	5.8	97.1
	Other(a)		19.5	6.8	26.3	5.6	31.9	10.2	42.2	17.7	75.7
	Total attending		174.1	392.4	566.5	115.0	681.5	630.3	1,311.8	16.9	52.0
		Full-time	13.7	353.9	367.6	97.6	465.3	621.6	1,086.8	21.0	42.8
		Part-time	160.4	38.5	198.9	17.3	216.2	8.7	225.0	8.0	96.1
Not attending			877.9	151.9	1,029.8	196.2	1,226.0	153.8	1,379.8	16.0	88.9
Total			1,052.1	544.3	1,596.3	311.2	1,907.5	784.1	2,691.6	16.3	70.9

(a) Includes Business Colleges, Industry Skills Centres and other educational institutions.

TABLE 3. PERSONS AGED 15 TO 24 : WHETHER ATTENDING AN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION,
TYPE OF INSTITUTION ATTENDING, AGE AND STATES, SEPTEMBER 1994
(^{'000})

Whether attending	Type of institution attending	Age										Total
		15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	
NEW SOUTH WALES												
All persons at educational institutions —		80.4	75.6	65.5	56.9	40.4	39.7	26.4	21.5	20.0	13.2	439.5
	School	80.4	70.0	61.5	25.9	* 2.4	* 0.9	* 0.0	* 0.4	* 0.0	* 0.0	241.5
	Tertiary(a)	* 0.0	5.6	* 3.9	31.0	38.0	38.8	26.4	21.1	20.0	13.2	198.1
	Higher education	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.4	12.0	19.1	18.4	15.7	12.6	10.5	8.7	97.4
	TAFE	* 0.0	* 5.2	* 3.5	16.5	17.4	18.1	9.5	6.6	7.9	* 2.7	87.4
Not attending		* 2.3	6.7	17.5	25.8	46.1	49.9	65.2	75.5	78.4	81.4	448.9
Total		82.7	82.3	83.0	82.7	86.5	89.5	91.6	97.1	98.4	94.7	888.4
VICTORIA												
All persons at educational institutions —		58.8	54.1	53.9	44.7	36.5	31.3	28.1	17.8	12.8	15.9	353.9
	School	58.5	52.4	50.4	21.6	* 3.3	* 0.8	* 0.3	* 0.3	* 0.0	* 0.0	187.5
	Tertiary(a)	* 0.3	* 1.7	* 3.6	23.0	33.2	30.5	27.8	17.6	12.8	15.9	166.3
	Higher education	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.5	11.6	22.1	20.8	19.6	10.7	9.6	10.1	105.2
	TAFE	* 0.0	* 1.0	* 2.5	9.6	10.4	8.8	7.5	4.6	* 2.5	* 3.9	50.9
Not attending		* 2.4	7.8	8.5	18.9	29.6	37.4	42.9	56.2	63.7	57.5	325.0
Total		61.2	62.0	62.4	63.6	66.1	68.7	71.0	74.0	76.4	73.5	678.9
QUEENSLAND												
All persons at educational institutions —		43.5	40.4	34.4	23.5	17.9	18.7	12.8	10.3	10.5	8.6	220.6
	School	43.1	38.6	27.1	4.5	* 1.2	* 0.6	* 0.5	* 0.5	* 0.0	* 0.0	116.1
	Tertiary(a)	* 0.4	* 1.9	7.3	18.9	16.7	18.1	12.3	9.8	10.5	8.6	104.5
	Higher education	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 2.5	9.1	11.1	13.6	9.0	6.3	6.6	4.7	62.9
	TAFE	* 0.4	* 1.3	4.7	7.9	4.9	4.1	* 2.3	* 2.5	* 2.0	* 2.6	32.8
Not attending		* 3.5	6.7	13.3	25.0	31.2	32.6	39.3	43.4	43.5	42.9	281.3
Total		47.0	47.1	47.7	48.4	49.1	51.3	52.1	53.7	54.0	51.5	502.0
SOUTH AUSTRALIA												
All persons at educational institutions		18.6	17.3	13.5	11.8	10.8	8.6	4.6	6.7	5.2	4.0	101.1
	School	18.4	16.9	11.2	3.7	* 1.0	* 0.2	* 0.0	* 0.2	* 0.3	* 0.2	52.1
	Tertiary(a)	* 0.2	* 0.4	* 2.2	8.1	9.8	8.4	4.6	6.5	4.9	3.7	49.0
	Higher education	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.7	3.8	5.6	5.1	3.4	4.2	* 2.1	* 1.1	26.1
	TAFE	* 0.2	* 0.4	* 1.4	3.6	3.5	2.7	* 0.8	* 1.6	* 1.9	* 1.4	17.6
Not attending		* 0.7	* 2.1	6.2	7.9	9.9	11.6	17.1	15.7	18.0	18.6	107.6
Total		19.3	19.4	19.7	19.7	20.6	20.2	21.7	22.5	23.2	22.5	208.7
WESTERN AUSTRALIA												
All persons at educational institutions —		23.9	19.7	18.9	13.6	11.7	8.7	10.1	5.0	6.1	3.5	121.2
	School	23.7	18.2	14.6	* 2.1	* 0.5	* 0.0	* 0.2	* 0.2	* 0.2	* 0.0	59.6
	Tertiary(a)	* 0.2	* 1.5	4.3	11.5	11.2	8.7	10.0	4.8	5.9	3.5	61.6
	Higher education	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 1.3	4.5	5.9	6.7	6.1	* 2.8	3.8	* 1.8	32.9
	TAFE	* 0.2	* 1.4	3.0	6.2	4.8	* 1.8	3.3	* 1.8	* 1.6	* 1.7	25.7
Not attending		* 1.2	5.4	6.0	11.7	13.8	17.0	16.2	23.1	23.1	24.0	141.5
Total		25.1	25.1	25.0	25.2	25.5	25.7	26.4	28.1	29.2	27.5	262.7
TASMANIA												
All persons at educational institutions —		6.7	6.1	4.2	2.9	2.8	2.5	2.1	* 1.3	* 1.3	* 0.7	30.7
	School	6.7	5.9	3.8	* 1.1	* 0.2	* 0.2	* 0.1	* 0.0	* 0.1	* 0.0	18.1
	Tertiary(a)	* 0.0	* 0.3	* 0.5	1.8	2.6	2.3	2.0	* 1.3	* 1.2	* 0.7	12.6
	Higher education	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.8	1.7	1.4	1.6	* 1.0	* 1.1	* 0.4	7.9
	TAFE	* 0.0	* 0.3	* 0.5	* 0.9	* 0.7	* 0.9	* 0.3	* 0.2	* 0.1	* 0.3	4.1
Not attending		* 0.1	* 1.0	2.5	3.8	3.9	4.1	4.6	5.8	6.0	6.3	38.2
Total		6.9	7.1	6.8	6.7	6.7	6.6	6.8	7.1	7.3	7.1	68.9
NORTHERN TERRITORY												
All persons at educational institutions —		2.4	2.3	1.8	* 1.3	* 1.0	1.5	* 1.0	* 0.5	* 0.9	* 0.2	12.8
	School	2.4	2.3	1.3	* 0.8	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.1	* 0.0	6.9
	Tertiary	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.5	* 0.5	* 1.0	1.5	* 1.0	* 0.5	* 0.8	* 0.2	6.0
Not attending		* 0.1	* 0.2	* 0.7	* 1.2	1.5	* 1.1	1.9	2.2	2.4	3.0	14.5
Total		2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.9	2.8	3.4	3.2	27.3
AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY												
All persons at educational institutions —		4.4	4.2	4.4	3.5	3.2	3.3	3.2	2.2	2.2	1.3	31.9
	School	4.4	4.2	4.4	2.5	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.1	* 0.0	15.7
	Tertiary(a)	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.9	3.2	3.3	3.2	2.2	2.1	1.3	16.2
	Higher education	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.2	2.0	1.7	2.3	1.6	1.5	1.2	10.5
	TAFE	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.0	* 0.7	1.1	1.4	* 0.8	* 0.5	* 0.4	* 0.0	4.9
Not attending		* 0.1	* 0.3	* 0.3	1.6	2.3	2.7	3.1	4.3	4.0	4.2	22.8
Total		4.5	4.5	4.7	5.0	5.5	5.9	6.3	6.5	6.2	5.6	54.7
AUSTRALIA												
All persons at educational institutions —		238.7	219.8	196.6	158.1	124.2	114.1	88.4	65.4	58.9	47.6	1,311.8
	School	237.7	208.4	174.3	62.3	8.6	* 2.7	* 1.0	* 1.6	* 0.7	* 0.2	697.4
	Tertiary(a)	* 1.1	11.4	22.3	95.8	115.7	111.4	87.3	63.8	58.2	47.4	614.4
	Higher education	* 0.0	* 0.0	5.4	42.2	68.0	68.2	58.5	39.4	36.0	28.4	346.0
	TAFE	* 0.8	9.6	16.2	45.8	43.2	38.7	24.6	18.2	16.6	12.6	226.2
Not attending		10.4	30.1	55.0	95.8	138.3	156.3	190.4	226.3	239.1	238.0	1,379.8
Total		249.2	249.9	251.6	253.9	262.5	270.4	278.8	291.7	298.0	285.6	2,691.6

(a) Includes Business Colleges, Industry Skills Centres and other educational institutions.

TABLE 4. PERSONS AGED 15 TO 24 : AGE, WHETHER ATTENDING AN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION,
TYPE OF INSTITUTION ATTENDING AND TYPE OF ATTENDANCE,
SEPTEMBER 1989 TO SEPTEMBER 1994

Age	Number						Education participation rate					
	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994
	—'000—						—per cent—					
ATTENDING SCHOOL												
15 - 19	672.8	673.4	697.6	697.8	685.4	691.2	48.1	48.7	52.0	53.3	53.8	54.5
15	246.5	243.6	240.4	239.7	238.1	237.7	93.7	94.7	95.5	96.2	95.9	95.4
16	214.0	204.9	214.5	214.5	209.7	208.4	78.0	77.1	83.1	84.7	84.7	83.4
17	156.6	162.7	176.3	177.9	170.6	174.3	54.4	58.9	66.4	68.4	67.8	69.3
18	47.3	52.6	59.7	57.4	57.9	62.3	16.1	18.2	21.5	21.5	22.4	24.5
19	8.2	9.7	6.6	8.4	9.0	8.6	2.9	3.3	2.3	3.0	3.4	3.3
20 - 24	*2.7	5.4	8.6	7.0	6.6	6.2	*0.2	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.4
20	*2.2	*2.8	4.9	4.1	*3.6	*2.7	*0.8	*0.1	1.7	1.4	*1.3	*1.0
21	*0.1	*1.4	*1.2	*0.9	*1.2	*1.0	*0.0	*0.5	*0.4	*0.3	*0.4	*0.4
22	*0.1	*0.2	*1.1	*0.5	*0.5	*1.6	*0.0	*0.1	*0.4	*0.2	*0.2	*0.5
23	*0.0	*0.7	*0.4	*1.1	*0.8	*0.7	*0.0	*0.3	*0.2	*0.4	*0.3	*0.2
24	*0.3	*0.3	*0.9	*0.4	*0.5	*0.2	*0.1	*0.1	*0.3	*0.1	*0.2	*0.1
Total	675.4	678.9	706.2	704.8	692.0	697.4	24.8	24.9	25.8	25.8	25.5	25.9
ATTENDING TERTIARY FULL-TIME												
15 - 19	149.0	158.2	166.5	174.2	172.3	163.6	10.7	11.4	12.4	13.3	13.5	12.9
15	*1.3	*1.0	*0.9	*0.2	*0.5	*0.4	*0.5	*0.4	*0.4	*0.1	*0.2	*0.2
16	5.4	7.8	4.7	4.5	4.9	4.2	2.0	2.9	1.8	1.8	2.0	1.7
17	16.6	15.4	15.3	12.9	11.9	11.6	5.8	5.6	5.8	5.0	4.7	4.6
18	58.3	62.9	66.9	66.4	69.9	66.0	19.8	21.8	24.1	24.8	27.0	26.0
19	67.3	71.1	78.6	90.1	85.1	81.3	24.1	24.1	27.2	32.4	31.8	31.0
20 - 24	158.0	170.2	209.7	230.8	234.0	226.7	12.0	12.7	15.1	16.2	16.3	15.9
20	57.0	57.1	76.8	81.6	81.9	78.4	20.8	20.3	25.8	27.9	29.5	29.0
21	41.7	44.7	52.4	64.0	59.8	58.1	15.7	16.1	18.4	21.4	20.4	20.8
22	27.2	31.3	39.1	38.9	43.5	36.6	10.5	11.7	14.1	13.6	14.5	12.6
23	20.0	23.6	21.2	27.7	26.6	29.7	7.7	9.0	7.9	9.9	9.3	10.0
24	12.1	13.6	20.1	18.6	22.1	23.9	4.6	5.2	7.6	6.9	7.9	8.4
Total	307.0	328.4	376.2	404.9	406.2	390.4	11.3	12.0	13.8	14.8	15.0	14.5
ATTENDING TERTIARY PART-TIME												
15 - 19	113.0	101.2	93.0	85.9	86.5	82.6	8.1	7.3	6.9	6.6	6.8	6.5
15	*1.2	*1.0	*0.6	*0.3	*1.0	*0.7	*0.5	*0.4	*0.2	*0.1	*0.4	*0.3
16	7.6	10.3	6.1	5.3	4.1	7.1	2.8	3.9	2.4	2.1	1.6	2.9
17	23.2	19.9	15.3	12.3	10.4	10.7	8.1	7.2	5.7	4.7	4.1	4.2
18	42.4	33.1	33.8	26.8	26.9	29.8	14.4	11.5	12.2	10.0	10.4	11.7
19	38.7	37.0	37.3	41.1	44.1	34.3	13.8	12.5	12.9	14.8	16.5	13.1
20 - 24	121.1	124.0	132.2	139.3	147.3	141.4	9.2	9.2	9.5	9.8	10.3	9.9
20	32.1	27.6	36.8	30.1	29.7	33.0	11.7	9.8	12.4	10.3	10.7	12.2
21	27.4	27.2	26.9	29.2	34.1	29.2	10.3	9.8	9.5	9.8	11.6	10.5
22	18.9	25.4	21.6	29.4	31.7	27.2	7.3	9.5	7.8	10.3	10.5	9.3
23	24.2	24.1	24.0	25.8	25.3	28.5	9.3	9.2	9.0	9.2	8.9	9.6
24	18.6	19.7	22.9	24.8	26.4	23.5	7.1	7.6	8.7	9.2	9.5	8.2
Total	234.1	225.2	225.2	225.2	233.8	224.0	8.6	8.3	8.2	8.2	8.6	8.3
TOTAL ATTENDING TERTIARY												
15 - 19	261.9	259.5	259.5	260.0	258.7	246.3	18.7	18.8	19.3	19.9	20.3	19.4
15	*2.5	*2.0	*1.6	*0.5	*1.5	*1.1	*0.9	*0.8	*0.6	*0.2	*0.6	*0.4
16	13.0	18.1	10.8	9.9	8.9	11.4	4.7	6.8	4.2	3.9	3.6	4.6
17	39.8	35.4	30.6	25.2	22.3	22.3	13.8	12.8	11.5	9.7	8.9	8.9
18	100.7	96.0	100.7	93.2	96.9	95.8	34.3	33.3	36.3	34.8	37.5	37.7
19	106.0	108.1	115.9	131.2	129.1	115.7	37.9	36.6	40.0	47.1	48.3	44.1
20 - 24	279.1	294.2	341.9	370.1	381.3	368.1	21.1	21.9	24.6	25.9	26.5	25.8
20	89.1	84.7	113.6	111.7	111.7	111.4	32.6	30.2	38.2	38.1	40.2	41.2
21	69.1	71.9	79.3	93.3	93.9	87.3	26.0	26.0	27.9	31.2	32.0	31.3
22	46.1	56.6	60.7	68.3	75.2	63.8	17.8	21.2	21.9	23.9	25.0	21.9
23	44.2	47.7	45.3	53.5	52.0	58.2	17.0	18.3	16.9	19.2	18.2	19.5
24	30.6	33.2	43.0	43.3	48.5	47.4	11.7	12.8	16.4	16.0	17.4	16.6
Total	541.0	553.6	601.4	630.1	640.0	614.4	19.9	20.3	22.0	23.0	23.6	22.8

TABLE 4. PERSONS AGED 15 TO 24 : AGE, WHETHER ATTENDING AN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION, TYPE OF INSTITUTION ATTENDING AND TYPE OF ATTENDANCE, SEPTEMBER 1989 TO SEPTEMBER 1994 ... continued

	Number						Education participation rate					
Age	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1989	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994
	—'000—						per cent—					
ATTENDING AN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION												
15 - 19	934.7	932.9	957.1	957.8	944.1	937.5	66.8	67.4	71.3	73.2	74.1	74.0
15	249.0	245.5	242.0	240.2	239.6	238.7	94.6	95.4	96.1	96.4	96.5	95.8
16	227.1	222.9	225.3	224.4	218.6	219.8	82.8	83.9	87.2	88.6	88.3	87.9
17	196.4	198.1	206.9	203.1	192.9	196.6	68.2	71.7	77.9	78.1	76.7	78.1
18	148.1	148.5	160.3	150.6	154.8	158.1	50.4	51.5	57.8	56.3	59.8	62.3
19	106.0	117.8	122.5	139.6	138.2	124.2	37.9	39.7	42.3	50.1	51.7	47.3
20 - 24	281.8	299.6	350.5	377.1	387.9	374.3	21.3	22.3	25.2	26.4	27.0	26.3
20	91.3	87.5	118.5	115.8	115.2	114.1	33.4	31.1	39.9	39.5	41.5	42.2
21	69.2	73.3	80.5	94.2	95.1	88.4	26.0	26.5	28.3	31.5	32.4	31.7
22	46.1	56.8	61.9	68.8	75.7	65.4	17.8	21.2	22.3	24.1	25.2	22.4
23	44.2	48.4	45.7	54.6	52.8	58.9	17.0	18.6	17.1	19.6	18.5	19.8
24	30.9	33.5	43.9	43.7	49.1	47.6	11.8	12.9	16.7	16.2	17.6	16.7
Total	1,216.5	1,232.5	1,307.6	1,334.9	1,332.0	1,311.8	44.7	45.2	47.9	48.8	49.2	48.7
NOT ATTENDING AN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION												
15 - 19	464.2	450.2	385.5	350.4	329.5	329.7	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	14.1	11.8	9.8	8.9	8.7	10.4	..	..	..	..	..	..
16	47.3	42.7	32.9	28.9	29.0	30.1	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	91.5	78.3	58.7	57.0	58.7	55.0	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	145.9	140.1	117.0	116.9	103.9	95.8	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	165.4	177.3	167.0	138.8	129.3	138.3	..	..	..	..	..	..
20 - 24	1,038.3	1,045.6	1,039.1	1,050.2	1,048.6	1,050.1	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	182.3	193.4	178.9	177.1	162.7	156.3	..	..	..	..	..	..
21	196.5	203.6	203.8	204.8	198.1	190.4	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	213.3	210.5	215.9	216.9	225.0	226.3	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	215.1	212.5	222.2	224.5	232.8	239.1	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	231.0	225.6	218.4	226.9	230.0	238.0	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	1,502.5	1,495.8	1,424.6	1,400.6	1,378.1	1,379.8	..	..	..	..	..	..
TOTAL												
15 - 19	1,398.9	1,383.1	1,342.6	1,308.3	1,273.6	1,267.2	..	..	..	..	..	..
15	263.2	257.3	251.8	249.1	248.3	249.2	..	..	..	..	..	..
16	274.4	265.6	258.2	253.3	247.6	249.9	..	..	..	..	..	..
17	287.8	276.4	265.7	260.1	251.6	251.6	..	..	..	..	..	..
18	294.0	288.6	277.4	267.5	258.7	253.9	..	..	..	..	..	..
19	279.5	295.1	289.5	278.4	267.4	262.5	..	..	..	..	..	..
20 - 24	1,320.1	1,345.2	1,389.6	1,427.3	1,436.6	1,424.4	..	..	..	..	..	..
20	273.6	280.9	297.4	293.0	277.9	270.4	..	..	..	..	..	..
21	265.7	276.9	284.3	299.0	293.2	278.8	..	..	..	..	..	..
22	259.4	267.4	277.8	285.7	300.8	291.7	..	..	..	..	..	..
23	259.4	260.9	267.9	279.1	285.6	298.0	..	..	..	..	..	..
24	261.9	259.1	262.3	270.6	279.1	285.6	..	..	..	..	..	..
Total	2,718.9	2,728.3	2,732.2	2,735.5	2,710.2	2,691.6	..	..	..	..	..	..

TABLE 5. PERSONS AGED 15 TO 24 WHO WERE ATTENDING AN EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION: TYPE OF INSTITUTION ATTENDING, SEPTEMBER 1991 TO SEPTEMBER 1994 ('000)

	Males				Females				Persons			
	1991	1992	1993	1994	1991	1992	1993	1994	1991	1992	1993	1994
Attending school	355.7	354.3	338.7	354.8	350.5	350.4	353.3	342.6	706.2	704.8	692.0	697.4
Attending a tertiary institution	327.4	331.0	332.3	318.1	274.0	299.1	307.7	296.2	601.4	630.1	640.0	614.4
Higher education	164.8	161.2	161.8	167.7	160.3	181.1	189.2	178.3	325.1	342.2	350.9	346.0
TAFE	149.0	145.9	148.9	131.1	90.7	91.2	92.5	95.1	239.7	237.1	241.4	226.2
Other(a)	13.6	23.9	21.7	19.3	22.9	26.9	26.0	22.9	36.5	50.8	47.7	42.2
Total	683.1	685.3	671.0	672.9	624.5	649.6	661.0	638.9	1,307.6	1,334.9	1,332.0	1,311.8

(a) Includes Business Colleges, Industry Skills Centres and other educational institutions.

TABLE 6. PERSONS AGED 15 TO 24 WHO WERE STUDYING AT A TERTIARY INSTITUTION FOR A RECOGNISED EDUCATIONAL QUALIFICATION(a) : TYPE OF INSTITUTION ATTENDING, LEVEL OF COURSE AND AGE, SEPTEMBER 1994
(^{'000})

Type of tertiary institution by level of course	15-19 years			20-24 years			Total		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Higher education(b)	54.4	60.9	115.2	111.8	115.5	227.3	166.2	176.3	342.5
Postgraduate diploma or higher	* 0.5	* 0.2	* 0.7	9.8	10.2	20.0	10.3	10.4	20.8
Bachelor degree	48.9	50.7	99.5	92.0	97.5	189.5	140.9	148.2	289.1
Undergraduate diploma	* 1.9	5.5	7.4	4.1	4.8	8.9	6.0	10.3	16.3
Associate diploma	* 1.8	* 3.3	5.0	4.0	* 1.8	5.8	5.8	5.1	10.8
TAFE(b)	63.7	42.7	106.4	57.9	38.2	96.1	121.6	80.9	202.5
Associate diploma	17.1	19.5	36.6	22.7	22.9	45.6	39.7	42.4	82.2
Skilled vocational	41.5	13.6	55.1	27.6	6.7	34.3	69.1	20.3	89.4
Basic vocational	* 2.2	6.7	9.0	4.0	* 3.5	7.5	6.2	10.2	16.5
Other(b)(c)	4.8	6.0	10.8	7.6	9.4	17.1	12.4	15.5	27.9
Associate diploma	* 0.8	* 2.6	* 3.4	* 1.6	* 3.1	4.7	* 2.4	5.6	8.0
Skilled vocational	* 2.6	* 0.7	* 3.3	* 2.1	* 1.8	* 3.9	4.7	* 2.5	7.2
Basic vocational	* 0.5	* 1.9	* 2.3	* 0.9	* 1.2	* 2.1	* 1.4	* 3.1	4.4
Total(d)	122.8	109.6	232.4	177.3	163.1	340.4	300.1	272.7	572.8
Master degree/doctorate	* 0.2	* 0.2	* 0.4	5.0	4.8	9.8	5.2	5.1	10.2
Postgraduate diploma	* 0.3	* 0.2	* 0.6	6.2	5.8	12.0	6.5	6.0	12.6
Bachelor degree	49.2	51.5	100.7	93.6	100.9	194.4	142.8	152.4	295.1
Undergraduate diploma	* 2.8	6.9	9.7	5.3	7.4	12.6	8.0	14.3	22.3
Associate diploma	19.6	25.3	45.0	28.3	27.8	56.1	47.9	53.1	101.0
Skilled vocational	45.2	15.5	60.7	30.9	9.1	39.9	76.1	24.5	100.6
Basic vocational	* 3.0	8.6	11.6	5.2	5.3	10.6	8.2	13.9	22.1

(a) Excludes persons attending courses of the equivalent of less than one semester's full-time study, and persons whose course of study would not lead to an educational qualification. (b) Includes a small number of persons who were attending a level of course not separately shown for that type of institution. (c) Includes Business Colleges, Industry Skills Centres and other educational institutions. (d) Includes a small number of persons attending secondary school courses at a tertiary institution.

TABLE 7. PERSONS AGED 15 TO 24 WHO WERE STUDYING AT A TERTIARY INSTITUTION FOR A RECOGNISED EDUCATIONAL QUALIFICATION(a) : LEVEL OF COURSE AND LABOUR FORCE STATUS, SEPTEMBER 1994

Level of course	In labour force					Not in labour force	Total	Unem- ployment rate	Partici- pation rate
	Employed		Unem- ployed	Total					
	Full-time	Part-time							
—'000—									
MALES									
Postgrad. diploma or higher	* 3.3	* 3.2	6.5	* 1.5	8.0	* 3.7	11.7	* 19.1	68.2
Bachelor degree	12.6	54.0	66.6	11.8	78.4	64.4	142.8	15.0	54.9
Undergraduate diploma	* 2.1	* 1.6	* 3.7	* 0.4	4.1	* 3.9	8.0	* 10.5	51.3
Associate diploma	12.6	13.8	26.4	6.7	33.1	14.8	47.9	20.3	69.2
Skilled vocational	62.9	6.2	69.2	* 3.0	72.2	* 3.9	76.1	* 4.2	94.9
Basic vocational	* 3.1	* 1.6	4.7	* 2.0	6.7	* 1.5	8.2	* 29.4	81.6
Total(b)	99.1	80.8	179.9	26.4	206.3	93.8	300.1	12.8	68.7
FEMALES									
Postgrad. diploma or higher	4.6	* 3.2	7.8	* 0.9	8.7	* 2.4	11.1	* 10.6	78.4
Bachelor degree	11.9	67.3	79.1	10.5	89.7	62.7	152.4	11.7	58.9
Undergraduate diploma	* 1.5	6.4	7.9	* 0.9	8.8	5.5	14.3	* 9.9	61.5
Associate diploma	13.2	16.4	29.5	5.7	35.2	17.9	53.1	16.2	66.4
Skilled vocational	13.2	6.1	19.3	* 2.5	21.8	* 2.7	24.5	* 11.3	88.9
Basic vocational	4.7	4.7	9.5	* 1.9	11.3	* 2.6	13.9	* 16.4	81.6
Total(b)	49.9	104.5	154.3	23.2	177.5	95.2	272.7	13.0	65.1
PERSONS									
Postgrad. diploma or higher	7.9	6.4	14.2	* 2.5	16.7	6.1	22.8	* 14.7	73.1
Bachelor degree	24.5	121.3	145.7	22.3	168.1	127.1	295.1	13.3	56.9
Undergraduate diploma	* 3.6	8.0	11.6	* 1.3	12.9	9.4	22.3	* 10.1	57.8
Associate diploma	25.7	30.2	55.9	12.4	68.4	32.6	101.0	18.2	67.7
Skilled vocational	76.2	12.3	88.5	5.5	94.0	6.6	100.6	5.8	93.4
Basic vocational	7.9	6.4	14.2	* 3.8	18.1	4.1	22.1	* 21.3	81.6
Total(b)	149.0	185.3	334.2	49.6	383.8	189.0	572.8	12.9	67.0

(a) Excludes persons attending courses of the equivalent of less than one semester's full-time study, and persons whose course of study would not lead to an educational qualification. (b) Includes a small number of persons attending secondary school courses at a tertiary institution.

Supplementary Surveys: Explanatory Notes

Introduction

This publication contains some results of supplementary surveys run in association with the September 1994 Labour Force Survey conducted throughout Australia. These topics are 'Persons Who Have Left the Labour Force' and 'Participation in Education'.

2. Of the respondents to the Labour Force Survey, those who fell within the scope of the supplementary surveys were asked additional questions. For those respondents who were in scope of the 'Persons Who Have Left the Labour Force' survey, they were asked about the time since they left the labour force, their main activity since then, their main source of income, their intentions of returning to the labour force and their housing arrangements. Respondents whose last labour force activity was working were asked details of their previous job and reason for leaving that job; respondents whose last labour force activity was looking for work were asked their reason for no longer looking for work.

3. Those respondents who were in scope of the 'Participation in Education' survey were asked whether they were attending an educational institution and, if so, the type of educational institution and the type of attendance.

Scope

4. The scope of these supplementary surveys was the same as that used for the Labour Force Survey except that the 'Persons Who Have Left the Labour Force' survey was restricted to persons who have left the labour force in the last twelve months and excluded students who were boarding at school, some patients in hospitals and sanatoriums and inmates of gaols, reformatories, etc.

5. The scope of the 'Participation in Education' survey was restricted to persons aged 15 to 24.

Coverage

6. The coverage rules for this supplementary survey are the same as that used for the Labour Force Survey. These rules aim to ensure that each person is associated with only one dwelling, and hence has only one chance of selection in the survey.

Definitions

7. Definitions of labour force and demographic classifications appearing in this publication are given in Section A. Other definitions specific to the supplementary survey are given in the Glossary in this section.

8. Unless otherwise stated, all characteristics referenced in this publication relate to the week before the interview (i.e. the reference week).

Results of the Survey

9. Due to differences in the method of estimation used in this supplementary survey and that used in the labour force survey, there are some small variations between estimates in this section of the publication and the labour force estimates in the corresponding month.

10. The estimates in this publication refer to information collected in the survey month and, due to seasonal factors, may not be representative of other months of the year.

11. Results on similar surveys on persons who have left the labour force, conducted in November 1985, April 1988 and April 1991, have been given in previous issues of the discontinued publication *Persons Who Have Left the Labour Force, Australia* (6267.0).

12. Results of similar surveys on participation in education, conducted annually since September 1988, have been given in previous issues of the discontinued publication *Participation in Education, Australia* (6272.0).

13. Statistical tables formerly published in these bulletins are now available as a Standard Data Service (SDS) on subscription or upon request. Inquiries should be made to the contact officer in the Inquiries box at the front of this publication.

14. It is expected that the 'Persons Who Have Left the Labour Force' survey will be conducted next in September 1997.

15. It is expected that the 'Participation in Education' survey will be conducted next in September 1995.

Unpublished statistics

16. As well as statistics included in this article, the Australian Bureau of Statistics has other relevant unpublished data available.

Reliability of the estimates

17. Estimates in this publication are subject to sampling and non-sampling errors. For information about the standard errors appropriate to the Supplementary Survey, inquiries should be made to the contact officer in the Inquiries box at the front of this publication.

18. Because estimates have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

- * subject to sampling variability too high for most practical uses. See the Technical Note.
- . . not applicable.

Supplementary Surveys: Glossary

Associate Diploma courses	The entry requirement is usually the completion of Year 12 or the completion of Year 10 and a pre-requisite certificate course. The duration of study ranges from one to two years full-time study or its equivalent. Advanced Certificates, Technician Certificates and Certificates of Technology are included.
Attending an educational institution	Unless otherwise stated, is all persons enrolled at an educational institution for a course of study at the time of the survey. This includes persons studying for recognised educational qualifications, persons on short courses, i.e. whose duration of course of study is of less than the equivalent of one semester's full-time study; and persons whose course of study was not expected to lead to the awarding of an educational qualification.
AUSTUDY/ABSTUDY	Provides income support to financially disadvantaged full-time secondary or tertiary students.
Bachelor Degree courses	The entry requirement is the satisfactory completion of Year 12 or its equivalent. The duration of study ranges from three to six years full-time study or its equivalent.
Basic Vocational courses	Often require Year 10 completion, however many courses have no formal entry requirements. The duration of study ranges from one semester to one year of full-time study or equivalent.
Became discouraged	Persons who ceased looking for a job because they believed they would not be able to find a job for the following reasons - considered to be too young or too old by employers; difficulties with language or ethnic background; lacked the necessary skills, training or experience; no jobs in their locality or line of work; or no jobs at all.
Business College	Includes private business colleges or establishments that offer training or educational courses in Secretarial Studies, Business Management, Marketing etc.
Ceased last job	Persons who left or lost their last job
Ceased looking for work	Persons who stopped looking for work for personal, family or other reasons or who <i>became discouraged</i> (as defined).
Duration of continuous period in the labour force before leaving	The total number of weeks/years persons <i>worked</i> and/or <i>looked for work</i> in an unbroken period immediately prior to leaving the labour force.
Educational institution	Any institution whose primary role is education. Included are schools, higher education establishments, colleges of technical and further education, public and private colleges, etc. Excluded are institutions whose primary role is not education, e.g. hospitals.
Education participation rate	The estimate of persons attending an educational institution in any group expressed as a percentage of the civilian population in the same group.
Family reasons	These include ill health of other than self, unable to find suitable childcare, children too young or prefers to look after children and other family considerations.
Full-time attendance	Persons who consider themselves to be attending full time, or the institution which they are attending so classifies them.
Full-time employees in last job	Employees for whom 'full-time' was the response to the question 'was that job full-time or part-time?'.
Government schools	All schools administered by the relevant State or Territory governments.
Higher Degree courses	Includes doctorates and masters degrees. The minimum entry requirements are usually a masters degree or first class honours for a doctorate and first class honours for a master degree.
Higher Education institutions	Includes all Australian institutions providing higher education courses, e.g., Universities and University Colleges; Institutes of Tertiary Education; Agricultural Colleges and some Institutes of Technology.

Industry Skills Centre	Consists of vocation oriented training centres which provide accredited courses, e.g. automotive skills centres and retail skills centres.
Job leavers	Persons who voluntarily ceased their last job.
Job losers	Persons who involuntarily ceased their last job.
Looked for work	Persons who were out of work and looking for a job.
Main English-speaking countries	This is comprised of the UK, Ireland, Canada, South Africa, the USA and New Zealand.
Main source of income	The current main source of income in the reference week.
Other educational institutions	Includes institutes or establishments that offer educational courses that lead to qualifications such as hairdressing etc.; and instances where insufficient information was available to determine the type of educational institution.
Part-time attendance	Persons who consider themselves to be attending part-time or the institution which they are attending so classifies them.
Part-time employees in last job	Employees for whom 'part-time' was the response to the question 'was that job full-time or part-time?'.
Personal reasons	These include own ill health, physical disability or pregnancy, studying or returning to studies, does not need to work, give others a chance, welfare payments or pensions may be affected and moved house or on holidays.
Persons in the labour force	Persons who either <i>worked</i> or <i>looked for work</i> (as defined).
Persons not in the labour force	Persons who do not meet the criteria that would enable them to be classified as being in the labour force. To be classified as being in the labour force, a person must be aged 15 to 69 years and be either employed or unemployed. Persons not in the labour force, therefore, include all persons aged 15-69 years who are not employed, who want to work but do not meet the criteria to be classified as unemployed; who do not want to work; or who, through incapacity or infirmity, cannot work.
Persons who have left the labour force	Persons who <i>worked</i> or <i>looked for work</i> (as defined) at some time in the twelve months prior to the survey and were not in the labour force in the week prior to the interview (i.e. the reference week).
Postgraduate Diploma courses	Includes Graduate Certificates. The entry requirement is usually the successful completion of a bachelor degree or an undergraduate diploma. The duration of study ranges from six months (for a Graduate Certificate) to one year full-time study or equivalent.
Skilled Vocational courses	The entry requirement is usually the completion of Year 10 or its equivalent. In addition, some courses may require a student to be concurrently employed in that specific field. The duration of study is two to four years and typically involve some on-the-job training.
TAFE	College of technical and further education.
TEAS	Tertiary education assistance scheme.
Tertiary institutions	Any educational institution offering post-school courses.
Time since left the labour force	The total number of weeks since last <i>worked</i> or <i>looked for work</i> .
Type of work preferred	Whether persons had a preference for full-time or part-time work.
Undergraduate Diploma courses	The entry requirement is usually the successful completion of Year 12 or its equivalent. The duration of study is three years full-time study or its equivalent. Certain other qualifications are classified to this level on the basis that their entry requirements, duration of study and theoretical orientation are regarded as being equivalent to those of undergraduate diplomas, e.g. Certificate in Psychiatric Nursing.
Worked	Persons who had either worked or been on paid leave.

STANDARD DATA SERVICE
PERSONS WHO HAVE LEFT THE LABOUR FORCE, AUSTRALIA
SEPTEMBER 1994
Product No. 6267.0.40.001

The standard data service for statistics from the above survey comprises the following tables:

Table

- | | |
|---|---|
| | All persons aged 15 to 69 years, April 1988, April 1991 and September 1994 — |
| 1 | Labour force status, whether left the labour force within the last twelve months, last labour force activity and intention to return to the labour force |
| | Persons who have left the labour force, September 1994 — |
| 2 | Summary of characteristics, last labour force activity and whether intended to return to the labour force |
| 3 | Main activity since leaving the labour force, last labour force activity and when intended to return to the labour force |
| 4 | Educational attainment, last labour force activity and whether intended to return to the labour force |
| | Persons who have left the labour force whose last labour force activity was working — |
| 5 | Summary of previous job characteristics and whether intended to return to the labour force |
| 6 | Reason for ceasing last job and whether intended to return to the labour force |
| | Persons who have left the labour force whose last labour force activity was looking for work — |
| 7 | Summary of labour force characteristics and whether intended to return to the labour force |
| | Persons who have left the labour force who intended to return to the labour force — |
| 8 | Whether preferred same occupation upon return, whether preferred full-time or part-time employment upon return, anticipated time until re-entry into the labour force and age |
| | All populations — |
| 9 | State or Territory of usual residence |

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PARTICIPATION IN EDUCATION, AUSTRALIA, SEPTEMBER 1994
Product No. 6272.0.40.001**

The standard data service for statistics from the above survey comprises the following tables:

Table

Persons aged 15 to 24 in September 1994 —

Whether attending an educational institution in September 1994, type of institution attending and type of attendance —

Sex and age —

1. Number

2. Distribution

Labour force status —

3. Age

4. Sex

Whether attending an educational institution in September 1994, type of institution attending, age and States and Territories —

5. Number

6. Education participation rates

7. Whether attending an educational institution in September 1994, birthplace, labour force status and sex

Persons aged 15 to 24, September 1989 to September 1994 —

8. Age, whether attending an educational institution in September, type of institution attending and type of attendance

Persons aged 15 to 24 who were attending an educational institution, September 1991 to September 1994 —

9. Type of institution attending and sex

Persons aged 15 to 24, May 1989 to May 1994 —

10. Age, whether attending an educational institution in May, type of institution attending and type of attendance

Persons aged 15 to 24 who were attending an educational institution, May 1991 to May 1994 —

11. Type of institution attending and sex

Persons aged 15 to 24 who were attending an educational institution in September 1994 —

12. Birthplace and type of educational institution attending

Persons aged 15 to 24 who were attending a tertiary institution in September 1994 —

13. Type of institution attending, type of attendance, type of school last attended and sex

14. Sex, type of school last attended, labour force status and type of attendance

Persons aged 15 to 24 who were studying at a tertiary institution for a recognised educational qualification in September 1994 —

15. Type of institution attending, level of course and type of school last attended

16. Type of institution attending, level of course, age and sex

17. Level of course and labour force status and sex

Persons aged 15 to 19 who were attending school in September 1994 —

18. Age, type of school attending and sex

Persons aged 15 to 24 in September 1994 —

19. Main survey populations by State and Territory

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